

AET

40

30

20

10

AET

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30

20

10

kg



ThermoFisher
SCIENTIFIC

Analytical Workflow for Extractable and Leachable Impurities

AAPS 2015 | 26 October 2015, Orlando FL
Kyle D'Silva

The world leader in serving science



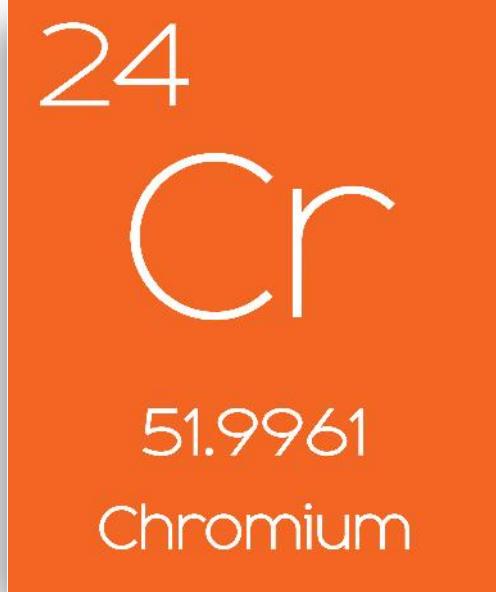
WHAT are **EXTRACTABLES** and **LEACHABLES**?



What is E&L testing for?

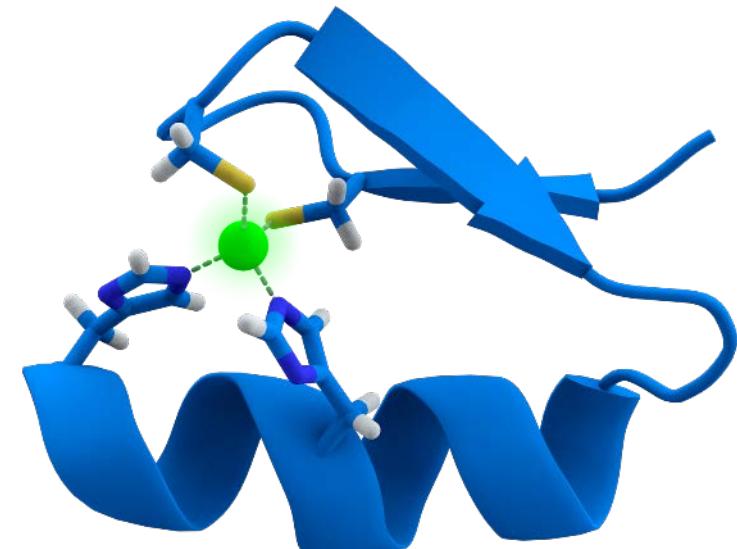


CONTAMINANT TOXICITY



Is there risk of harm
to the patient?

DRUG EFFICACY



Is there impact on
drug potency?

Extractables & Leachables

- **EXTRACTABLE**

- Chemical released from process equipment, packaging or delivery system; **under laboratory extraction conditions.**
- Process must not degrade or deform material.

- **LEACHABLE**

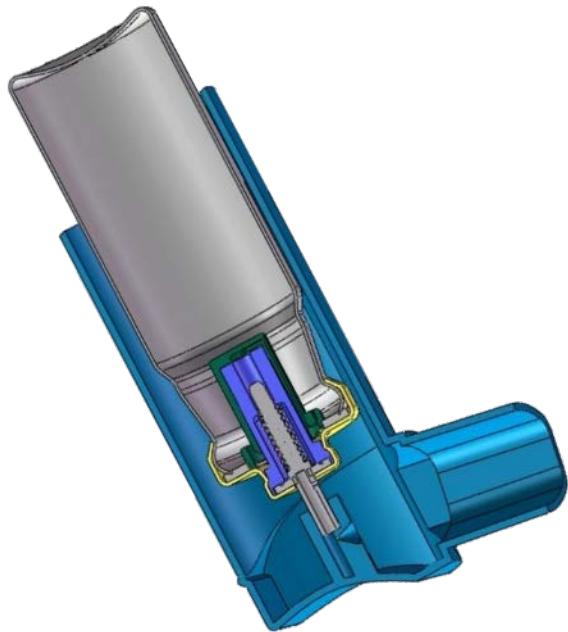
- Chemical that **migrates** from process equipment, packaging or delivery system; into drug formulation **under normal usage conditions.**



Leachables are typically a subset of extractables.

