

Chlorinated pesticides

Analysis of EPA 625 pesticides with direct injection

Application Note

Environmental

Authors

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Introduction

For the analysis of trace halogenated pesticides, very often the on-column injection technique is used because in hot injection ports discrimination, adsorption or decomposition can occur. Best columns for on column injection are the 0.53 mm and 0.32 mm id capillary columns because the inside diameter of the capillary is easily accessed by the syringe needles used for on-column injection. Also, high flow rates are easily obtained resulting in low elution temperatures.



Conditions

Technique : GC

Column : Agilent VF-5ms, 0.53 mm x 30 m fused silica

(df = $0.5 \mu m$) (Part No. CP8974)

Temperature : 120 °C, 1 min \rightarrow 300 °C, 9 °C/min

Carrier Gas : Helium, 50 cm/s

Detector : FID

T = 300 °C

Injector : Direct, 2 μ L Concentration Range : 200 pg / μ L

Peak identification

1. α-BHC

2. β-BHC

3. delta-BHC

4. gamma-BHC (lindane)

5. heptachlor

6. aldrin

7. heptachlorepoxide

8. endosulfan

9. 4,4'-DDD

10. dieldrin

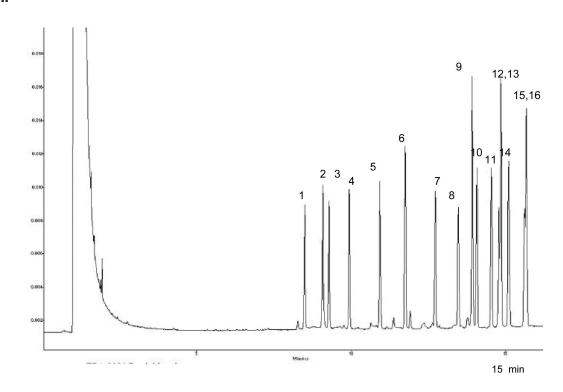
11. endrin

12. 4,4'-DDD 13. endosulfan II

14. endrin aldehyde

15. 4,4'-DDT

16. endosulfan sulfate



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This information is subject to change without notice.

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