



Agilent MassHunter Quantitative Data Analysis

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MassHunter Quantitation:
Batch Table, Compound
Information Setup,
Calibration Curve and
Globals Settings

MassHunter Quantitative Software Review and Quant Method Optimization

Topics

- Brief Review
- Batch Table Navigation
- Compound Information
 - Data review and manual integration
- Calibration Curve
- Working in Compounds At a Glance
- Method Editor Globals Setting
- **Tip: Tips are labeled throughout the presentation**

Review

Three major views in MassHunter Quantitative Analysis.

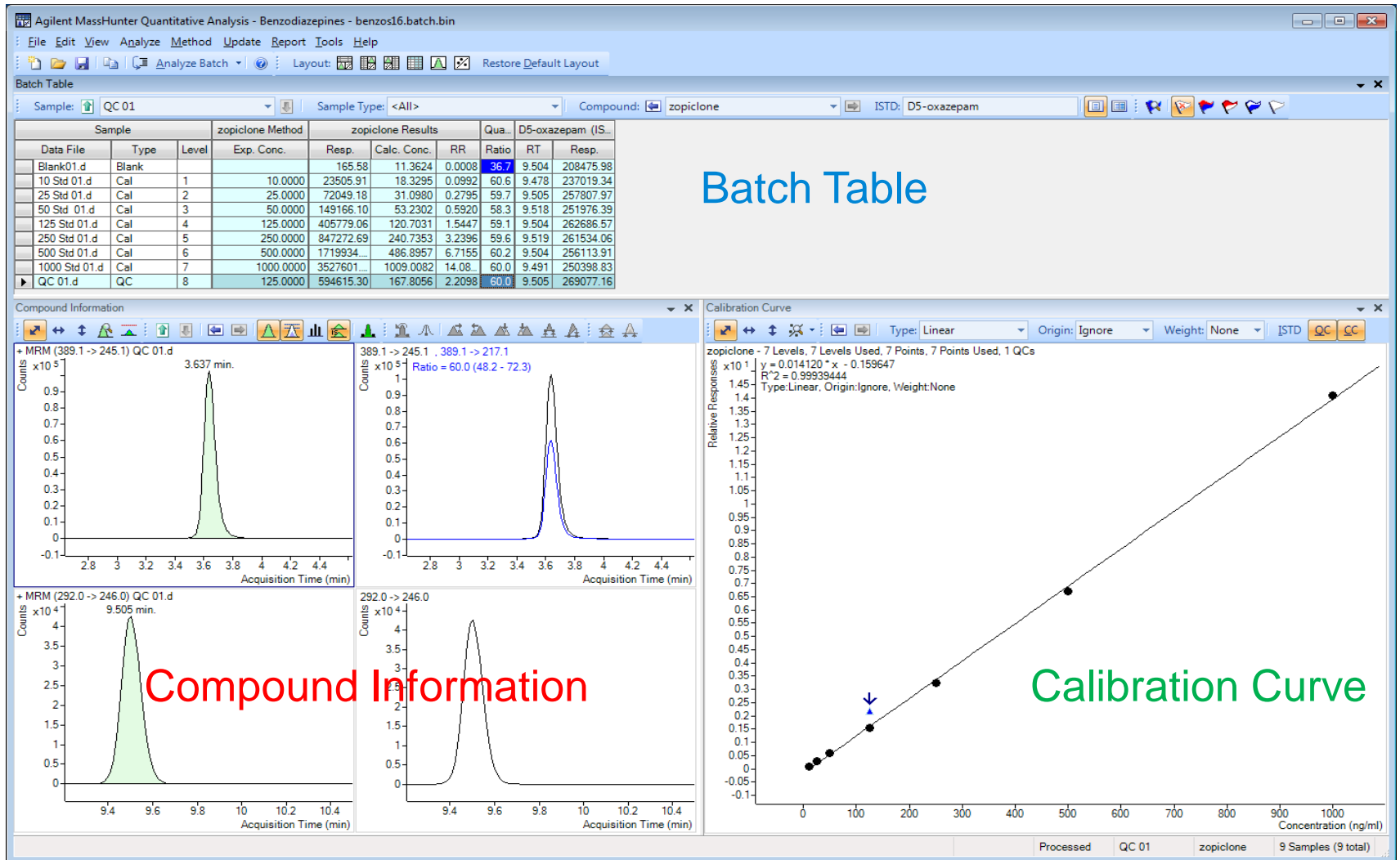
- Batch At a Glance
- Method Editor
- Compounds At a Glance

Handling MS/MS data QQQ and QTOF.

Handling accurate mass data TOF and QTOF.

MassHunter Quantitative Software

Batch-at-a-Glance View



MassHunter Quantitative Software

Method Editor View

Method > Edit menu or F10 key

The screenshot displays the MassHunter Method Editor interface. On the left, the 'Method' menu is open, showing options like 'New', 'Open', 'Append', 'Edit', 'Validate', 'Save', 'Save As...', 'Exit', and various 'Method Setup Tasks'. The main window is titled 'Agilent MassHunter Quantitative Analysis - Method - [C:\MassHunter\Data\QuantExamples\MS\VOA\VOA]'. It features a 'Method Table' at the top, a 'Sample Information' section with a Total Ion Chromatogram (TIC) plot, and a 'Compound Information' section with multiple chromatograms and mass spectra.

Method Table

Name	Data File	Type	Level	Acq. Method File	Acq. Date-Time
CAL_L04	CAL_L04.D	Cal	4	624A.M	9/20/2008 9:30.

Name	TS	Scan	Type
1,1-Dichloro-Epr	1	Scan	Target

Qualifier	MZ	Rel. Resp.	Uncertainty
	77.0	50.0	20.0
	110.0	20.0	20.0

Level	Conc.	Response
3	0.5000	19619
4	1.0000	39749
5	2.0000	80091

Sample Information

TIC Scan (">") CAL_L04.D

Compound Information

75.0, 77.0, 110.0

Ratio=32.8
Ratio=30.7

10.091 min.

10.621 min.

Ratio=1.8
Ratio=10.1

Scan (10.049-10.150 min, 19 scans) CAL_L04.D

Scan (10.555-10.746 min, 35 scans) CAL_L04.D

71 Compounds (71 total) 3 ISTD (3 total)

Method Table

Sample Information

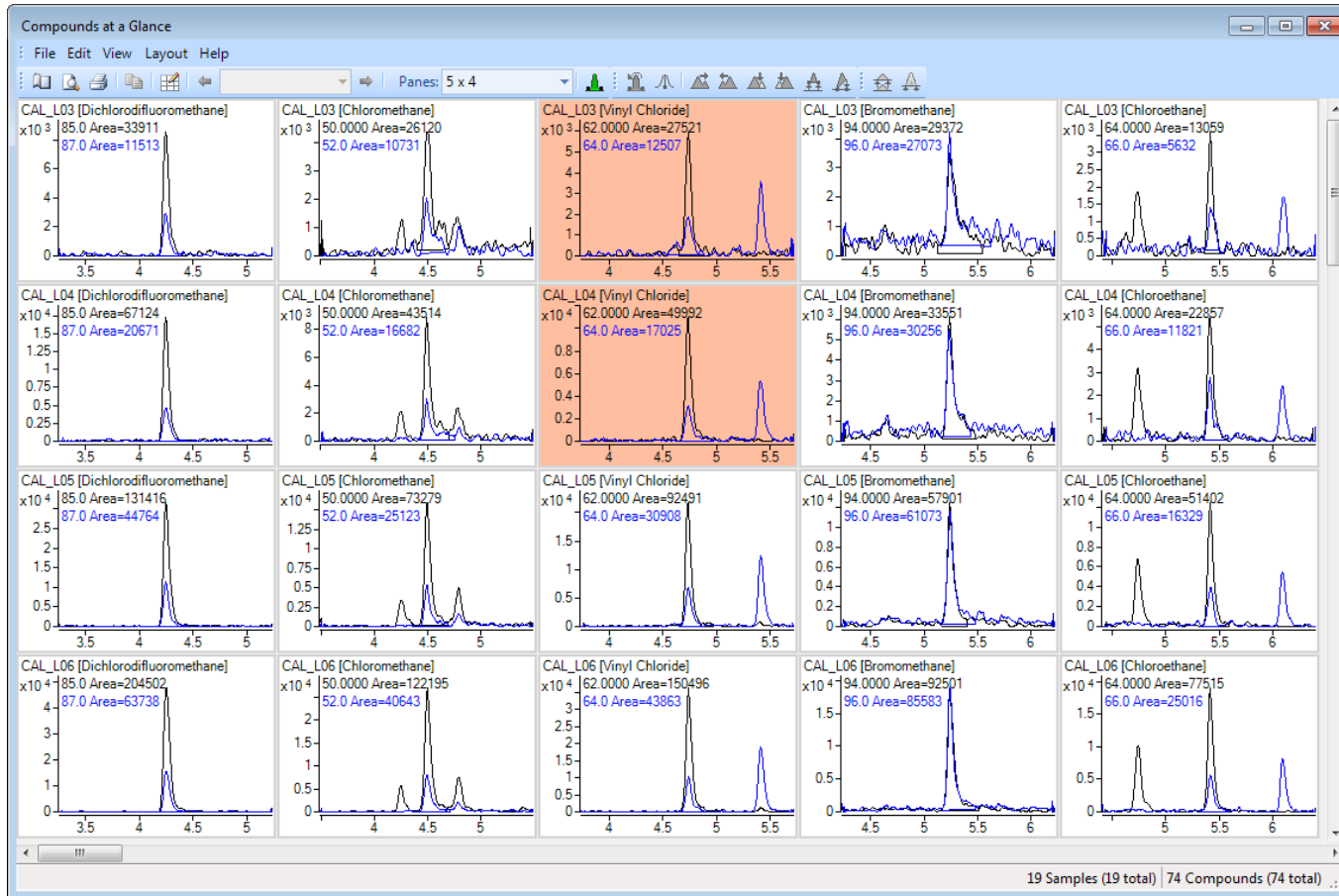
Compound Information

Method Tasks

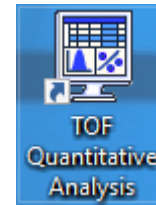
MassHunter Quantitative Software

Compounds at a Glance View

View > Compounds-at-a-Glance



Editing a Quantitation Method for TOF Mass Extraction Setup

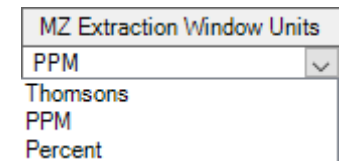


Method > Edit > Advanced Tasks > Mass Extraction Setup

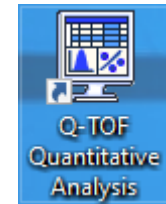
Allows for a mass range for the extraction of the accurate mass (MZ).

Quantifier							
Name	TS	Scan	Type	Extract Left m/z	MZ	Extract Right m/z	MZ Extraction Window Units
▶ Sulfadimethoxine	1	Scan	ISTD	20.0000	311.0808	20.0000	PPM
Caffeine-DAD	1	Scan	Target	20.0000	195.0876	20.0000	PPM
Sulfadimethoxin...	1	Scan	ISTD	20.0000	311.0808	20.0000	PPM

Available MZ Extraction Window Units



Editing a Quantitation Method for QTOF Compound Setup & Mass Extraction Setup



QTOF is a combination of MS/MS and accurate mass data

Quantifier									
Name	TS	Transition	Scan	Type	Precursor Ion	Product Ion	RT	Ion Polarity	Criteria
Sulfamethizole	1	271.0318 -> 156.0114	Product Ion	Target	271.0318	156.0114	0.620	Positive	Greatest Response
Sulfachloropyridazine	1	285.0208 -> 156.0114	Product Ion	Target	285.0208	156.0114	0.890	Positive	Greatest Response
Sulfamethazine	1	279.0910 -> 186.0332, 156.0114, 124.0869	Product Ion	Target	279.0910	186.0332	2.030	Positive	Greatest Response
Sulfadimethoxine	3	311.0809 -> 156.0768, 218.0230, 245.1030	Product Ion	Target	311.0809	156.0768	2.950	Positive	Greatest Response
Sulfamethoxazole	2	254.0594 -> 156.0114	Product Ion	ISTD	254.0594	156.0114	0.940	Positive	Greatest Response

Name – Compound name

TS – time segments may be multiple

Transition – Precursor ion → Product ion scan

Scan – Product Ion

Type – Target, ISTD, Surrogate or Matrix Spike

Precursor Ion – mass of the ion

Product Ion – mass of the ion for the target ion to monitor

RT – retention time of compound of interest

Ion Polarity – usually positive

Criteria – Close RT, Close RT with Qualifiers, Greatest Response or Greatest Q-Value

Tip: Enter the Precursor Ion and the Product Ion—Transition auto populates.

Batch Table

Navigation

The screenshot shows the Batch Table interface. At the top, there are navigation controls: a 'Sample:' dropdown with an up arrow icon, a 'Sample Type:' dropdown, a 'Compound:' dropdown with a left arrow icon, and a right arrow icon. Below these is a table with columns: Name, Data File, Type, Level, Acq. Date-Time, Exp. Conc., RT, Resp., MI, and Ca. The table contains 11 rows of data. The 8th row (CAL_L08) is selected. To the right of the table is a dropdown menu for 'Trichlorofluoromethane' with a list of compounds including Acetone, 1,1-Dichloroethene, t-Butyl Alcohol, Methylene Chloride, Carbon Disulfide, trans-1,2-Dichloroethene, and 2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane.

Sample							Trichloroflu...	Trichloroflu			Trichlorofluoromethane	lifier...
?	▼	Name	Data File	Type	Level	Acq. Date-Time	Exp. Conc.	RT	Resp.	MI	Ca	
!	▼	CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	3	6/20/2008 5:53 PM	0.5000	6.108	58365			
!	▼	CAL_L04	CAL_L04.D	Cal	4	6/20/2008 6:30 PM	1.0000	6.092	90617			
!	▼	CAL_L05	CAL_L05.D	Cal	5	6/20/2008 7:06 PM	2.0000	6.097	173426			
	▼	CAL_L06	CAL_L06.D	Cal	6	6/20/2008 7:44 PM	5.0000	6.097	248633			
	▼	CAL_L07	CAL_L07.D	Cal	7	6/20/2008 8:21 PM	10.0000	6.097	830216			
▶	▼	CAL_L08	CAL_L08.D	Cal	8	6/20/2008 9:04 PM	15.0000	6.097	1347631			
	▼	CAL_L09	CAL_L09.D	Cal	9	6/20/2008 9:41 PM	20.0000	6.092	1781882			
	▼	CAL_L10	CAL_L10.D	Cal	10	6/20/2008 10:19 PM	30.0000	6.092	2773495			
	▼	CAL_L11	CAL_L11.D	Cal	11	6/20/2008 10:57 PM	40.0000	6.097	3833330			

Click in a sample row to display data on that sample

Click on **Next** and **Previous** icons to move through a batch or use Hotkeys:

Next Sample = Alt + Down Next Compound = Alt + Right

Previous Sample = Alt + Up Previous Compound = Alt + Left

Compound lists are frequently long, try the **Compound** drop down list to go directly to the desired compound.

Batch Table

Alphabetizing the Compound List

The screenshot shows the 'Batch Table' window with the following details:

- Sample: CAL_L03
- Sample Type: <All>
- Compound: Acetone

The main table displays columns for Sample, Type, Level, Acq. Date-Time, and Exp. Conc. The compound list on the right is sorted alphabetically. The 'Arrange Compounds By' menu is open, and 'Name' is selected.

Sample	Type	Level	Acq. Date-Time	Exp. Conc.
Cal	3		6/20/2008 11:53 AM	0.5000
Cal	4		6/20/2008 12:30 PM	1.0000
Cal	5		6/20/2008 1:06 PM	2.0000
Cal	6		6/20/2008 1:44 PM	5.0000
Cal	7		6/20/2008 2:21 PM	10.0000
Cal	8		6/20/2008 3:04 PM	15.0000
Cal	9		6/20/2008 3:41 PM	20.0000
Cal	10		6/20/2008 4:19 PM	30.0000
Cal	11		6/20/2008 4:57 PM	40.0000
Cal	12		6/20/2008 5:35 PM	50.0000
CC	7		6/20/2008 6:13 PM	10.0000
QC	6		6/20/2008 6:50 PM	5.0000
Blank			6/20/2008 7:28 PM	
Blank			6/20/2008 8:07 PM	
D Sample			6/20/2008 8:44 PM	
D Sample			6/20/2008 9:22 PM	
D Sample			6/20/2008 10:00 PM	
D Sample			6/20/2008 10:38 PM	
D Sample			6/20/2008 11:16 PM	

Compound List (Alphabetical):

- Acetone
- Benzene
- Benzene, bromo-
- Bromodichloromethane
- Bromoform
- Bromomethane
- Carbon Disulfide
- Carbon Tetrachloride
- Chlorobenzene
- Chloroethane
- Chloroform
- Chloromethane
- cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
- cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
- Dibromochloromethane
- Dibromomethane
- Dichlorodifluoromethane
- Dioxane
- Ethane, 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-

From within the Batch Table right click, select **Arrange Compounds By > Name**

Tip: Alphabetize the Compound List for faster compound access.

Batch Table

Messages and Outliers

Batch Table

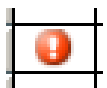
Sample: CAL_L10 Sample Type: <All> Compound: Dichlorodifluoromethane ISTD: Fluorobenzene

Sample							Dichlorodifluoromethane Results							Qualifier...		Fluorobenzene (L		Qualifie...		Qualifie...		
?	▼	Name	Data File	Type	Level	Acq. Date-Time	Sample Group	Exp. Conc.	RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.	Accuracy	Ratio	MI	RT	Resp.	Ratio	MI	Ratio	MI
!		CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	3	6/20/2008 11:53 AM		0.5000	4.237	29715		0.4278	0.4278	85.6	33.6		10.621	1344418	1.9		9.5	
!		CAL_L04	CAL_L04.D	Cal	4	6/20/2008 12:30 PM		1.0000	4.242	66597		1.0238	1.0238	102.4	30.2		10.621	1183924	1.8		10.1	
!		CAL_L05	CAL_L05.D	Cal	5	6/20/2008 1:06 PM		2.0000	4.247	127904		1.9920	1.9920	99.6	31.6		10.620	1144890	2.0		10.5	
		CAL_L06	CAL_L06.D	Cal	6	6/20/2008 1:44 PM		5.0000	4.258	203734		5.1178	5.1178	102.4	31.1		10.621	700587	1.6		9.8	
		CAL_L07	CAL_L07.D	Cal	7	6/20/2008 2:21 PM		10.0000	4.248	671861		10.4356	10.4356	104.4	32.4		10.621	1128268	2.0		11.0	
		CAL_L08	CAL_L08.D	Cal	8	6/20/2008 3:04 PM		15.0000	4.242	1105069		16.1636	16.1636	107.8	31.4		10.621	1196415	2.0		10.9	
		CAL_L09	CAL_L09.D	Cal	9	6/20/2008 3:41 PM		20.0000	4.242	1474827		20.6623	20.6623	103.3	32.0		10.620	1248377	2.0		10.4	
▶		CAL_L10	CAL_L10.D	Cal	10	6/20/2008 4:19 PM		30.0000	4.248	2199868		29.3491	29.3491	97.8	33.0		10.621	1310216	1.7		10.3	
		CAL_L11	CAL_L11.D	Cal	11	6/20/2008 4:57 PM		40.0000	4.247	3126148		40.3840	40.3840	101.0	33.0		10.626	1352547	1.9		10.6	
	▼	CAL_L12	CAL_L12.D	Cal	12	6/20/2008 5:35 PM		50.0000	4.247	3975819		47.9439	47.9439	95.9	32.8		10.621	1448684	2.1		10.3	
	▼	CC_L07	CC_L07.D	CC	7	6/20/2008 6:13 PM		10.0000	4.247	802673		10.3859	10.3859	103.9	33.8		10.621	1354419	1.6		10.7	
	▼	QC_L06	QC_L06.D	QC	6	6/20/2008 6:50 PM		5.0000	4.247	211200		2.9037	2.9037	58.1	32.1		10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5	
	▼	Blank01	BLANK01.D	Blank		6/20/2008 7:28 PM			4.258	20853		0.3450	0.3450				10.626	1201381	2.1		10.9	
	▼	Blank02	BLANK02.D	Blank		6/20/2008 8:07 PM			4.630	266		0.0464	0.0464				10.621	1059821	1.9		10.3	

Select Outliers for Display

Red Outlier – High (above upper limit)

Blue Outlier – Low (below lower limit)



Messages

Quantitation Message(s)

Dibromomethane: Qualifier M/Z = 93.0: Qualifier peak not found or does not match quantitation criteria
 Hexachlorobutadiene: Qualifier M/Z = 223.0: Qualifier peak not found or does not match quantitation criteria
 Hexachlorobutadiene: Qualifier M/Z = 227.0: Qualifier peak not found or does not match quantitation criteria
 Tetrahydrofuran: Qualifier M/Z = 72.0: Qualifier peak not found or does not match quantitation criteria
 Vinyl Acetate: Qualifier M/Z = 86.1: Qualifier peak not found or does not match quantitation criteria



Outliers

Outlier(s)

Dichlorodifluoromethane: Retention time = 4.630 is outside the allowed range [4.037, 4.462]

Hover cursor over the outlier or message to display details

Batch Table Layout Modification

Add/Remove/Move Columns

Batch Table

Sample: CAL_L03 Sample Type: <All> Compound: Chloroform ISTD: Fluorobenzene

Sample							Chloroform Results						Qualifier...		Fluorobenzene (L...		Qualifier...		Qualifier...		
Name	Data File	Type	Level	Acq. Date-Time	Exp. Conc.	RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.	Accuracy	Ratio	MI	Ratio	MI	RT	Resp.	Ratio	MI	Ratio	MI
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 5:53 PM	0.5000	8.891	32587		0.6516	0.6516	130.3	165...	9.4		10.621	1344418	1.9		9.5		
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 6:30 PM	1.0000	8.891	49632		1.1376	1.1376	113.8	164...	16.8		10.621	1183924	1.8		10.1		
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 7:06 PM	2.0000	8.885	91234		2.1757	2.1757	108.8	156...	17.7		10.620	1144890	2.0		10.5		
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 7:44 PM	5.0000	8.891	130047		5.0875	5.0875	101.7	170...	14.7		10.621	700587	1.6		9.8		
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 8:21 PM	10.0000	8.891	419785														
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 9:04 PM	15.0000	8.891	649647														
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 9:41 PM	20.0000	8.891	893838														
CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	2	008 10:19 PM	30.0000	8.891	1369093														

Context menu for CAL_L03:

- Add/Remove Columns...
- Restore Default Columns
- Reset Sort
- Fill Down
- Lock Sample/Compound Columns

Use the Add/Remove Columns function to customize the Batch table.

