

Conversion of ethanol to ethylene using Tandem µ-Reactor GC/MS system – Part 1

[Background] The Tandem μ -Reactor GC/MS system designed for the rapid screening and evaluation of catalysts is described in Technical Note (RXT-001E). This technical note illustrates how the Tandem μ -Reactor GC/MS system can be used to characterize the catalytic conversion of ethanol to ethylene.

[Experimental] The system configuration is shown in Fig. 1. A zeolite catalyst (H-ZSM-5, $3\phi \times 10$ mm) was packed in a quartz insert tube which was placed in the 2nd reactor. A deactivated tube connected the GC injector to the MS. Carrier gas (10 mL/min) was bubbled through ethanol. The saturated carrier gas continuously flowed through the 1st reactor. Additional helium (50 mL/min) was added as the vapors flowed from the 1st to the 2nd reactor. The temperature of the 1st reactor was held at 100°C in order to prevent condensation in the reactor. The 2nd reactor temperature was programmed from 100°C to 450°C at 20 °C/min) – see Fig. 2. The reaction products were monitored, real time.

[**Results**] As the temperature of the catalyst increases, the conversion of ethanol to ethylene is observed. Fig. 3 clearly shows that the concentration of ethylene and water increases as the catalyst temperature increases beyond 200°C. Equilibrium conversion is reached when the catalyst temperature is greater than 320°C. Reaction intermediates like diethyl ether (formed during the dehydration of ethanol) are observed at temperatures between 180 and 320°C. This simple example illustrates how this system can quickly and easily be used to characterize the catalytic conversion of species A to products B. Using a mass spectrometer as a detector greatly simplifies the process of identifying conversion products.



Please forward your inquiries via our web page or send us a fax message.

R&D and manufactured by : Frontier Laboratories Ltd.

Phone: (81)24-935-5100 Fax: (81)24-935-5102 http://www.frontier-lab.com/