

Hydrocarbons, $C_6 - C_9$

Reference method for monitoring systems for analysis of hydrocarbons in environmental air

Application Note

Environmental

Introduction

Monitoring VOCs in air is controlled by automated systems, based on thermal desorption techniques. A good separation of a standard solution of unleaded gasoline in CS_2 is obtained on the Agilent CP-Sil 5 CB column. The peak profile matches the chromatogram of city air in application note 1527, indicating clearly that the air pollution is due to the heavy trafic in that area.

Authors

Agilent Technologies, Inc.



Conditions

Technique	: GC-capillary	
Column	: Agilent CP-Sil 5 CB, 0.25 mm x 25 m (df = 0.4 μm) (Part no. CP7709)	
Temperature	: 35 °C (7.5 min) → 55 °C, 20 °C/min; 55 °C → 80 °C, 12.5 °C/min; 80 °C → 120 °C, 20 °C/min	
Carrier Gas	: He	
Injector	: Split, T = 200 °C	
Detector	FID T = 200 °C	
Sample Size	: 10 μL	
Concentration Range	: 3 - 26 μg/m³	
Sample Solvent	CS ₂	
Courtesy	: G. Hackspacher, Umwelttechnik MCZ, Ober Mörlen, Germany 1 16	
Peak identific 1. carbon disulfide 6. benzene 16. toluene 20. ethylbenzene 21. m/p-xylene 23. o-xylene	tion	23
	0	12.5

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