Extractables versus Leachables testing

EXTRACTABLE



Test the materials

LEACHABLE



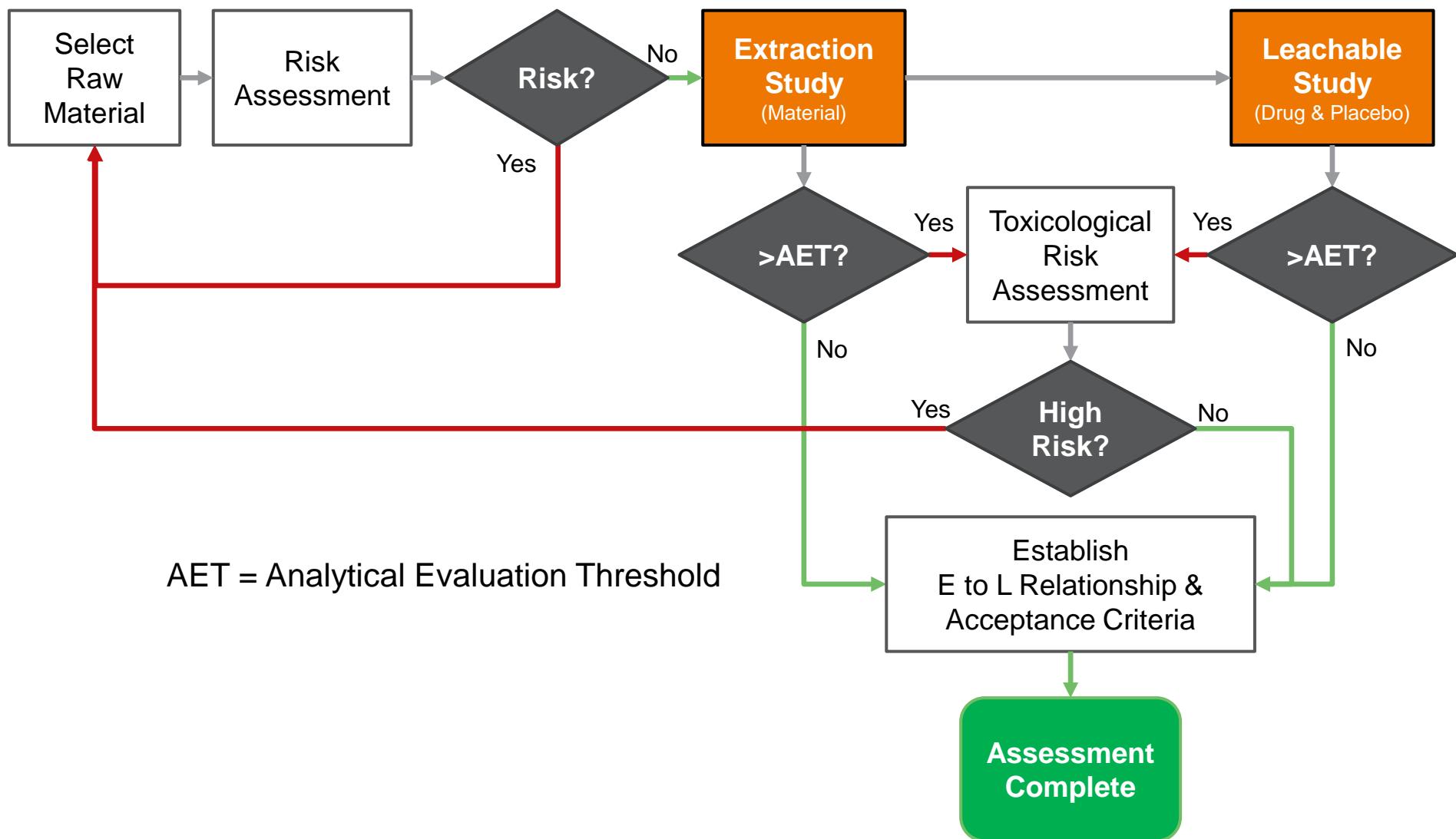
Test the product

Regulations

There are as yet **no single specific standards or guidance** for extractables and leachables testing.