Note that the columns of data in the Batch Table are organized into sections.

Columns can be moved only within a section.

Columns dialog box

Select Columns From: Sample

Available Columns:

- Acq Operator
- Acq. Method File
- Acq. Method Path
- Amt.
- Approved
- Balance
- Barcode
- Calibration Reference Sample ID
- Comment
- Completed
- DA Method File
- DA Method Path
- DA. Date-Time
- Data Path
- Dil.
- Dual Injector
- Dual Injector Expected Barcode
- Dual Injector Vial
- Dual Injector Volume

Show these columns in the order:

- Quantitation Message Summary
- Outlier Summary
- Name
- Data File
- Type
- Level
- Acq. Date-Time

Columns dialog box (dropdown menu)

Select Columns From:

- Sample
- Sample
- Compound Method
- Compound Results
- Qualifier Method
- Qualifier Results
- ISTD Compound Method
- ISTD Compound Results
- Approved

Tip: Select the correct table →

Batch Table Layout Modification

Compound Table Modes

Agilent MassHunter Quantitative Analysis (for GCMS) - VOA - voa_example.batch.bin

File Edit View Analyze Method Update Report Tools Help

Analyze Batch Layout: Restore Default Layout

Batch Table

Sample: QC_L06 Sample Type: <All> Compound: Dichlorodifluoromethane ISTD: Fluorobenzene

Compound Method	QC_L06						Qualifie...	Qualifie...	ISTD Method	ISTD Results			ISTD Q...	ISTD Q...
Name	RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.	Accuracy	Ratio	MI	Name	RT	Resp.	Ratio	MI	Ratio
1,1-Dichloro-1-propene	10.0	243136		4.7578	4.7578	95.2	31.6	34.5	Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Dichlorodifluoromethane	4.247	211200		2.9037	2.9037	58.1	32.1		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Chloromethane	4.498	194192		4.7682	4.7682	95.4	31.8		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	19.5	458056		5.2756	5.2756	105.5	64.6	43.9	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	19.504	619825	57.6		41.8
Vinyl Chloride	4.739	232215		4.1548	4.1548	83.1	32.8		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	23.2	259025		5.2625	5.2625	105.3	98.9	29.6	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	19.504	619825	57.6		41.8
Bromomethane	5.251	116516		3.9551	3.9551	79.1	98.4		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Chloroethane	5.421	135709		5.1361	5.1361	102.7	37.1		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Naphthalene	23.6	519274		6.3779	6.3779	127.6	12.0	10.9	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	19.504	619825	57.6		41.8
Hexachlorobutadiene	23.8	227798		5.1452	5.1452	102.9	60.0	57.9	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	19.504	619825	57.6		41.8
Trichlorofluoromethane	6.097	377098		3.8308	3.8308	76.6	65.4	10.6	Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Acetone	6.190	170682		5.2692	5.2692	105.4	27.5		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
1,1-Dichloroethene	6.719	254894		4.7979	4.7979	96.0	61.3	38.5	Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	24.0	257316		5.5208	5.5208	110.4	10	29.7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	19.504	619825	57.6		41.8
Methylene Chloride	6.877	182447		5.1839	5.1839	103.7	64.0		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Carbon Disulfide	7.178	69556		5.8374	5.8374	116.7	69.6		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	7.663	165832		5.0298	5.0298	100.6	14	63.8	Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane	7.810	439953		5.1203	5.1203	102.4	15.9		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
1,1-Dichloroethane	7.952	303201		5.3097	5.3097	106.2	35.0	6.3	Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
Vinyl Acetate	8.056	130420		4.5381	4.5381	90.8	8.9		Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5
2-Butanone (MEK)	8.438	229534		5.7318	5.7318	114.6	26.2	16.5	Fluorobenzene	10.620	1288192	1.7		10.5

Compound Table lists by compound rather than sample.

Select **Flat Table** to see list by sample.

Batch Table

Compounds Groups

Batch Table

Sample: CAL_L08 Sample Type: <All> Compound: Trichlorofluoromethane

Sample							Trichloroflu...	Trichloroflu			Trichlorofluoromethane	ifier...
?	▼	Name	Data File	Type	Level	Acq. Date-Time	Exp. Conc.	RT	Resp.	MI	Ca	
?	▼	CAL_L03	CAL_L03.D	Cal	3	6/20/2008 5:53 PM	0.5000	6.108	58365			
?	▼	CAL_L04	CAL_L04.D	Cal	4	6/20/2008 6:30 PM	1.0000	6.092	90617			
?	▼	CAL_L05	CAL_L05.D	Cal	5	6/20/2008 7:06 PM	2.0000	6.097	173426			
	▼	CAL_L06	CAL_L06.D	Cal	6	6/20/2008 7:44 PM	5.0000	6.097	248633			
	▼	CAL_L07	CAL_L07.D	Cal	7	6/20/2008 8:21 PM	10.0000	6.097	830216			
▶	▼	CAL_L08	CAL_L08.D	Cal	8	6/20/2008 9:04 PM	15.0000	6.097	1347631			
	▼	CAL_L09	CAL_L09.D	Cal	9	6/20/2008 9:41 PM	20.0000	6.092	1781882			
	▼	CAL_L10	CAL_L10.D	Cal	10	6/20/2008 10:19 PM	30.0000	6.092	2773495			
	▼	CAL_L11	CAL_L11.D	Cal	11	6/20/2008 10:57 PM	40.0000	6.092	3888228			

Compound List:

- Trichlorofluoromethane
- Acetone
- 1,1-Dichloroethene
- t-Butyl Alcohol
- Methylene Chloride
- Carbon Disulfide
- trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
- 2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane

It may be useful to group compounds to organize Batch Table.

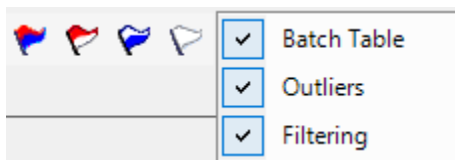
Look at parent compound and metabolites.

Group hydrocarbons to Group 1, aromatics to Group 2 and so forth.

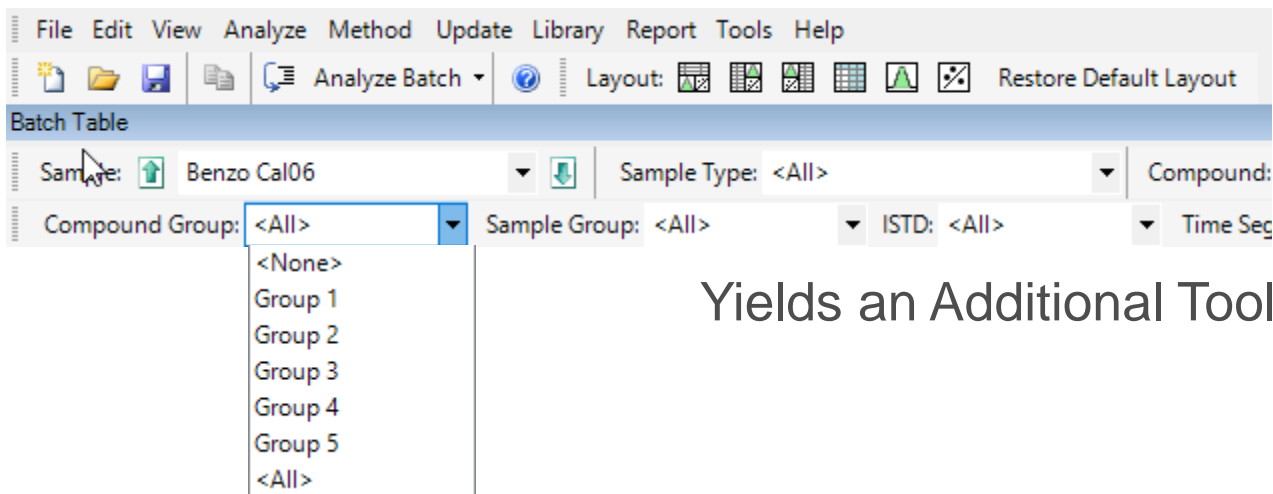
Compound groups are generated in the Method Editor.

Batch Table

Compounds Groups



Activated with a right click to the right of the 'flags' or **View > Toolbars > Filtering.**



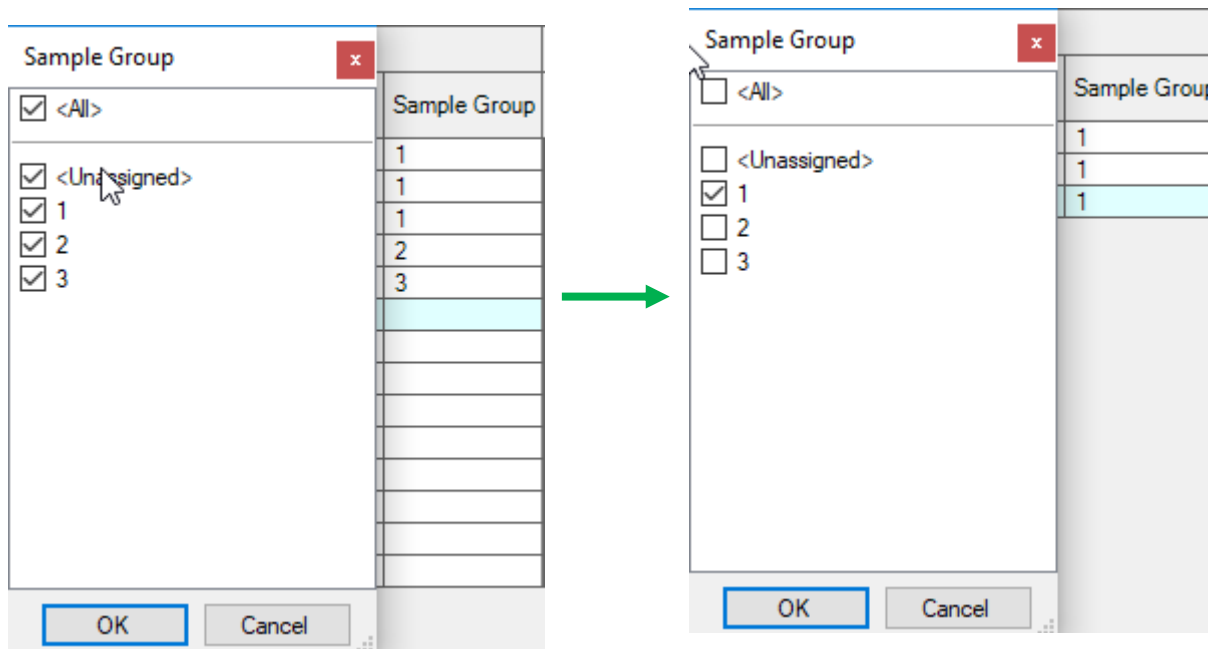
Yields an Additional Toolbar.

Batch Table

Samples Groups

Sample Groups are specified in the Batch Table through **Add/Remove Columns**.

Each Sample is assigned to a group, then only samples specific to a group are displayed and evaluated.



Samples groups are distinctively different from compound groups.

Batch Table Layout Modification

Format Columns

How to change the number of decimal places.

Alter number formats

- 1) Exponential (scientific notation)
- 2) Fixed point
- 3) General
- 4) Significant Figures

Alter Date formats

Agilent MassHunter Quantitative Analysis (for GCMS) - VOA - VolatileOrganics.batch.bin

File Edit View Analyze Method Update Library Report Tools Help

Analyze Batch Layout: [icon]

Batch Table

Sample: CAL_L06

Sample [icon]

Sample

Number Formats...

Formats

Commonly used

	Format pattern	Precision
MZ	Fixed point	1
RT	Fixed point	3
Final Conc.	Fixed point	4

All other numbers

Name	Format Pattern	Precision
Category: Concentration		
Calc. Conc.	Exponential	4
Conc.	Fixed point	4
Custom Calc.	General	4
Custom Calc. 1	Significant Figures	4

All other date/time

Name	
Category: Date Time	
Acq. Date-Time	2/25/2012 5:40 PM

Default OK Cancel Apply

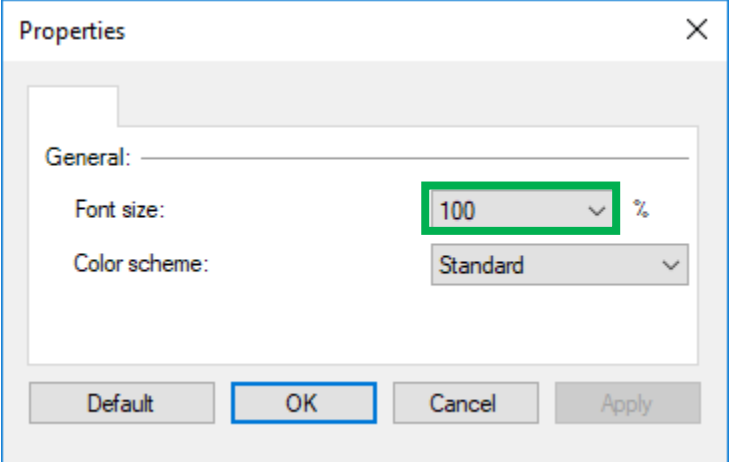
RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.
4.5000	4.237	29715	0.0019
4.0000	4.242	66597	0.6134
4.0000	4.247	127904	1.6067
4.0000	4.258	198094	4.6697
4.0000	4.248	671861	10.2701

RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.
4.237	29715		1.8800E-003
4.242	66597		6.1343E-001
4.247	127904		1.6067E+000
4.258	198094		4.6697E+000
4.248	671861		1.0270E+001

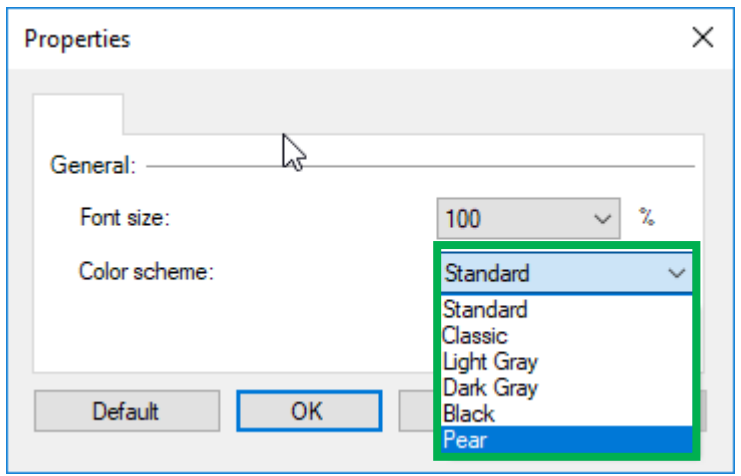
Batch Table Layout Modification

Context Menu Properties

Change the Font size

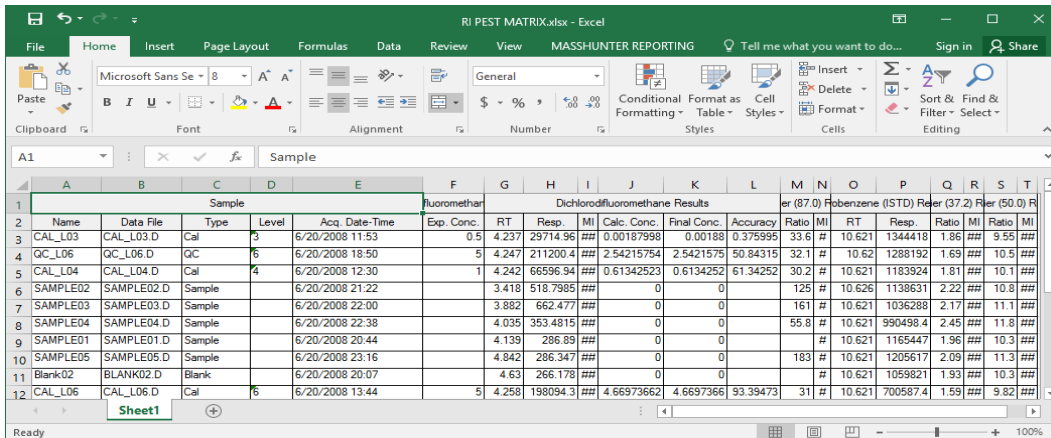
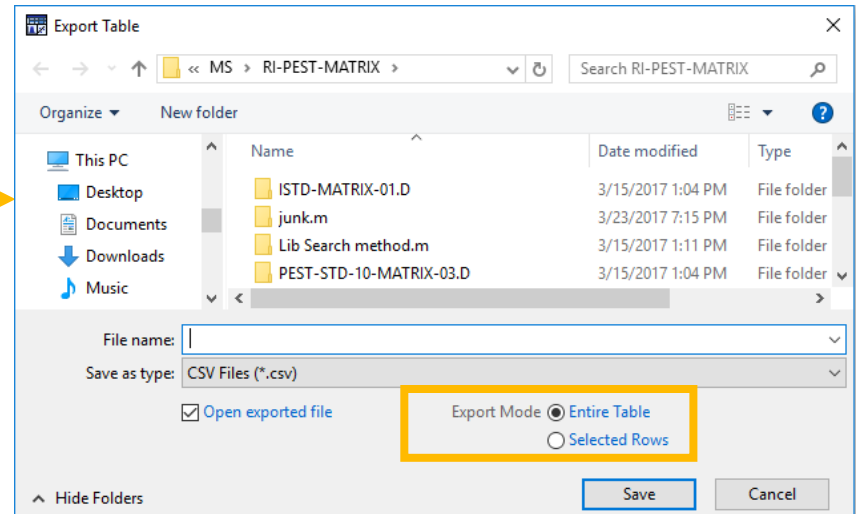
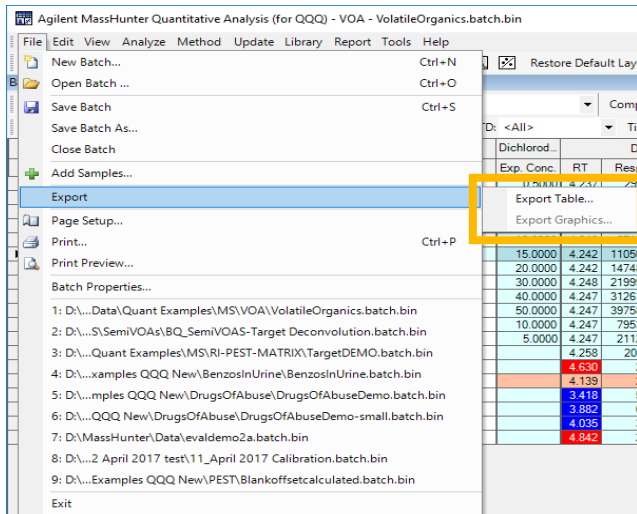


Change the Color scheme



NEW FEATURE!

Export Batch Table



NEW FEATURE!

- CSV Files (*.csv)
- CSV Files (*.csv)
- Excel Files (*.xlsx)
- Tab Delimited Files (*.txt)
- Xml Files (*.xml)

Tip: Popular option to Excel based reports.

Easy to layout columns and format data, then export into Excel.

Let's take a moment
for questions on
Batch Table
Navigation.





Time for a demo on Batch Table Navigation

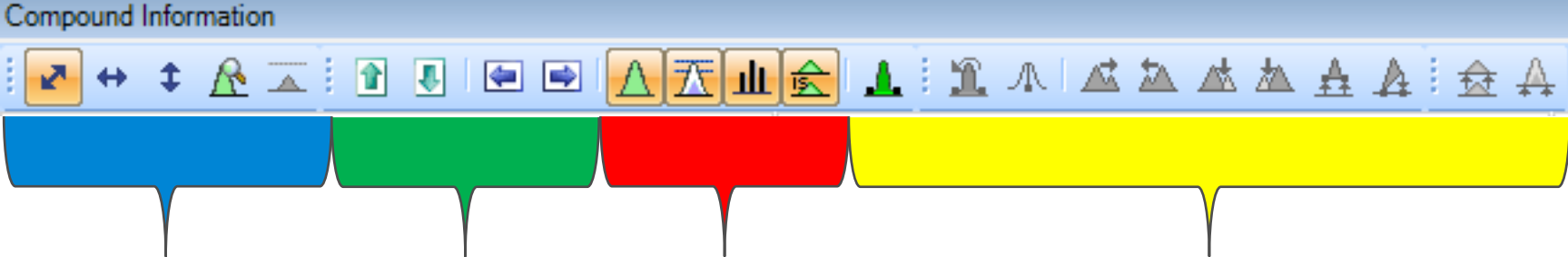
Next up:
Compound Information

Compound Information

Display and access one compound in one sample at a time.



Compound Information - Toolbar



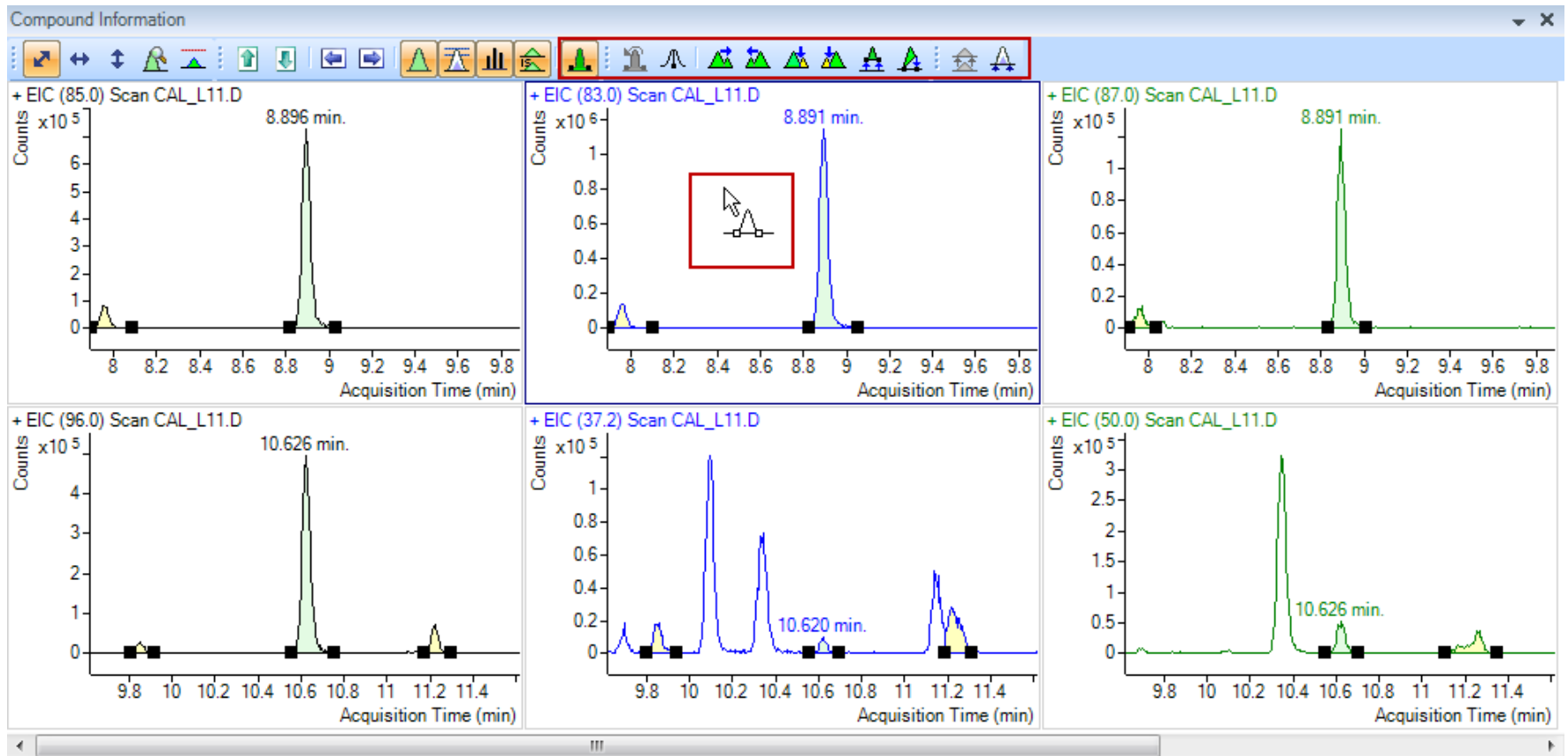
Un-zooms,
Peak scaling,
Auto Scales x
and y axes

Sample
and
Compound
Navigation
Next /
Pervious

Display/Hide
Target,
Qualifiers,
Spectra,
ISTD

Manual Integration
Functions

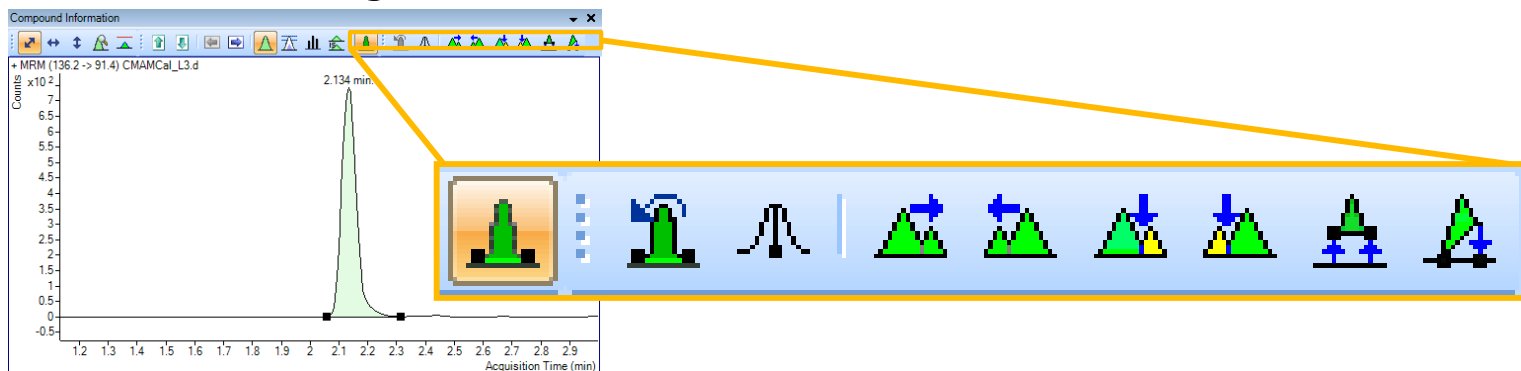
Manual Integrations and MI Toolbar



Click on the Manual Integration icon to place Compound Information in Manual Integration mode.

Each signal is placed in its own window (no overlay of qualifiers).

Manual Integration Toolbar



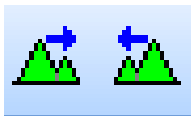
Enable Manual Integration – this tool activates the manual integration toolbar.



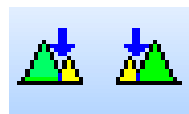
Clear Manual Integration – this tool becomes active once a manual integration is present.



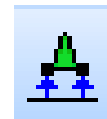
Zero Peak – this tool sets start and stop to the same value.



Merge Right/Left Peak – this tool merges the peak to the right/left of the selected peak.



Split Peak and Pick Right/Left – this tool splits the peak and then selects the right or left peak.



Snap Baseline – this tool places start/stop integration points on the baseline.

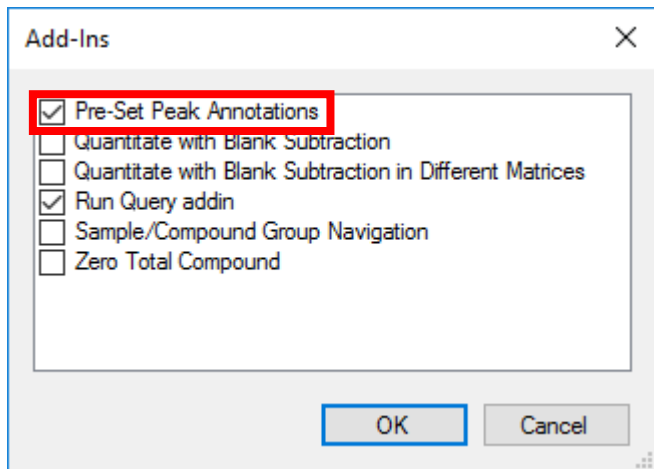


Drop Baseline – this tool finds the lowest end of the peak, then drops the baseline on the other side of the peak from it, thereby creating a flat baseline that avoids negative area.

Compound Information

Peak Annotation

Activated from **Tools > Add-Ins...**



NI – The peak was not integrated at all by the computer software.

LT – The peak in question was inappropriately integrated to an area less than what it should be (e.g., Peak area was cut).

GT - The peak in question was inappropriately integrated to an area greater than what it should be (e.g., Peak Tailing).

BA – The baseline had to be adjusted correctly by the analyst.

CO –The analyst had to split to co-eluting peaks apart that were not (or could not be) separated by the computer system.

RT – The retention time for the peak in question has shifted from the expected retention time.

INT – There was electronic interference (e.g., Noise).