Extractables & Leachables Assessment Workflow



E&L Regulatory and method landscape

National Regulators



Standardized Extractables Testing Protocol.
Pharmaceutical Engineering 34 (2014)



Methods & Advisory Bodies

USP 1663 & 1664

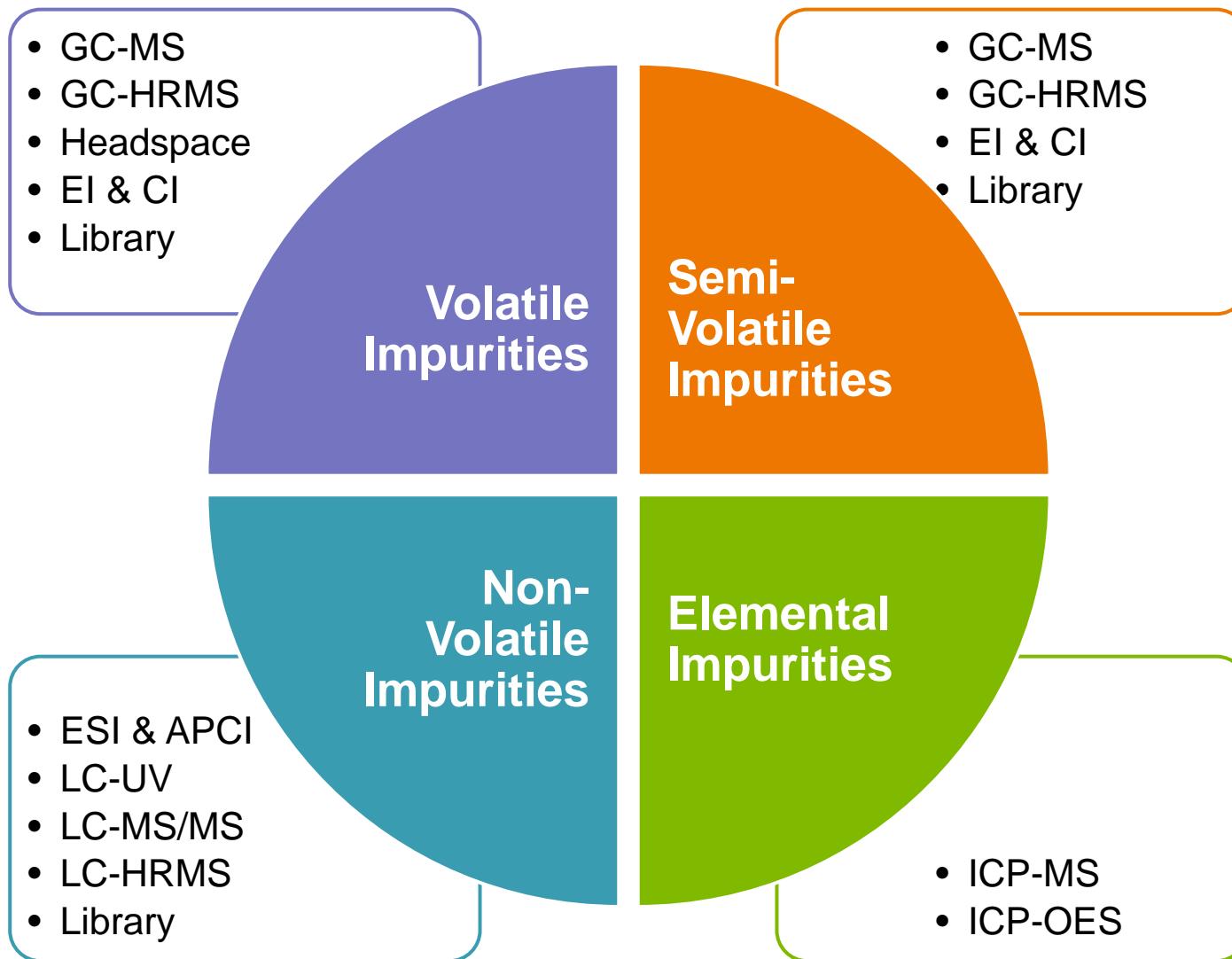
Industry Groups

BPOG Single-use System – Extractables Test Guidelines

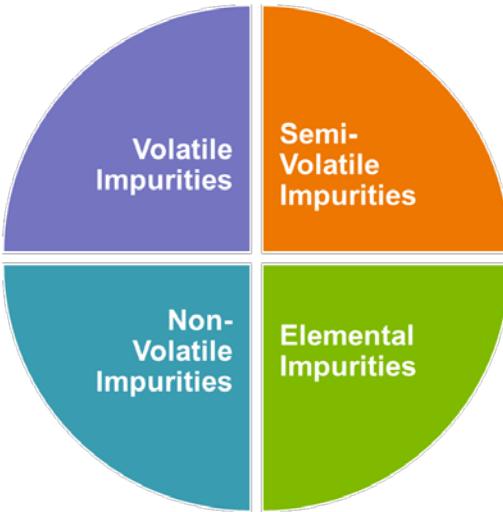
	Solvents						Time				
	50% Ethanol	1% PS-80	5M NaCl	0.5N NaOH	0.1 M Phosphoric acid	WFI ^a	Time 0 (≤ 30 min)	24 hours	7 days	21 days	70 days
	Temperature						Ambient (25°C)	40°C			
Storage, Mixing, and Bioreactor Bags	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X ^b
Tubing	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X ^{b,c}
Tubing Connectors and Disconnectors	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Aseptic Connectors and Disconnectors	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Sterilizing-grade Filters/Process Filters	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	✓
Tangential-flow Filtration Cassettes	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Sensors and Valves	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X ^d
Chromatography Columns; Elastomeric Parts (gaskets, O-rings, diaphragms, and septum); Wetted Polymeric Surfaces of Positive Displacement Pumps	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			