Compound Information

Peak Annotation

The editable file is located in C:\Program Files\Agilent\MassHunter\Workstation\Quant\bin\AddIns\PeakAnnotations.xml.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<AnnotationButtons>
  <Button ID="NI" DisplayText="NI" Value="NI" Tooltip="The peak was not integrated at all by the computer software."/>
  <Button ID="LT" DisplayText="LT" Value="LT" Tooltip="The peak in question was inappropriately integrated to an area less than what it should be (e.g., Peak area was cut)."/>
  <Button ID="GT" DisplayText="GT" Value="GT" Tooltip="The peak in question was inappropriately integrated to an area greater than what it should be (e.g., Peak tailing)."/>
  <Button ID="BA" DisplayText="BA" Value="BA" Tooltip="The baseline had to be adjusted correctly by the analyst."/>
  <Button ID="CO" DisplayText="CO" Value="CO" Tooltip="The analyst had to split two co-eluting peaks apart that were not (or could not be) separated by the computer system."/>
  <Button ID="RT" DisplayText="RT" Value="RT" Tooltip="The retention time for the peak in question has shifted from the expected retention time."/>
  <Button ID="INT" DisplayText="INT" Value="INT" Tooltip="There was electronic interference (e.g., Noise)."/>
</AnnotationButtons>
```

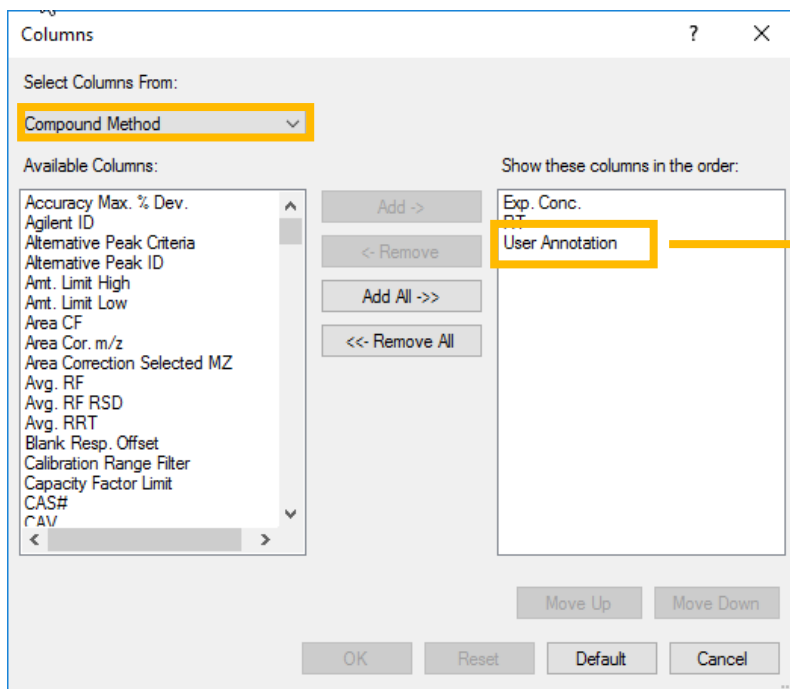
Tip: Always create a back-up file before editing a configuration file.

Compound Information

Peak Annotation

The Peak Annotation can also be displayed in the Batch Table.

When the batch is saved, the values are retained.

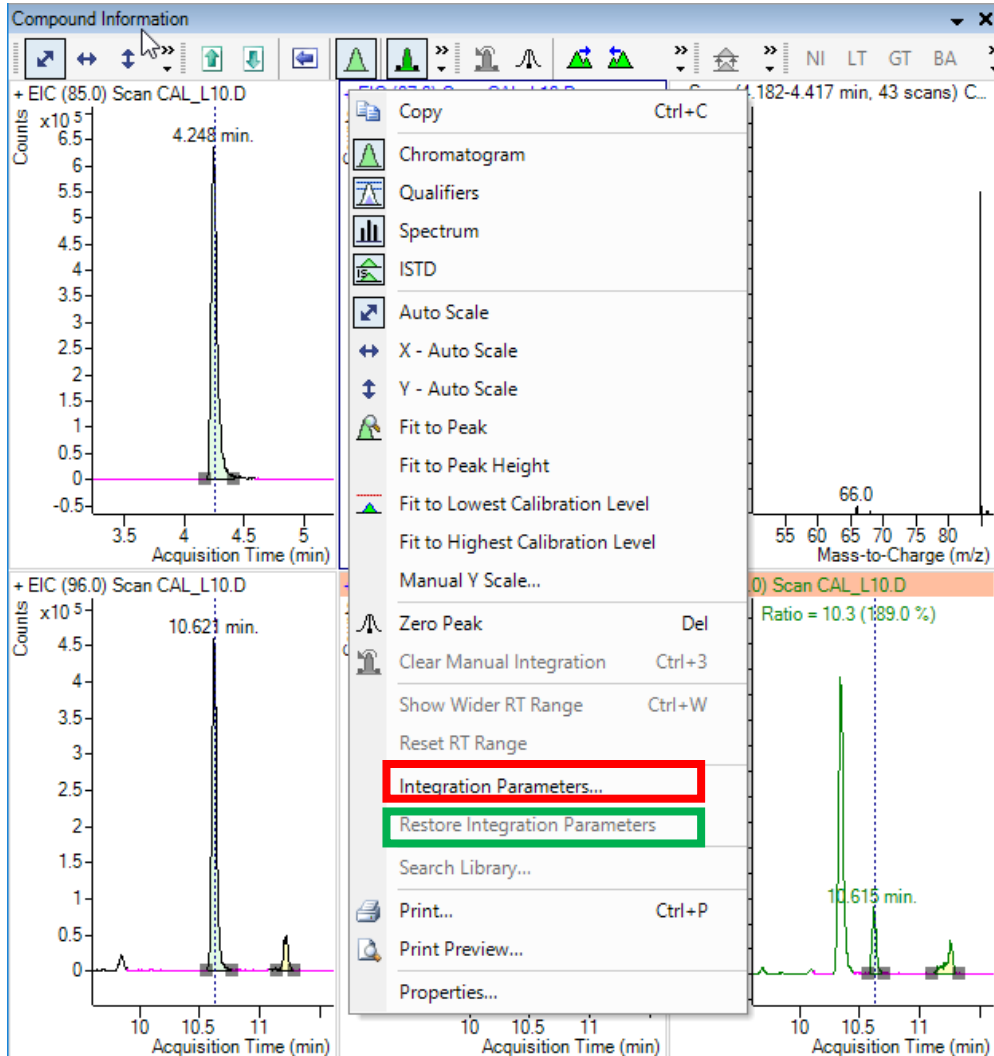


Dichlorodifluoromethane Method			Dichlorodifluoromethane Results				
Exp. Conc.	RT	User Annotation	RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.
0.5000	4.249	NI	4.237	22897	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000
1.0000	4.249	LT	4.242	51949	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.3941	0.3941
2.0000	4.249	GT	4.247	98928	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1.1534	1.1534
5.0000	4.249	BA	4.307	-3978	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000
10.0000	4.249	CO	4.248	495112	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	7.4664	7.4664
15.0000	4.249	RT	4.406	-90142	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000
20.0000	4.249	INT	4.242	1149283	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	16.0929	16.0929
30.0000	4.249		4.248	2199968	<input type="checkbox"/>	29.6758	29.6758

The MI flag is checked in the Compound Results.

Compound Information

Context Menu Integration Parameters



Right click to expose the context menu.

Most of the features are toolbar icons.

Integration Parameters can be used to change the integration parameters.

Applies ONLY to this compound in this sample.

Restore Integration Parameters reverts to the method integration values.

Compound Information Context Menu Properties

Properties allows for customization of the display.

Can change Fill colors.

Can change Peak labels.

Can change Titles.

- RT
- Name
- Calc. Conc.
- Final Conc.
- Height
- Area
- Delta RT
- S/N
- Cmpd. Group
- Q. Computed

- Ion polarity
- Scan type
- Collision energy
- Transition
- File name
- Compound name
- Sample name
- Instrument Name
- Acq. Date-Time

Properties

Compound Information Compound Information (2)

General:

Background color: Automatic

Foreground color: Automatic

Gridlines color: No display

Time segment boundary: No display

Retention time: _____

Reference RT: No display

Recognition window: No display

Peak purity: _____

Show peak purity

Chromatogram: _____

Baselines

Baseline calculation points

Normalize quantifier

Original baselines after manual integration

Noise regions: No display

Peak fill: 75% Transparent

Fill colors...

Peak labels...

Titles...

Default OK Cancel Apply

Compound Information Context Menu Properties

Properties

Compound Information Compound Information (2)

Qualifiers: _____ Spectrum: _____

Normalize qualifiers MS/MS precursor ion...

Annotations Reference spectrum

Qualifier colors... Reference library source

Uncertainty band: No display Reference pattern spectrum

Fill peaks: Override spectrum

Fill out-of-limits qualifier peaks Show match scores

Fill all qualifier peaks Show mass indicators

No qualifier peak fill

Fill target peaks

Manual integration: _____

Fill transparency: 75% Transparent Show baseline start/end boxes

Response ratio label: Ratio and percent of expected ratio

Max. # of panes per row: 3

Default OK Cancel Apply

Qualifier Properties can be changed.

Spectrum Properties can be altered.

Manual integration parameters can be varied.

Tip: Uncheck Normalize qualifiers and display the Uncertainty band for more information about the qualifiers.

Signal to Noise

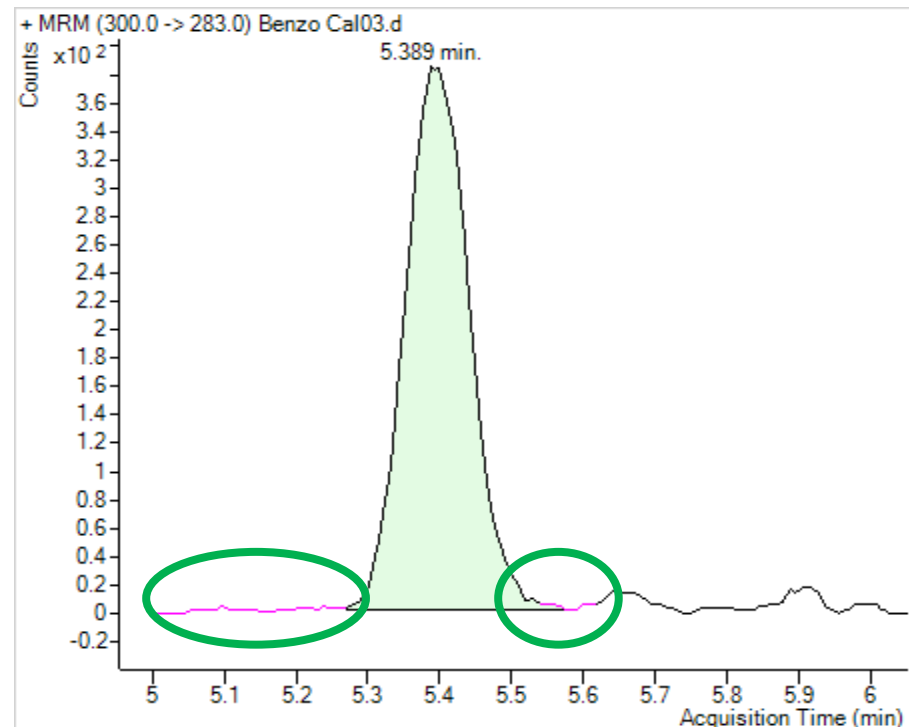
Five algorithms are available

Consult online help for more information on the algorithms. Noise regions can be automatically determined or individually specified.

The Noise regions can be displayed in the Compound Information window under **Properties > Compound Information (1) > Baseline Calculation Points.**

In this example, 2 noise regions were determined—one before the peak and the other after.

Peak-to-Peak
Peak-to-Peak from Drift
ASTM
RMS
Auto-RMS



Let's take a moment
for questions on
Compound
Information





Let's take a moment
for a demo on the
features of Compound
Information

Next up:

Calibration Curve and
Curve Fit Assistant

Calibration Curve

View ISTD Responses ■

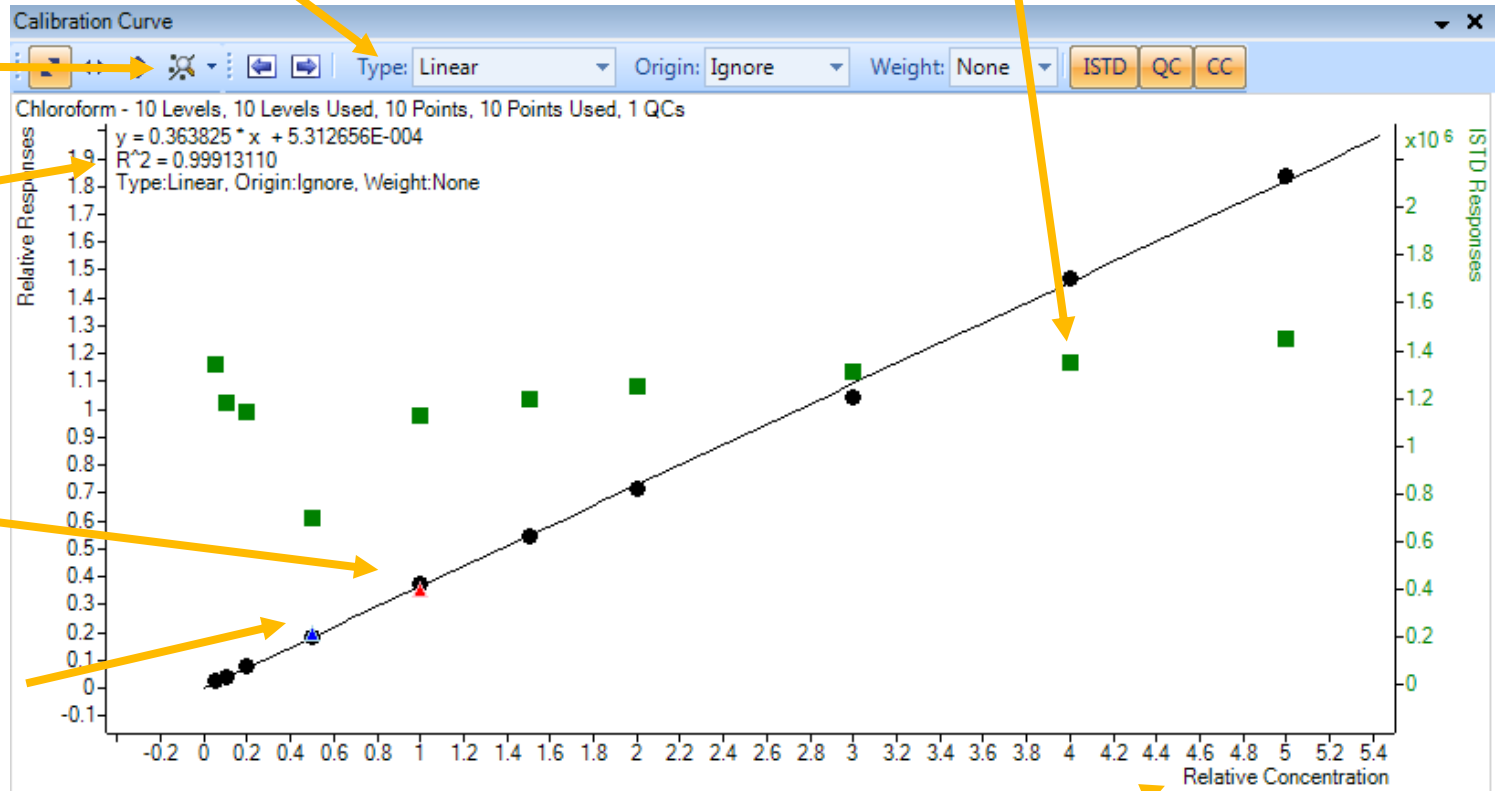
Change Curve Fit.

Fit to Levels (Scaling)

R²

CC Levels ▲

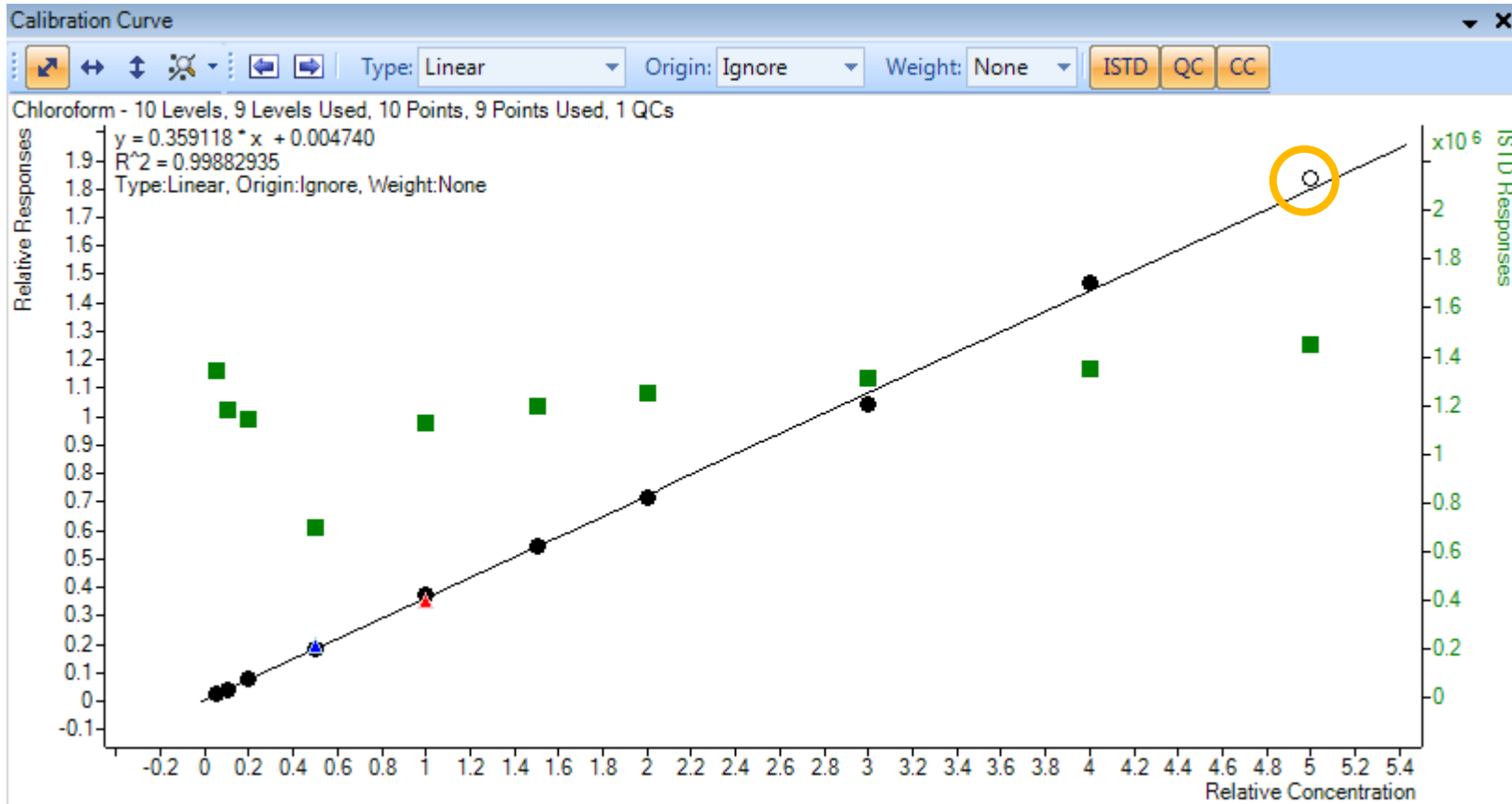
QC Samples ▲



Concentration can be set as relative (to ISTD) or actual.

Calibration Curve

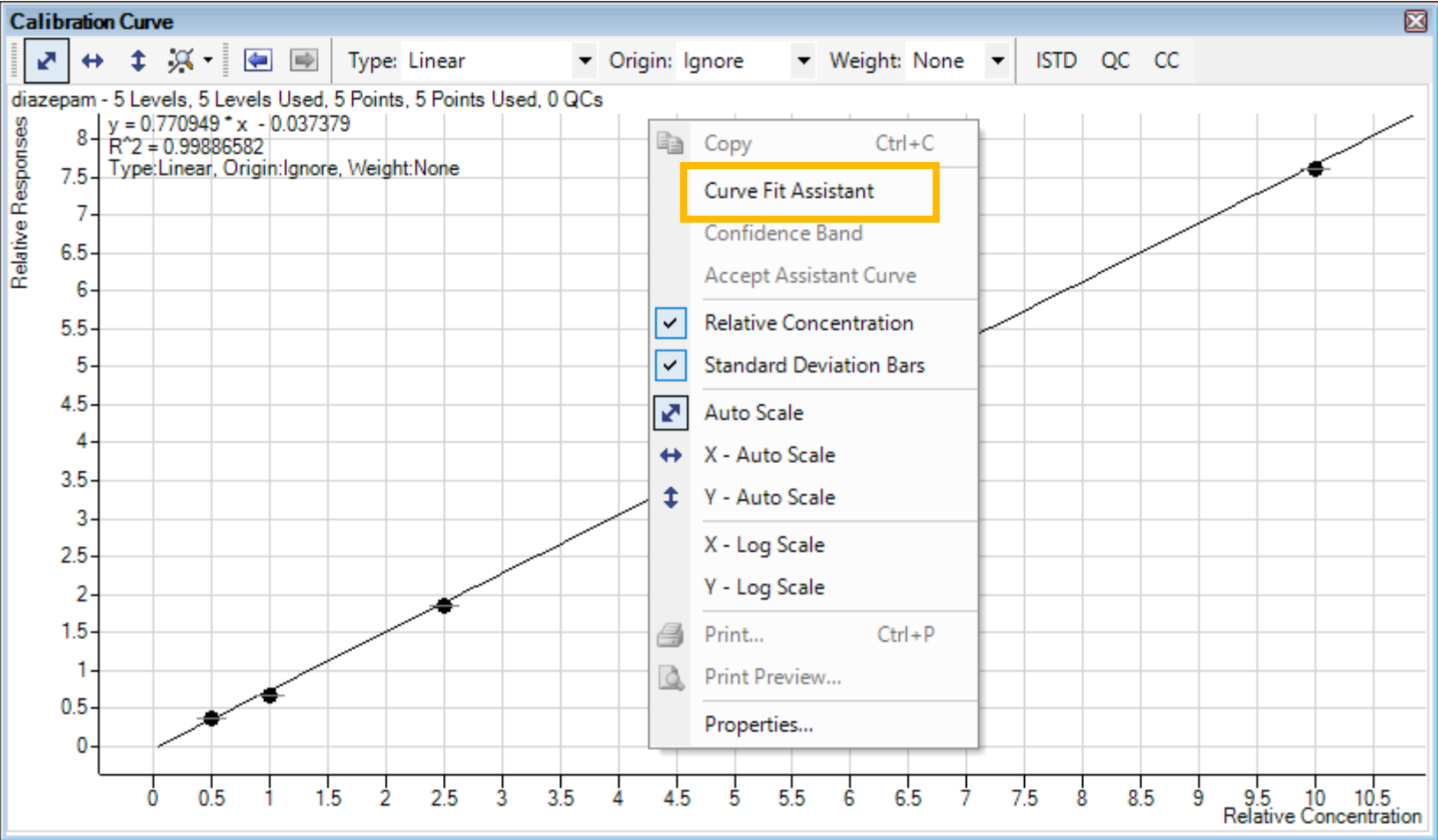
Disable calibration points



Click on **calibration point** once to disable and remove from curve.

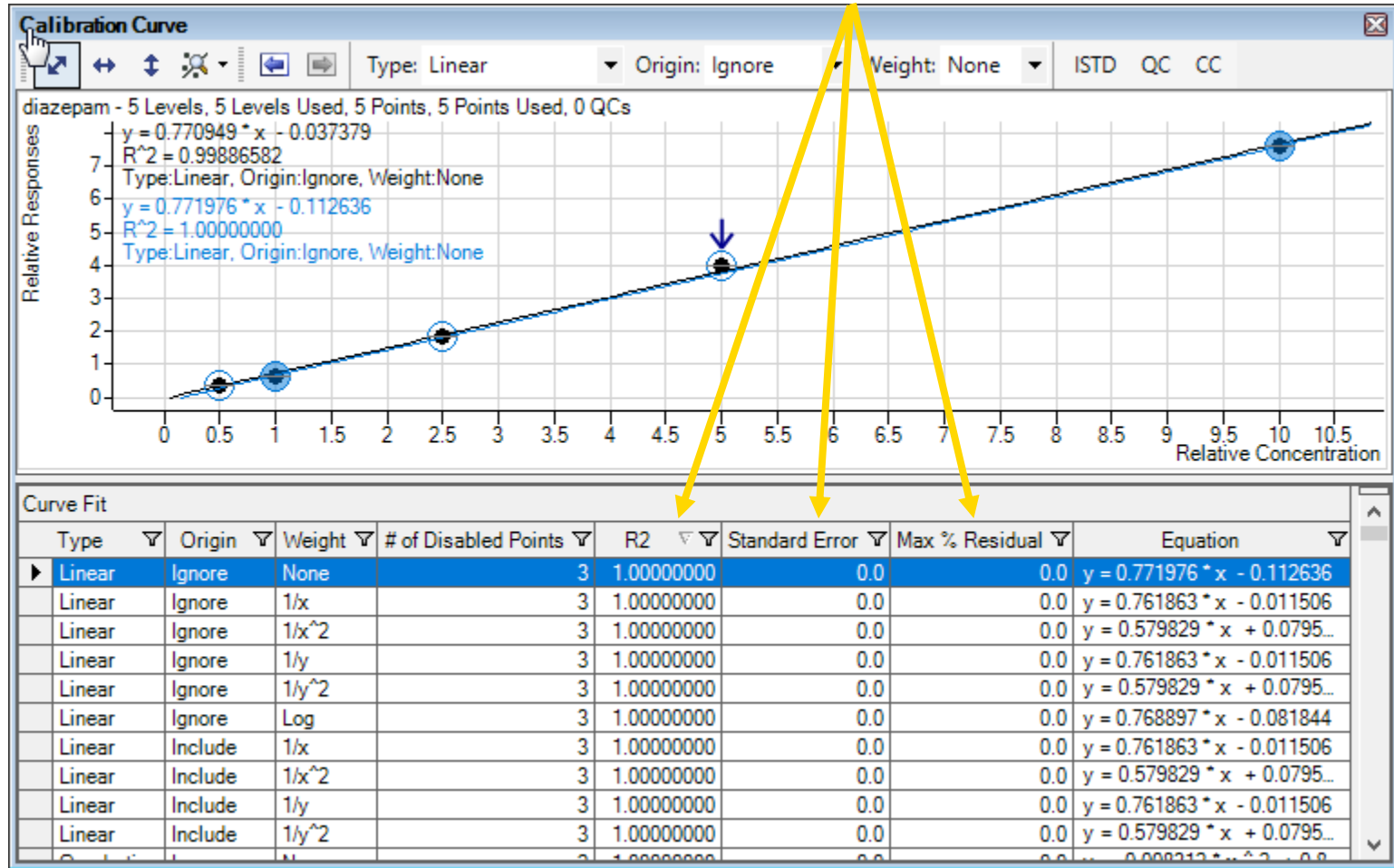
Tip: After changing the curve always reanalyze the batch.

Curve Fit Assistant



Curve Fit Assistant Sorting Columns

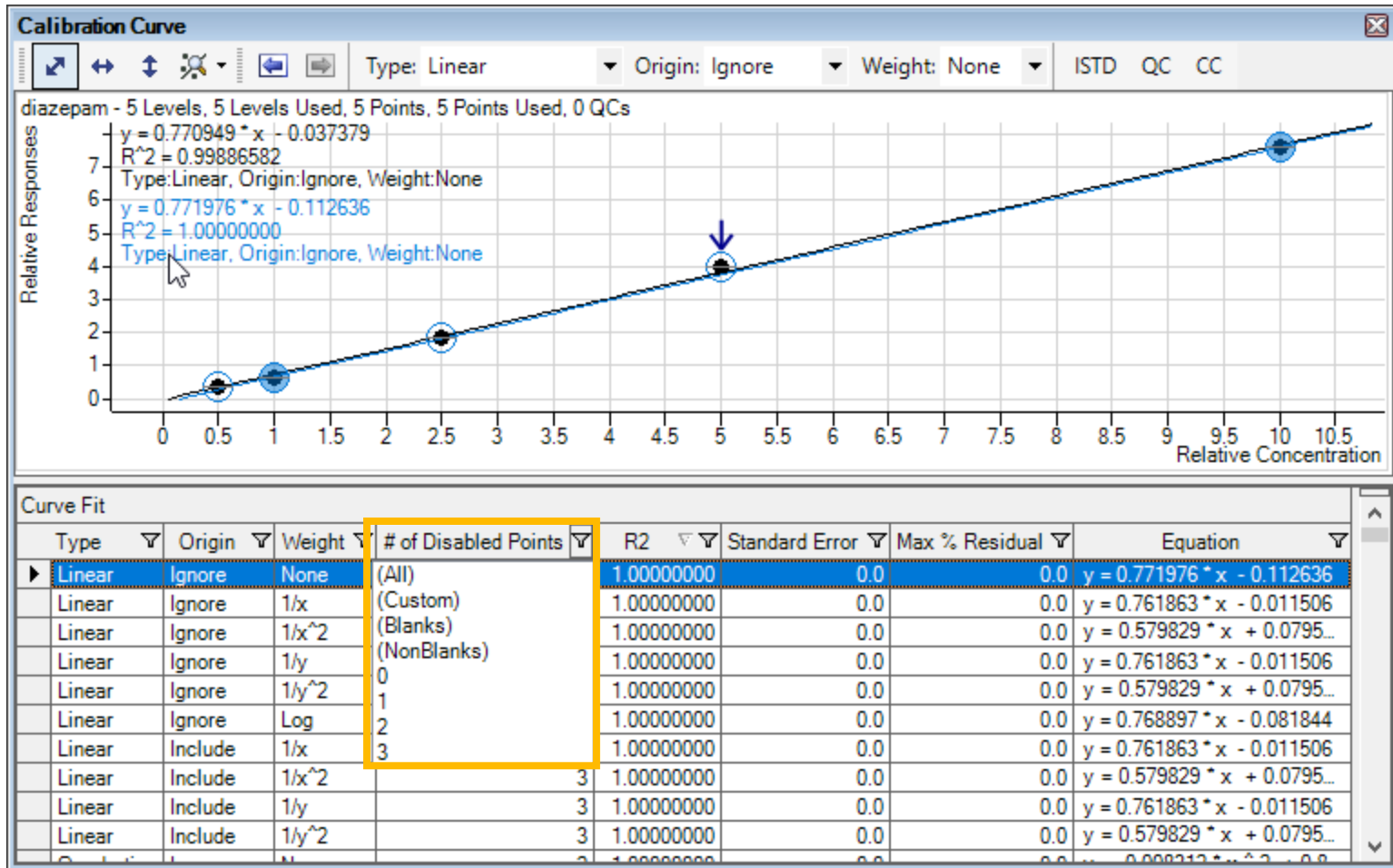
Best curve fit may be ranked using by R^2 , Standard Error, or Max % Residual.



Curve Fit Assistant calculates the mathematical curves.

Curve Fit Assistant

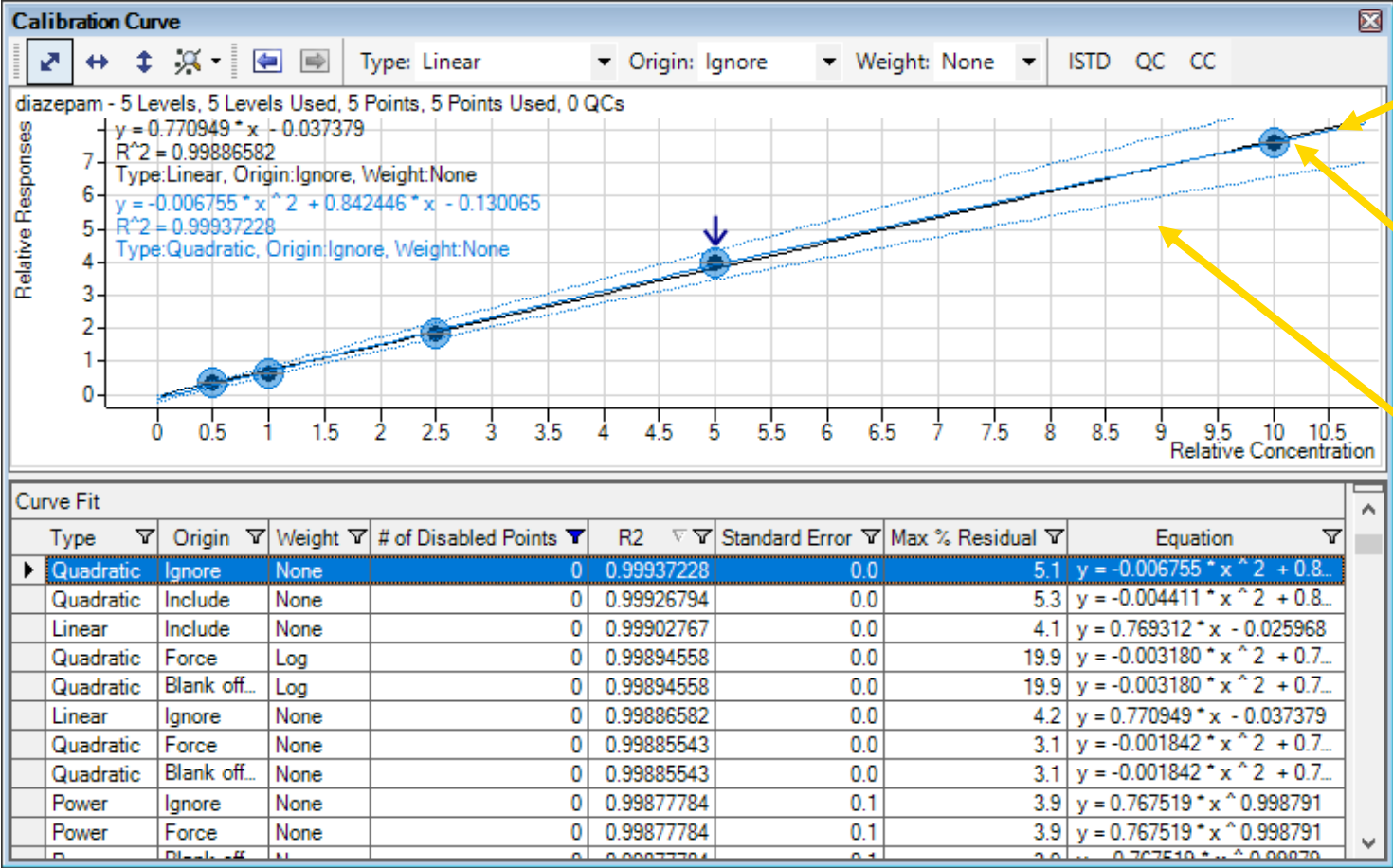
Disabled Points



of Disabled Points defaults to 3 but column can be filtered.

Curve Fit Assistant

Confidence Band



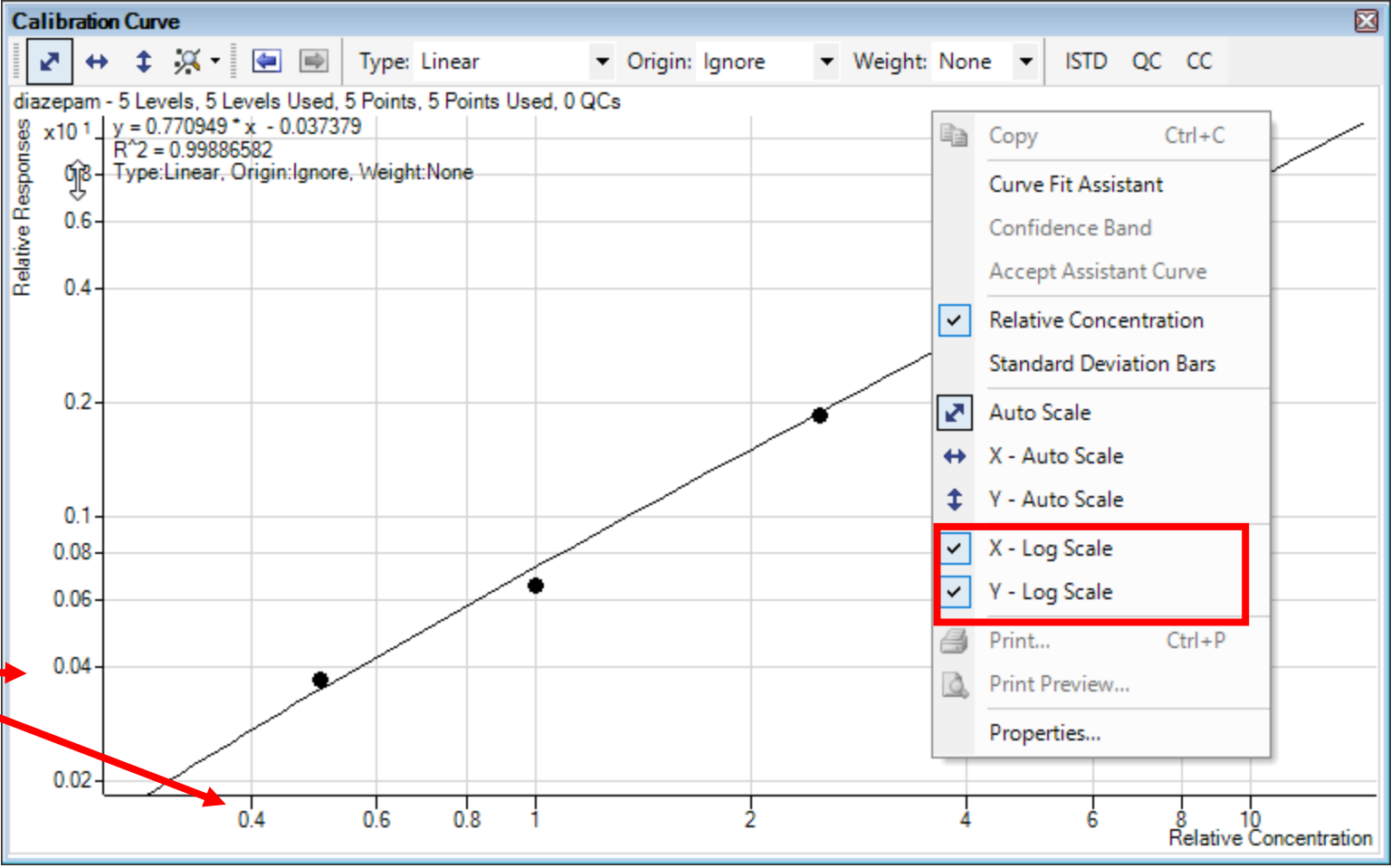
Original Fit (black)

Best Fit (blue)

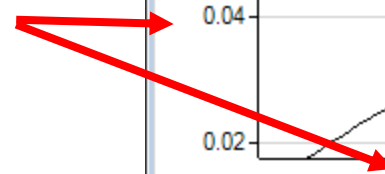
Confidence Band (blue)

Calibration Curve

Log Log Plot



Logarithmic Scale



NEW FEATURE!

Curve Fit Assistant

Accept Assistant Curve

The screenshot shows the 'Calibration Curve' window for 'diazepam'. The main plot displays 'Relative Responses' on the y-axis and 'Relative Concentration' on the x-axis. Two curves are shown: a linear fit with equation $y = 0.770949 * x - 0.037379$ and $R^2 = 0.99886582$, and a quadratic fit with equation $y = -0.006755 * x^2 + 0.842446 * x - 0.130065$ and $R^2 = 0.99937228$. A context menu is open over the plot, with 'Accept Assistant Curve' highlighted in red. Other menu items include 'Copy', 'Curve Fit Assistant', 'Confidence Band', 'Relative Concentration', 'Standard Deviation Bars', 'Auto Scale', 'X - Auto Scale', 'Y - Auto Scale', 'X - Log Scale', 'Y - Log Scale', 'Print...', 'Print Preview...', and 'Properties...'. Below the plot is a 'Curve Fit' table and a 'Residual' table.

Type	Origin	Weight	# of Disabled Points
Quadratic	Ignore	None	0
Quadratic	Include	None	0
Linear	Include	None	0
Quadratic	Force	Log	0
Quadratic	Blank off..	Log	0
Linear	Ignore	None	0
Quadratic	Force	None	0
Quadratic	Blank off..	None	0
Power	Ignore	None	0
Power	Force	None	0

Residual	Equation
5.1	$y = -0.006755 * x^2 + 0.8...$
5.3	$y = -0.004411 * x^2 + 0.8...$
4.1	$y = 0.769312 * x - 0.025968$
19.9	$y = -0.003180 * x^2 + 0.7...$
19.9	$y = -0.003180 * x^2 + 0.7...$
4.2	$y = 0.770949 * x - 0.037379$
3.1	$y = -0.001842 * x^2 + 0.7...$
3.1	$y = -0.001842 * x^2 + 0.7...$
3.9	$y = 0.767519 * x^0.998791$
3.9	$y = 0.767519 * x^0.998791$

Calibration Curve Properties

The screenshot displays the 'Calibration Curve' software window. The main window title is 'Calibration Curve'. The toolbar includes icons for zooming and a dropdown menu. The status bar shows 'Type: Quadratic', 'Origin: Ignore', 'Weight: None', 'ISTD', 'QC', and 'CC'. The graph area shows 'diazepam' with the following statistics: '5 Levels, 5 Levels Used, 5 Points, 5 Points Used, 0 QCs'. The equation of the curve is $y = -0.006755 * x^2 + 0.842446 * x - 0.130065$ and the coefficient of determination is $R^2 = 0.99937228$. The y-axis is labeled 'Relative Responses' and ranges from 0 to 8. A context menu is open over the graph, listing options such as 'Copy', 'Curve Fit Assistant', 'Confidence Band', 'Accept Assistant Curve', 'Relative Concentration', 'Standard Deviation Bars', 'Auto Scale', 'X - Auto Scale', 'Y - Auto Scale', 'X - Log Scale', 'Y - Log Scale', 'Print...', and 'Print Preview...'. The 'Properties...' option is highlighted with a blue box, and an arrow points from it to the 'Properties' dialog box.

The 'Properties' dialog box is titled 'Properties' and contains the following settings:

- Calibration Curve**
- General:**
 - Background color: Automatic
 - Foreground color: Automatic
 - Gridlines color: Light Gray
 - Point size: Small
- Standard deviation bars:**
 - Show standard deviation bars:
 - Color: Gray
- ISTD responses:**
 - Show ISTD responses:
 - ISTD response color: Green
- Calibration curve:**
 - Curve color: Automatic
 - Point color: Automatic
 - Auto scale to enabled points:
- QC:**
 - Show QC points:
 - Line color: Light Blue
 - Fill color: Blue
- Current sample indicator:**
 - Show indicator:
 - Calibration sample: Dark Blue
 - Sample: Magenta
- CC:**
 - Show CC points:
 - Line color: Pink
 - Fill color: Red

Buttons at the bottom: Default, OK, Cancel, Apply.



Let's take a moment
for questions on
Calibration Curve and
Curve Fit Assistant

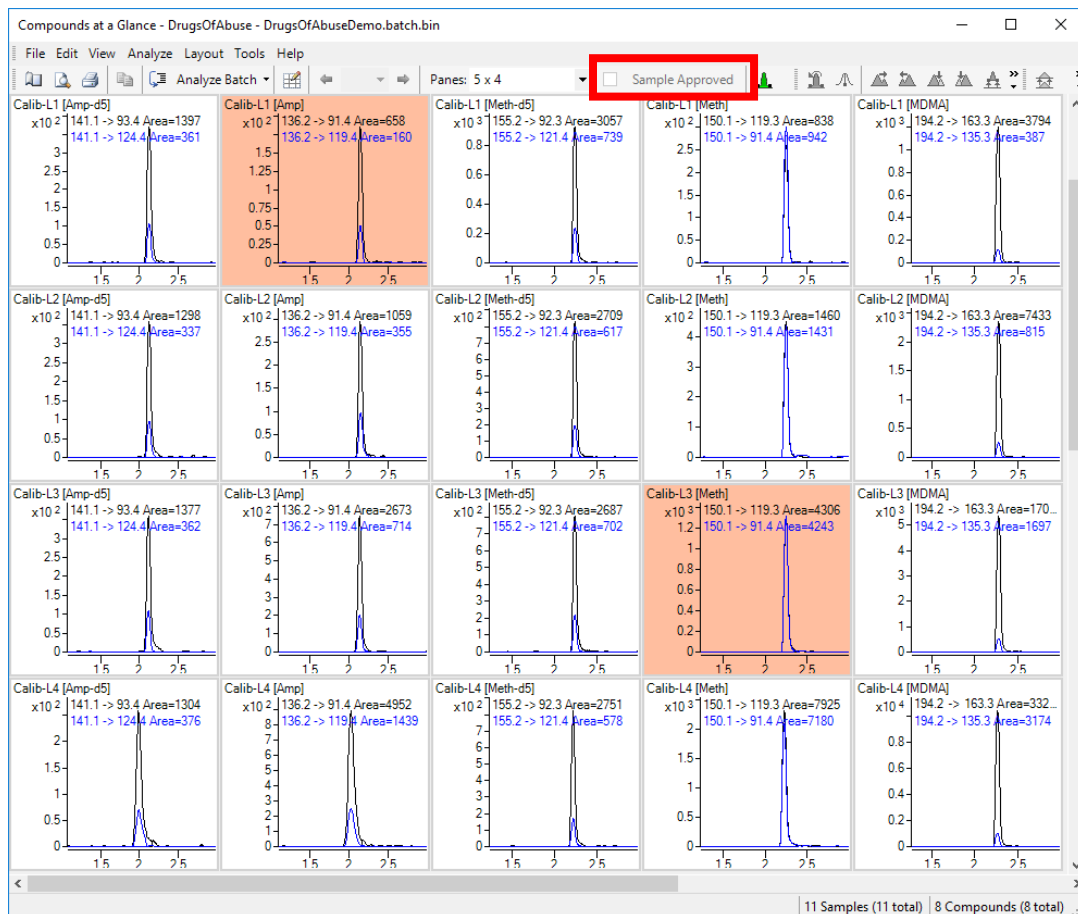


Time for a demo on Calibration Curve and Curve Fit Assistant

Next up:
Compounds at a Glance

Compounds-at-a-Glance

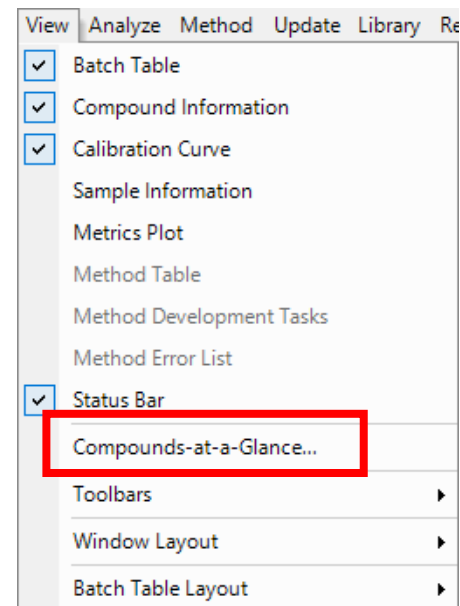
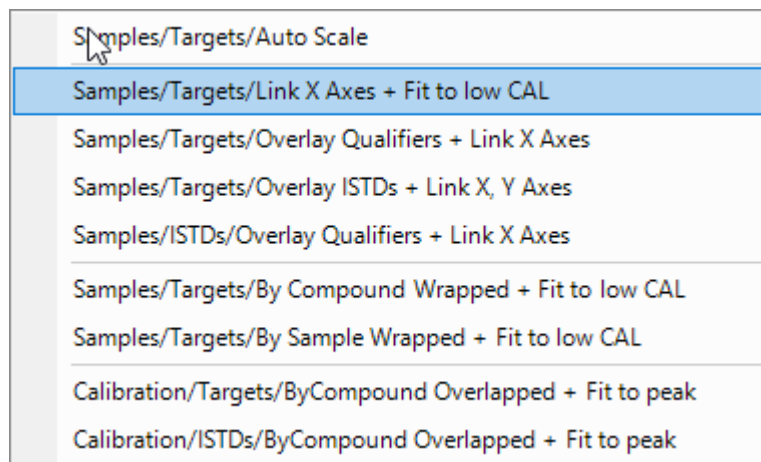
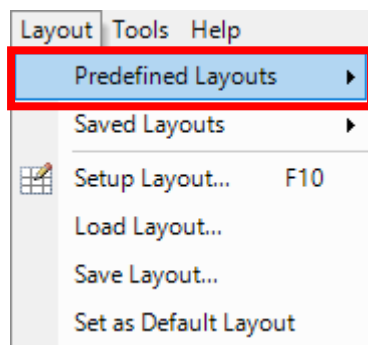
High throughput data review environment.
View compounds across multiple samples.
View all compounds within a sample.



Compounds-at-a-Glance

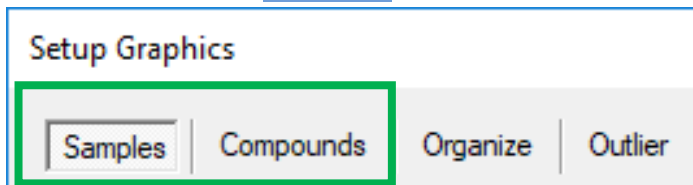
To start, select **View > Compounds-at-a-Glance...**

Choose **Layout > Predefined Layout**



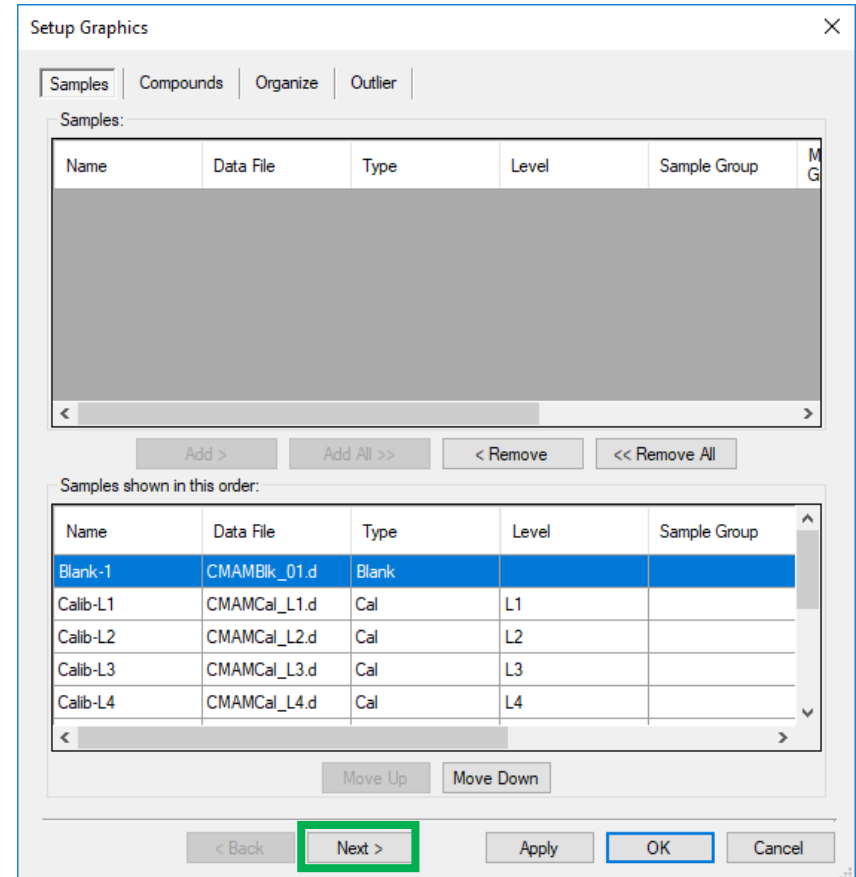
Compounds-at-a-Glance Setup Graphics Wizard

To customize select **Layout > Setup...**



Specify **Samples** to view in Compounds-at-a-Glance then **Compounds**. By default, all samples and all compounds are selected.

Specific samples and order can be modified.



Compounds-at-a-Glance Setup Graphics Wizard

The screenshot shows the 'Setup Graphics' dialog box with the 'Organize' tab selected. The 'Organize Rows by:' section has 'Samples' selected. The 'Overlay:' section has 'Qualifiers' selected. The 'Review Mode' section has 'None' selected. The 'Pane Dimension' is set to '5 x 4'. The 'Display Options' section has 'Baselines' checked. The 'Peak annotations...' button is visible at the bottom.

Define how to **Organize** the selected compounds and samples.

Define the Overlay mode.

Review Mode

Sample by Sample

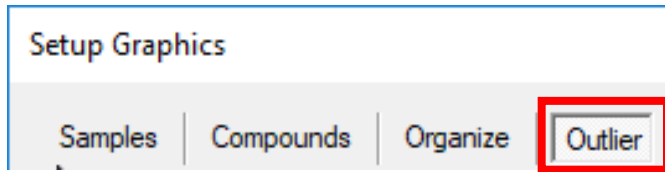
Compound by Compound

Compound Group by Compound Group

Display Options

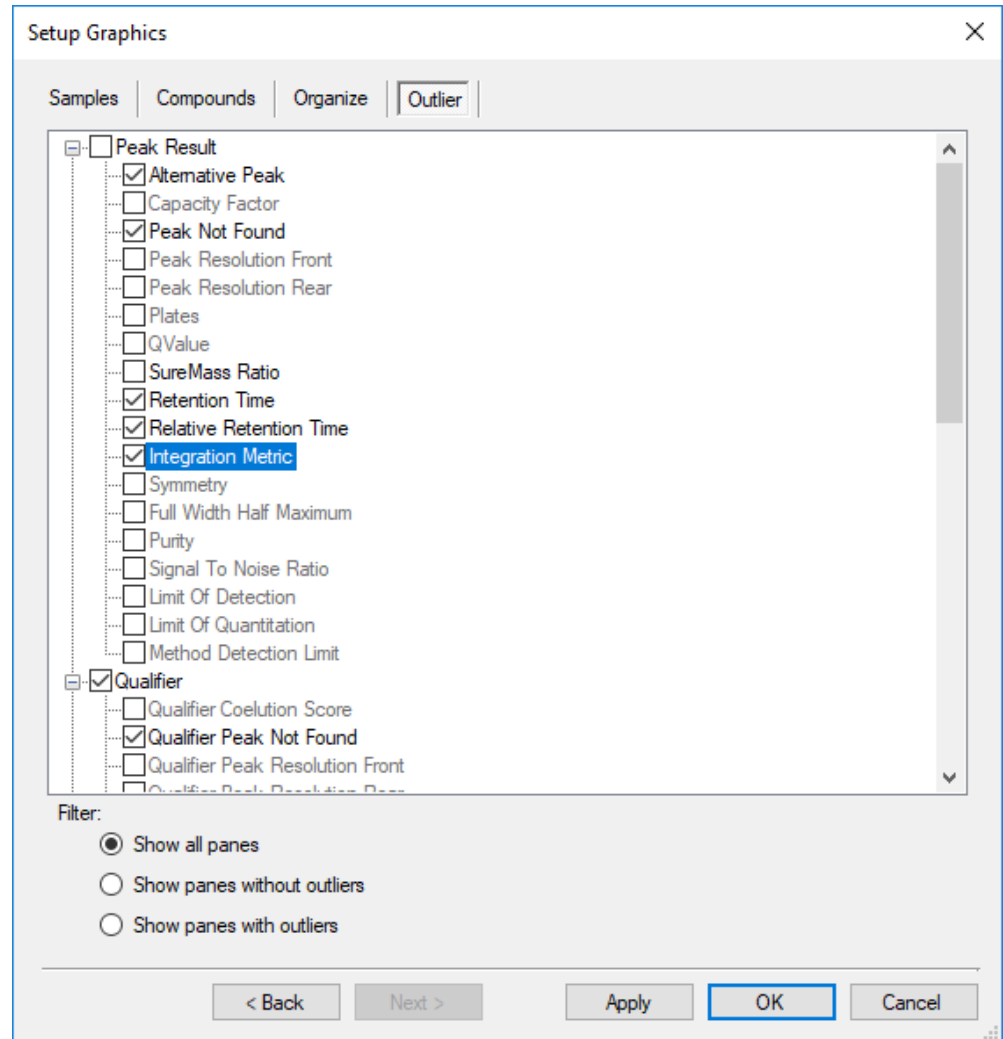
The screenshot shows the 'Display Options' section of the Setup Graphics Wizard. The options are: Wrap Rows, Baselines, Fill Peaks, Normalize, and Uncertainty Band.

Compounds-at-a-Glance Setup Graphics Wizard

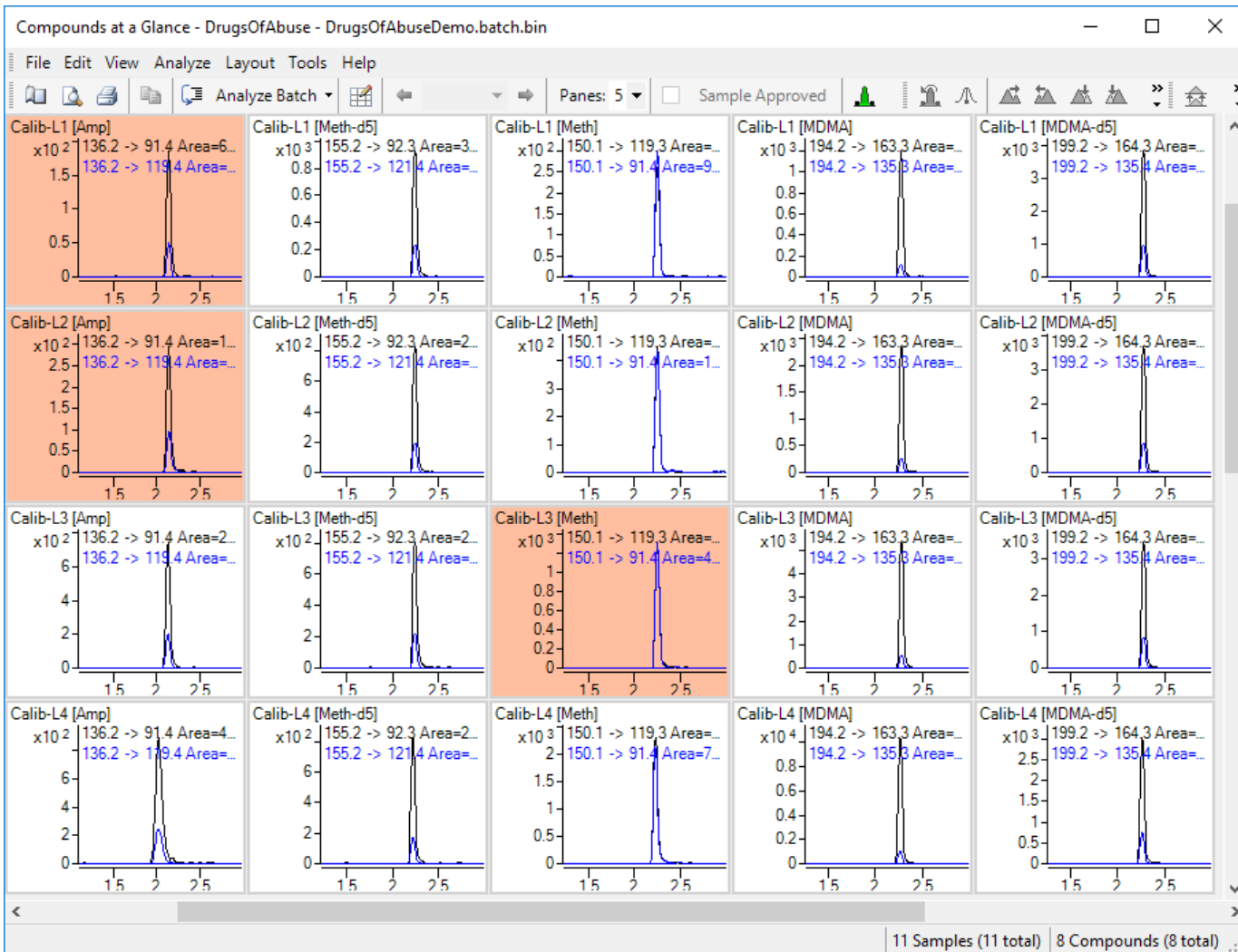


Finally, define which **Outliers** should be highlighted...

Outliers can also be filtered by
Panels without outliers
Panels with outliers



Compounds-at-a-Glance Outliers



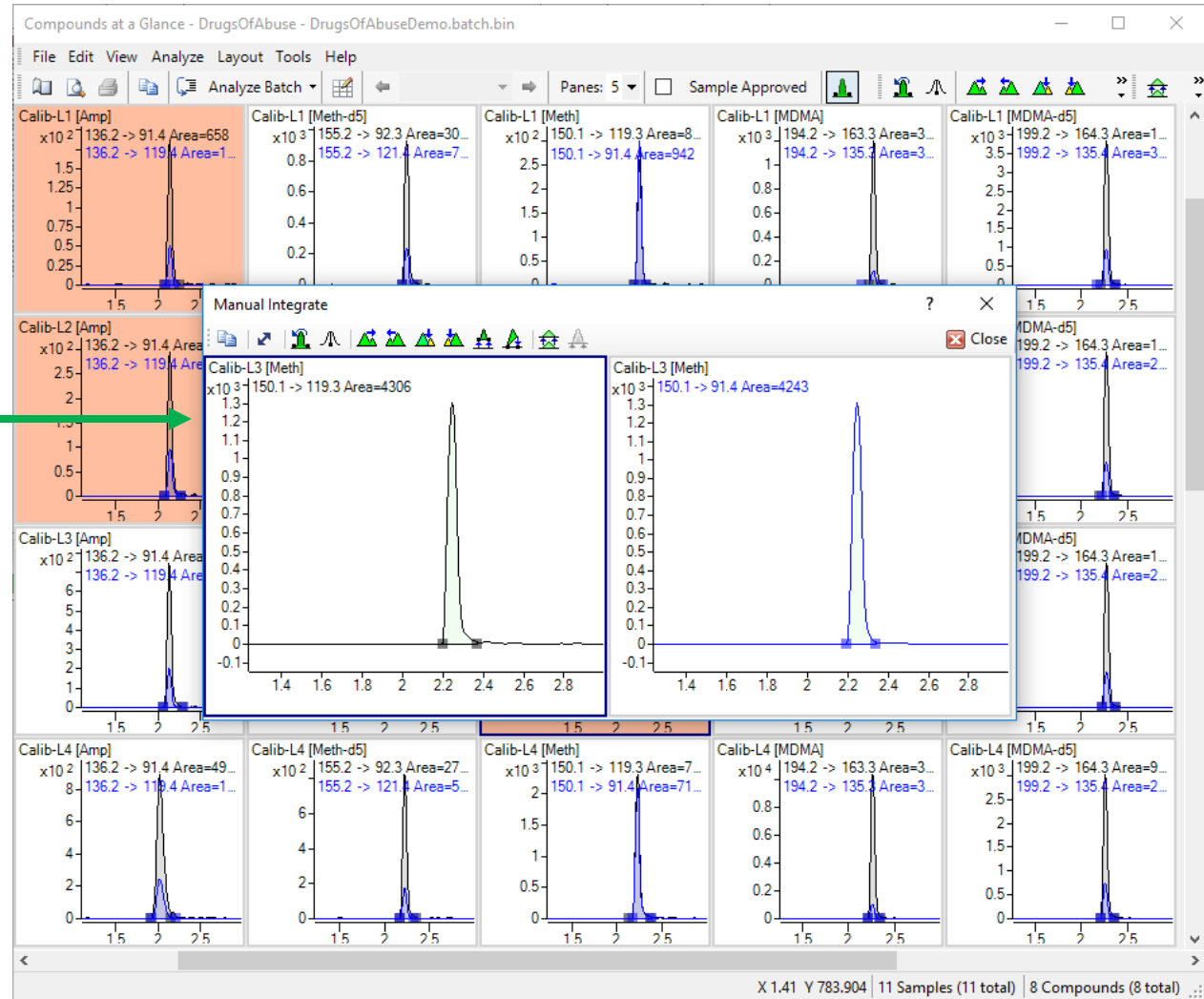
Outliers are highlighted in red.

Compounds-at-a-Glance

Manual Integration Pop Up

Double click for single pane access.

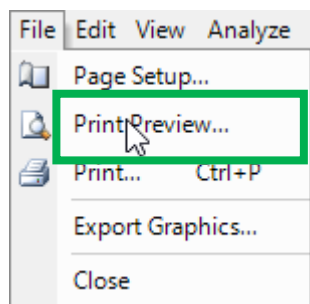
Can be accessed without manual integration being activated.



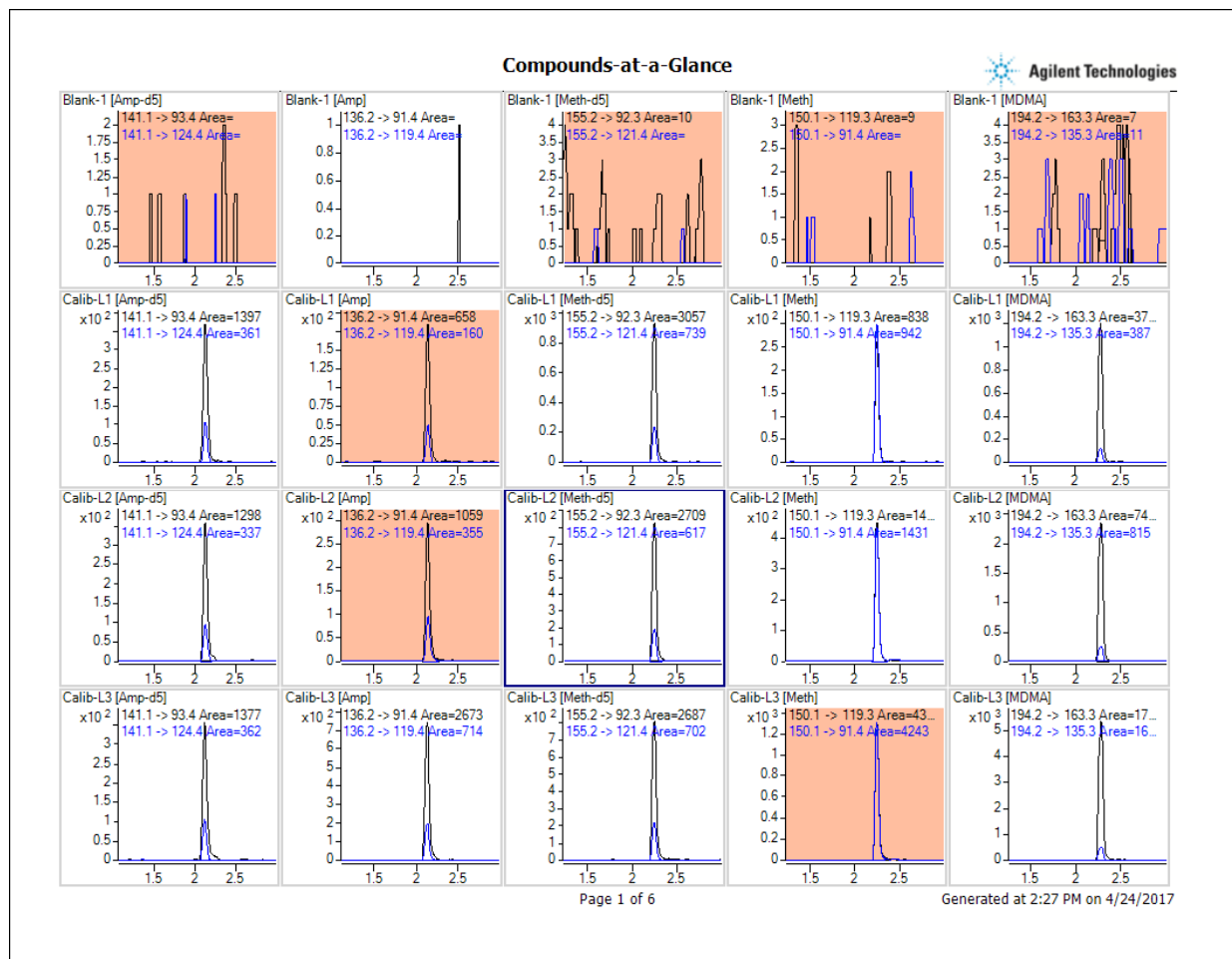
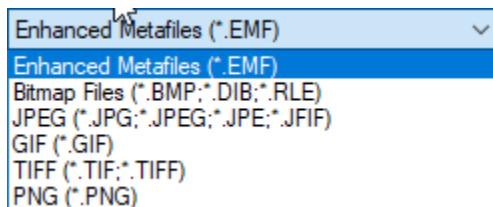
Compounds-at-a-Glance

Print Preview

Select **File > Print Preview** to create a chromatogram report.



Export Graphics
give a graphic
image in various
formats.



Compounds-at-a-Glance Properties

From the
context menu
select
Properties

Properties

Compounds-at-a-Glance

General:

Background color: Automatic

Foreground color: Automatic

Gridlines color: No display

Outlier color:

Pane border: Light Gray

Selected pane border:

Font size: 8

Peaks:

Baselines

Normalize

Uncertainty band

Peak annotations...

Peak fill:

Fill alternate peaks when:

Retention Time:

Reference RT:

Recognition window:

Manual integration:

Show baseline start/end boxes

Manual integration:

Max. # of panes: 3

Navigation:

Synchronize Navigation

Peak Annotations

Area

Calc. Conc.

Final Conc.

RT

Height

Ratio

Delta RT

S/N

Q. Computed

Display annotation names (ex. RT=2.452)

Display units for Conc., RT and Delta RT

Response ratio label: Ratio

OK Cancel

Chromatogram colors...

Chromatogram Colors

Colors:

Move Up

Move Down

Remove

Change

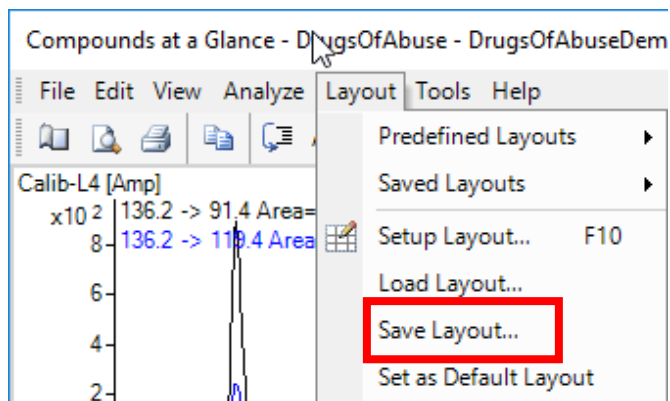
Insert

Default OK Cancel

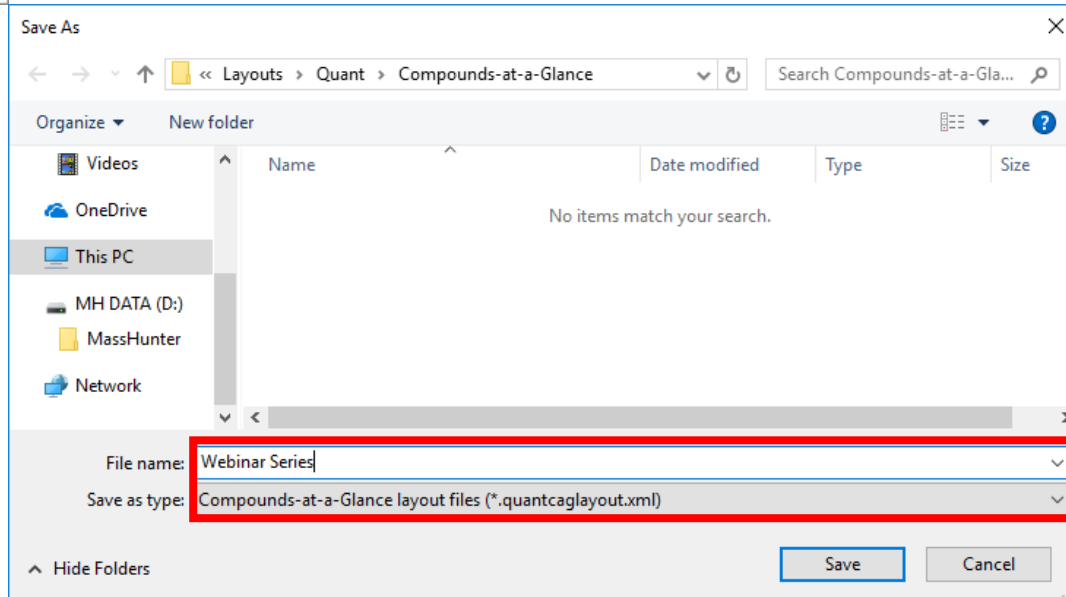
Default OK Cancel Apply

Compounds-at-a-Glance

Save Layout



Some settings in the Layout screens are not saved such as compounds, samples, etc.



Time for questions on Compounds at a Glance





Let's watch a demo
on Compounds at a
Glance

Next up:
Global Settings

Globals Settings

Component of Method Editor.

Global parameters are critical to proper quantitation.

Globals are method parameters.

Globals apply to the whole batch – all samples and all compounds.

Globals Settings

Globals	
Apply Multiplier to ISTD	<input type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Matrix Spike	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Surrogate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Target	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bracketing Type	None
Correlation Window	2.000
Dynamic Background Subtraction	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ignore Peaks Not Found	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Library Method	
Non Reference Window	200.000
Non Reference Window Type	Percent
Reference Library	
Reference Pattern Library	
Reference Window	80.000
Reference Window Type	Percent
Relative ISTD	<input type="checkbox"/>
Standard Addition	<input type="checkbox"/>



Apply Multiplier's

- None or Overlapped or Sample Group
- Associates target and qualifiers in min
- **Dynamic Background Subtraction**
- To avoid flagging target compounds that absent
- Part of unified method



Peak identification within the extraction window

- Spectral Reference Library (.reflibrary.xml)
- Spectral Pattern Reference Library (.reflibrary.xml)



Peak identification within the extraction window
(ISTD with Time Reference Flag checked)

- Semi quant relative to ISTD
- Quantitate with Standard Addition



Globals Settings

Calculated and Final Concentration

Sample			1,2,4-Trichlorobe...		1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene Results				
Type	Level	Dil.	Exp. Conc.	Units	RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.
Sample		1.0		ng/ml	23.280	1138	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6341	0.6341
Sample		1.0		ng/ml	24.071	2074	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6581	0.6581
Sample		1.0		ng/ml	23.280	2272	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6580	0.6580
Sample		1.0		ng/ml	23.280	5189	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6964	0.6964

Calculated Concentration (Calc. Conc.)—is the concentration of the compound as calculated from the calibration curve.

Final Concentration (Final Conc.)—is the concentration after the Multiplier has been applied to the Calculated Concentration.

The equations are:

Final Concentration = Calculated Concentration x Multiplier

Globals Settings

Multiplier

Multiplier = Dilution x Sample Amount Multiplier where

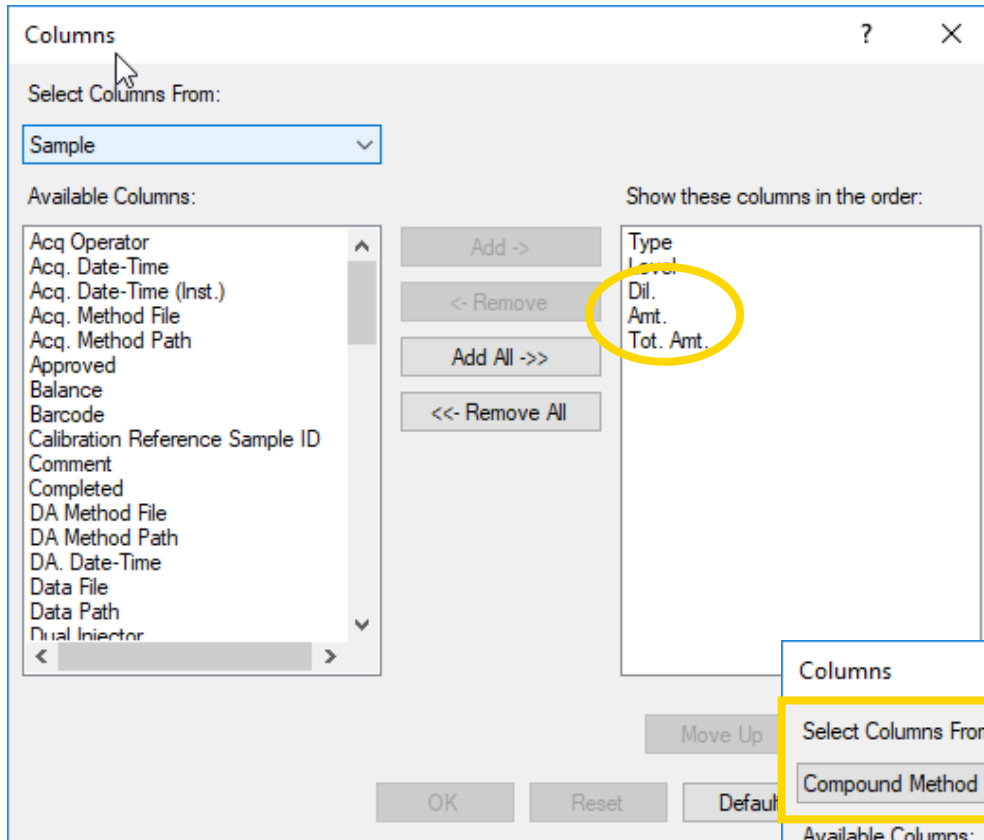
$$\text{Sample Amount Multiplier} = \text{TotalAmt}/\text{Amt}$$

All three of the factors are columns in the Sample section of the Batch Table. By default, they are set to 1, either

explicitly (Dil.) or implicitly (Amt. and Tot. Amt.)

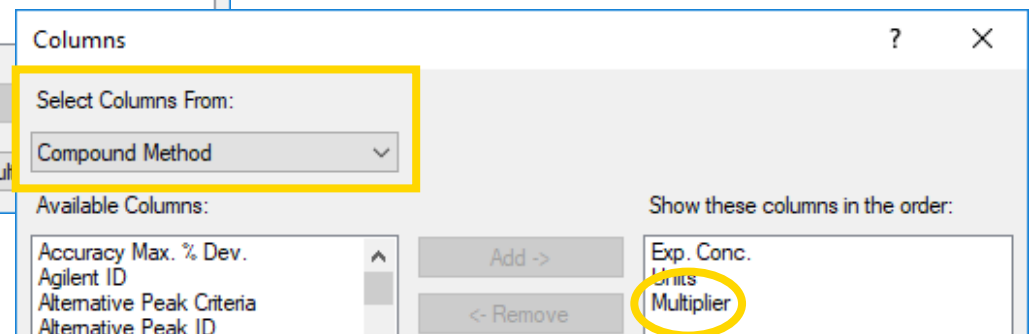
Sample		1,2,4-Trichlorobe...			1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene Results						
Type	Level	Dil.	Amt.	Tot. Amt.	Exp. Conc.	Units	RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.
Sample		1.0				ng/ml	23.280	1138	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6341	0.6341
Sample		1.0				ng/ml	24.071	2074	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6581	0.6581
Sample		1.0				ng/ml	23.280	2272	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6580	0.6580
Sample		1.0				ng/ml	23.280	5189	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6964	0.6964

Globals Settings Multiplier



The columns (Dil., Amt., TotalAmt, and Multiplier) must be added to the Batch Table.

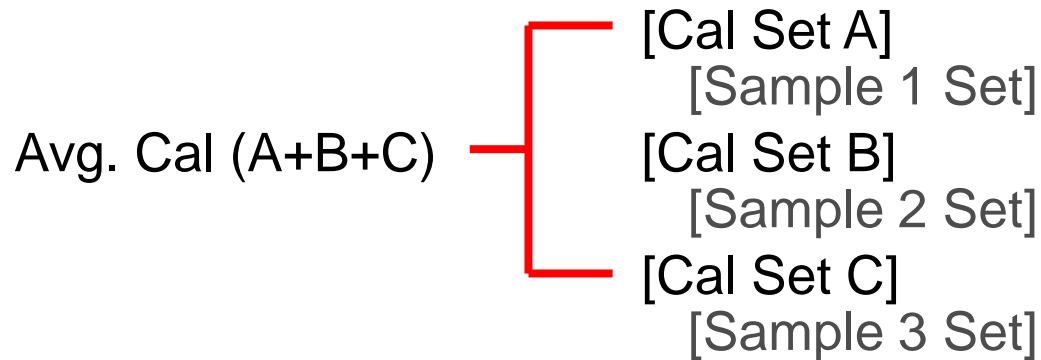
The Multiplier in the Compound Results represents the product applied to the compound.



Globals Settings

Bracketing type = None

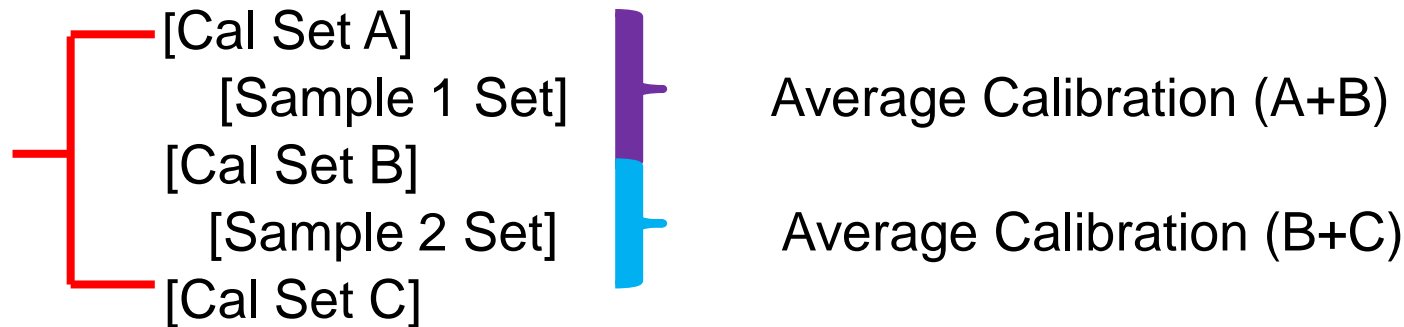
No (None) Bracketing allows the user to have sample(s) quantitated using the average of **all** the calibration standards in the batch without regard to order.



Globals Settings

Bracketing type = Overlapped

Overlapped Bracketing allows the user to have sample(s) quantitated using the average of the calibration standards injected both before and after the samples injection.



Globals Settings

Bracketing Type = Sample Group

Used with Stream Select (LC)

When the Bracketing Type Sample Group is implemented, only samples from a specific Sample Group (specified in the Batch Table) are considered in the formation of the calibration curve and quantitation of the samples. This feature would accommodate slight shifts in retention time and/or variations in instrument responses.

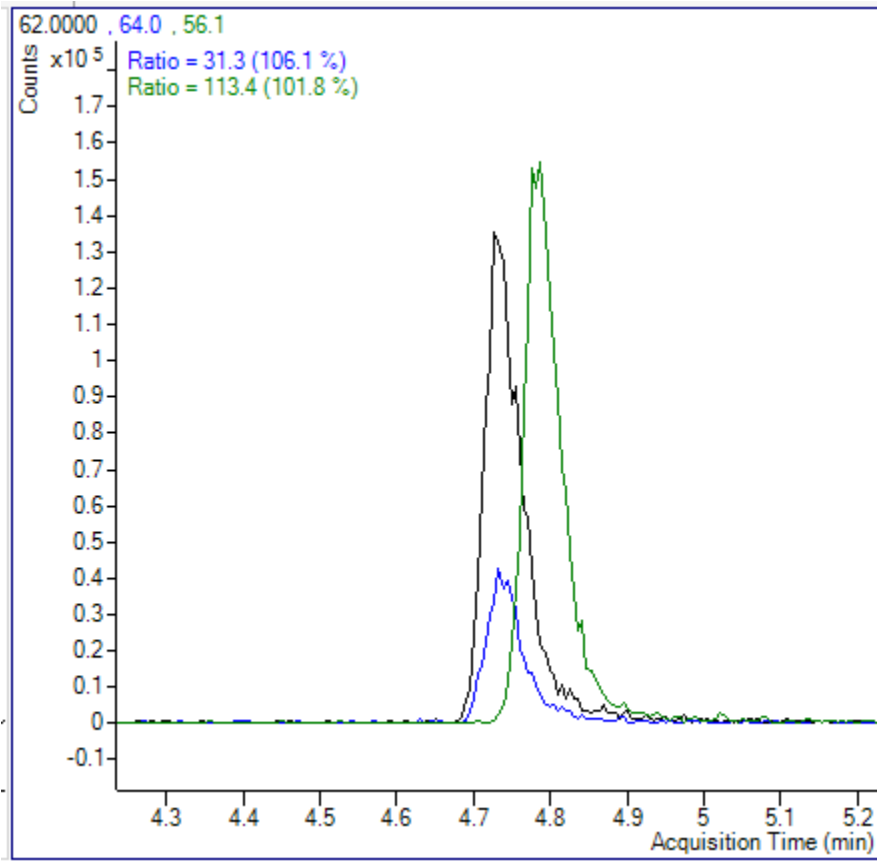
Comment	Sample Group	Info.
	Column 1	
	Column 2	
	Column 1	
	Column 2	

Added from Worklist or Batch Table.

Globals Settings

Correlation Window

Indicates the retention time relationship of target and ions to one or more qualifiers.



Tolerance of extracted ions to be considered a single peak.

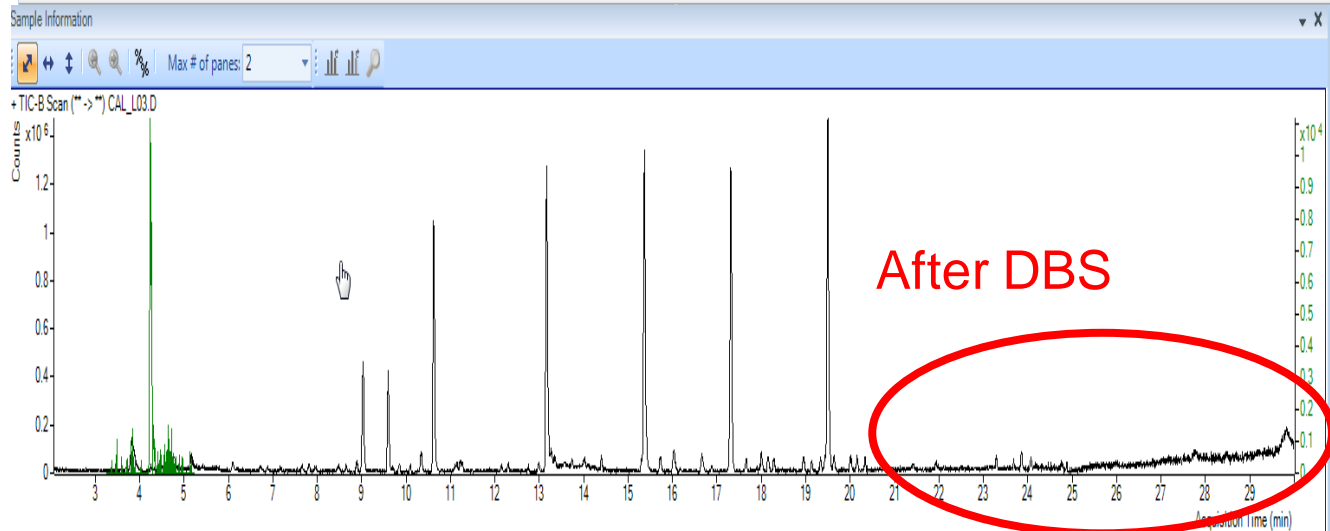
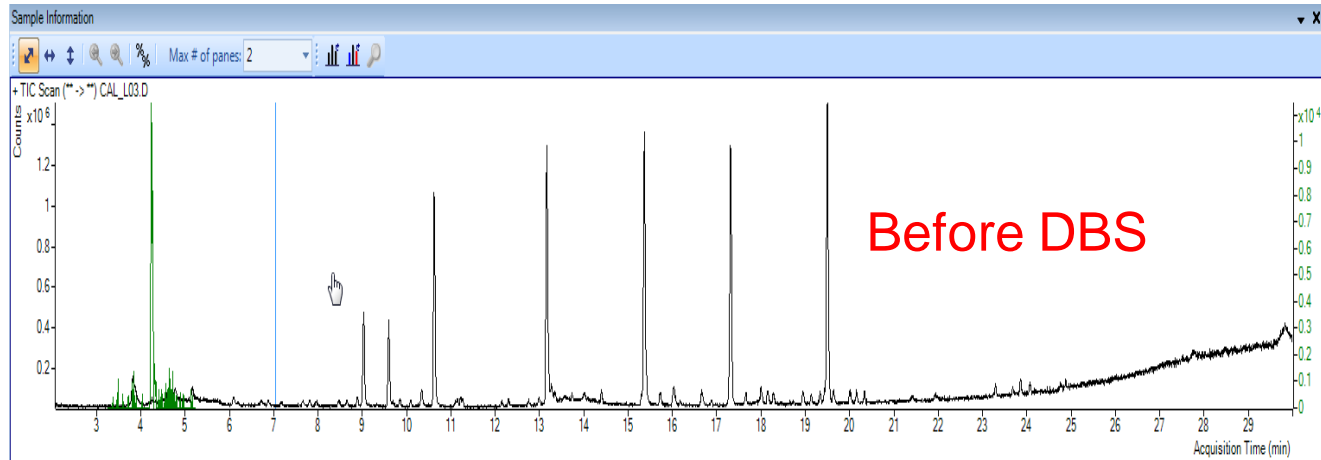
Default time of 0.5 min is rather wide.

Typically 0.01 to 0.05 min (0.6 sec to 3 sec)

Globals Settings

Dynamic Background Subtraction

Removes noise or background ions in TIC, not generally recommended.

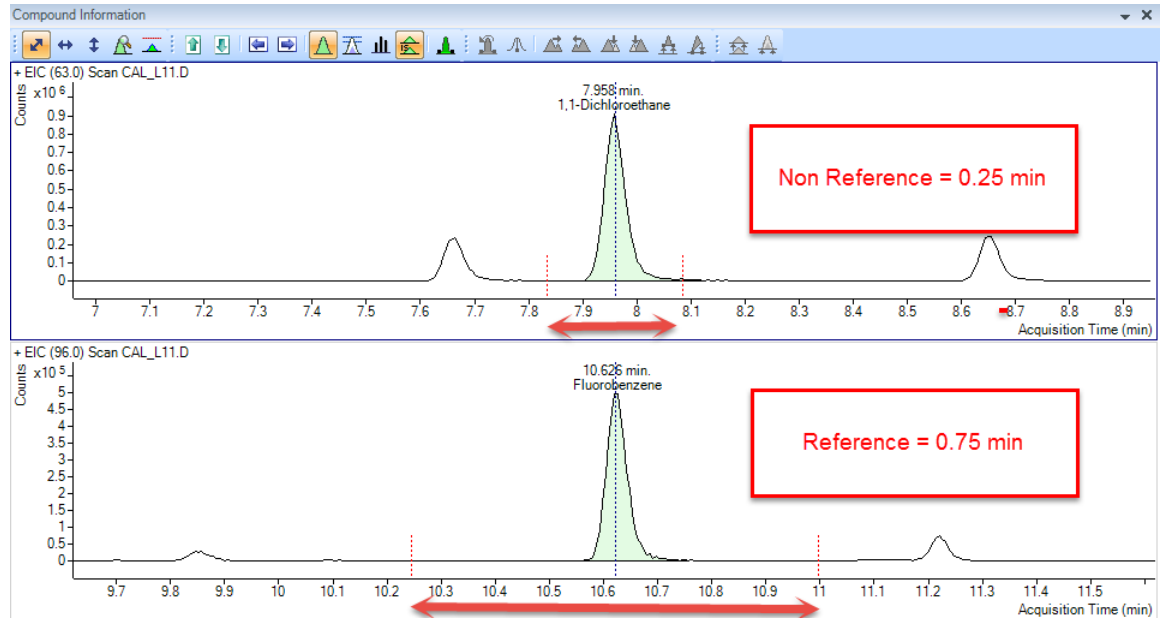


Globals Settings

Non Reference & Reference Window

Globals	
Apply Multiplier to ISTD	<input type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Matrix Spike	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Surrogate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Target	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bracketing Type	None
CC Maximum Elapsed Time In Hours	0.000
Correlation Window	2.000
Dynamic Background Subtraction	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ignore Peaks Not Found	<input type="checkbox"/>
Library Method	
Non Reference Window	0.250
Non Reference Window Type	Minutes
Reference Library	
Reference Pattern Library	
Reference Window	0.750
Reference Window Type	Minutes
Relative ISTD	<input type="checkbox"/>
Standard Addition	<input type="checkbox"/>

Extract full signal for baseline and noise.
Restrict peak selection to smaller RT window.



Quantifier							
Name	TS	Scan	Type	ISTD Compound Name	ISTD Flag	ISTD Conc.	Time Reference Flag
Fluorobenzene	1	Scan	ISTD	<None>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Chlorobenzene-d5	1	Scan	ISTD	<None>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>
1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4	1	Scan	ISTD	<None>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	1	Scan	Surrogate	Fluorobenzene	<input type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>
Toluene-D8	1	Scan	Surrogate	Chlorobenzene-d5	<input type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>
1,1-Dichloro-1-propene	1	Scan	Target	Fluorobenzene	<input type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1	Scan	Target	Fluorobenzene	<input type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chloromethane	1	Scan	Target	Fluorobenzene	<input type="checkbox"/>	10.0000	<input type="checkbox"/>

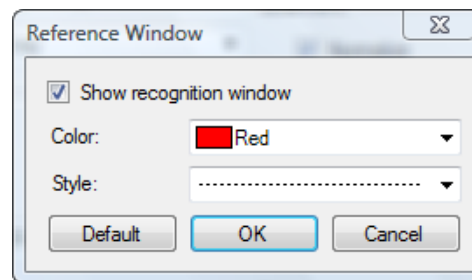
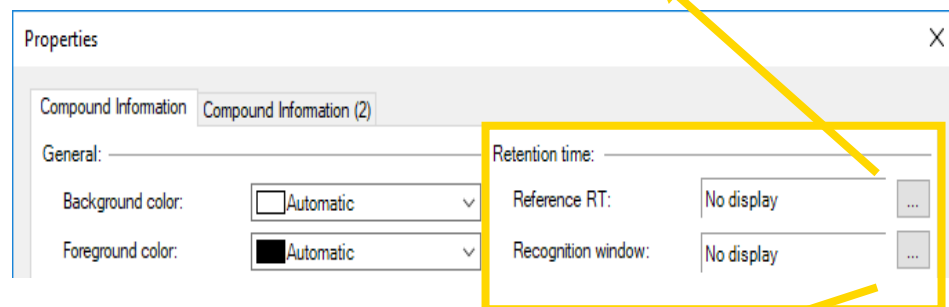
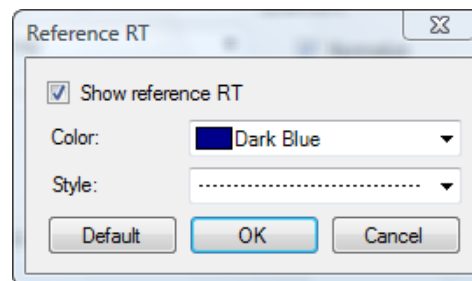
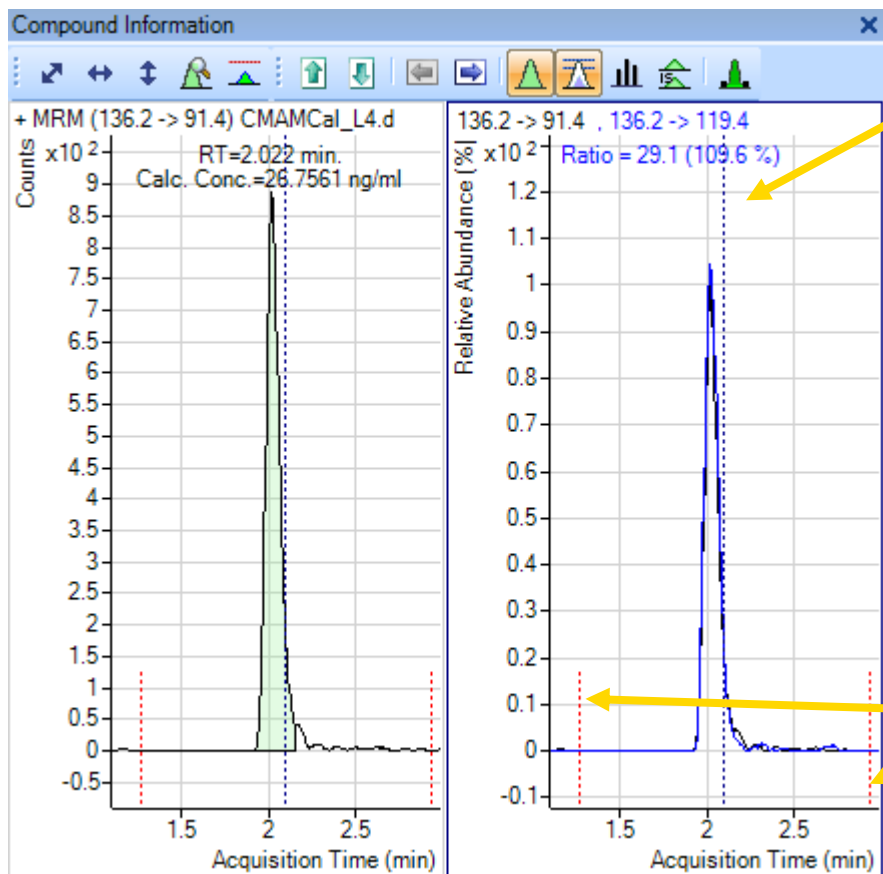
Reference = ISTD + Time Reference

Non Reference = Everything else

Option to Display Reference RT and Window

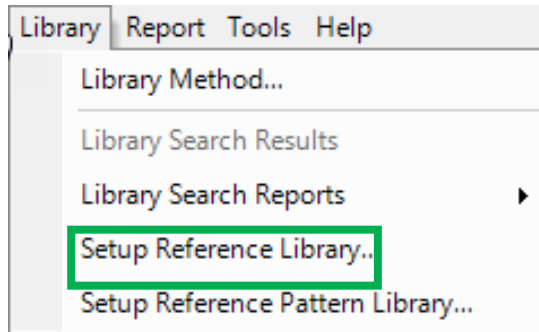
Compound Information > Properties > Retention time

Chose which reference points to show and in what color and style.



Globals Settings

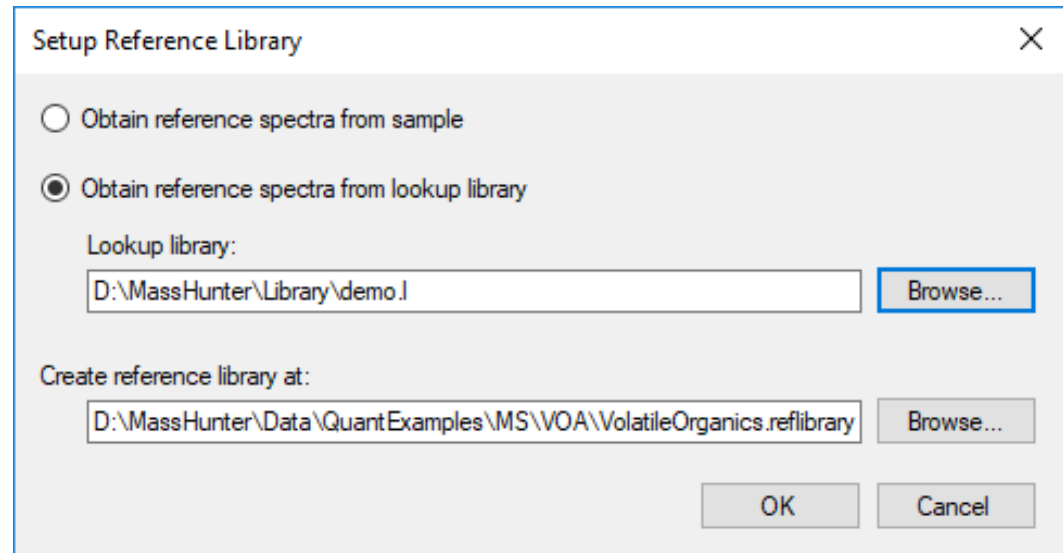
Reference Library



The Reference Library is activated from **Library > Setup Reference Library...**

A reference library can be created from a calibrator or existing library and added to the quant method to aid in the identification of compounds.

High level calibrator should be selected before entering Method Editor to obtain better quality spectra for the reference library from the sample.



Globals Settings Reference Library

Vinyl Chloride Results					
RT	Resp.	MI	Calc. Conc.	Final Conc.	Library Match Score
4.739	17767	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0574	0.0574	53.1
5.181	352	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000	31.1
4.733	1072	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000	35.1
4.646	1199	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000	34.4
4.449	805	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0000	0.0000	29.0
4.733	125882	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.2745	2.2745	59.0
4.739	21858	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.0938	0.0938	61.8
4.728	46684	<input type="checkbox"/>	0.6698	0.6698	72.8
4.722	89753	<input type="checkbox"/>	1.6307	1.6307	83.0

Properties

Compound Information Compound Information (2)

Qualifiers:

Normalize qualifiers

Annotations

Qualifier colors... [button]

Uncertainty band: [No display] [dropdown]

Fill peaks:

Fill out-of-limits qualifier peaks

Fill all qualifier peaks

No qualifier peak fill

Fill target peaks

Spectrum:

[MS/MS precursor ion...] [button]

Reference spectrum

Reference library source

Reference pattern spectrum

Override spectrum

Show match scores

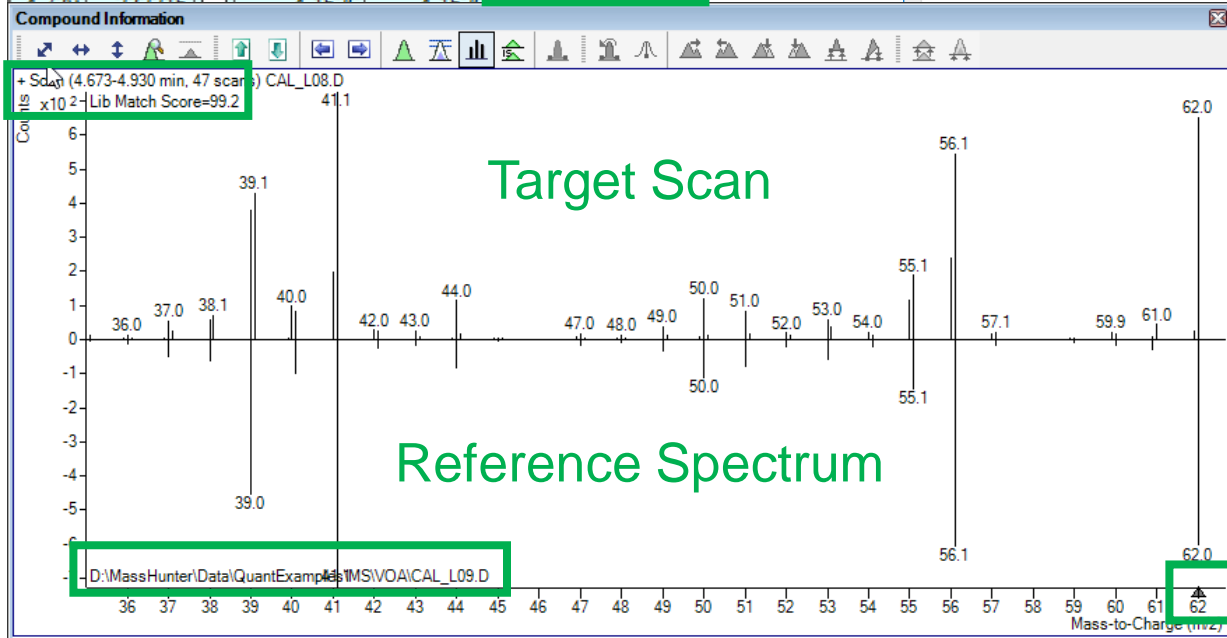
Show mass indicators

Manual integration:

Show baseline start/end boxes

Max. # of panes per row: [3] [spinbox]

[Default] [OK] [Cancel] [Apply]



Library Match Score is column that can be added in the Batch Table.

Globals Settings

Relative ISTD

A method of semi quantitation.

It is a global parameter and is applied to every sample in the batch.

$$[Phe] = \frac{\text{Intensity of Phe}}{\text{Intensity of } D_5Phe} \times [D_5Phe]$$

Relative ISTD is a concept where the response factor of the ISTD is used for quantitation.

$$\frac{\text{Response}}{\text{ISTDResponse}} * \text{ISTDConcentration} * \text{ISTDRelativeMultiplier} = \text{CalculatedConcentration}$$

Globals Settings

Standard Addition

Standard Addition is activated in Globals Setup in the Method Editor. The calibration curve is Linear, Ignore Origin and No Weighting. The non-spiked sample MUST precede the calibrators in the Batch Table. Quant assumes that the order samples are acquired are the order in which they are analyzed.

Globals	
Apply Multiplier to ISTD	<input type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Matrix Spike	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Surrogate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Apply Multiplier to Target	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bracketing Type	None
Correlation Window	2.000
Dynamic Background Subtraction	<input type="checkbox"/>
Ignore Peaks Not Found	<input type="checkbox"/>
Library Method	
Non Reference Window	200.000
Non Reference Window Type	Percent
Reference Library	D:\MassHunter\Data\QuantE...\VolatileOrganics.reflibrary.xml
Reference Pattern Library	
Reference Window	80.000
Reference Window Type	Percent
Relative ISTD	<input type="checkbox"/>
Standard Addition	<input type="checkbox"/>

		Name	Type	Level
?	▼	Sample 1	Sample	
?	▼	Sample 1 Spike 1	Cal	L1
?	▼	Sample 1 Spike 2	Cal	L2
?	▼	Sample 2	Sample	
?	▼	Sample 2 Spike 1	Cal	L1
?	▼	Sample 2 Spike 2	Cal	L2

Order in Batch Table is imperative.
Sample, Cal1, Cal 2....

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Training resources that are available.

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- From new hires to the most seasoned scientists

The screenshot shows the Agilent University website interface. The top navigation bar includes the Agilent logo, 'Trusted Answers', and links for 'ABOUT AGILENT', 'CONTACT US', 'UNITED STATES', and 'LOGIN'. A search bar is located on the right. The main navigation menu includes 'PRODUCTS', 'SOLUTIONS', 'BRANDS', 'TRAINING & EVENTS', 'SERVICES', 'SUPPORT', 'RESOURCES', and 'BUY'. Below this, a 'Training & Events' sub-menu is visible with options for 'Education', 'Dako Academy', 'eSeminars', and 'Events'. A large banner below the menu features the text 'AGILENT UNIVERSITY' and a button labeled 'VIEW ALL TRAINING COURSE OFFERINGS >'. Below the banner, there are three columns of content: 'Increase Tenure and Maximize Productivity', 'Convenient Training' (with a sub-headline 'Our team of industry experts delivers a quality learning experience with a high degree of flexibility to fit the needs of...'), and 'Agilent Training Credits' (with a sub-headline 'INVESTING FOR YOUR...').

Questions on today's material...

Thank you for your attention.



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