Molded Parts of Mixers	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Filling Needles	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			

Standardized Extractables Testing Protocol. Pharmaceutical Engineering 34 (2014)

Analysis of Extractables & Leachables



Our solution is **complete** for Extractables & Leachables



Preparation



ASE 350
Chromleon

Volatiles



Trace 1300 GC
TriPlus 300
ISQ GC-MS
Chromleon

Semi-volatiles



Q Exactive GC
GC-MS/MS
Trace 1300 GC
TraceFinder

Non-Volatiles



Q Exactive LC-MS/MS
Vanquish UHPLC
ICS-5000 HPIC
Compound Discoverer
TraceFinder
MZ Cloud

Elemental



iCAP Q ICP-MS
iCAP 7000+
ICP-OES
Qtegra ISDS

Consumables



MS Certified Vials
Columns
Ultra-pure GC
Resolv & Optima
LCMS Solvents
Virtuoso

Experimental – O-Ring Extractables Study

Pharmaceutical O-Rings extractables study

- 4 O-ring samples
 - **A** Red
 - **B** Brown
 - **C** White
 - **D** Black
 - **Blank** (control)



- Solvents
 - Water
 - 5M NaCl
 - 50% Ethanol
 - 100% Ethanol
 - 1% PS-80
 - 0.5N NaOH
 - 0.1M Phosphoric Acid
- 40 ° C for 30 days



O-ring Extractables Study

Semi-volatiles



Q Exactive GC
GC-MS/MS

Trace 1310 GC
TraceFinder

Non-Volatiles



Q Exactive LC-
MS/MS

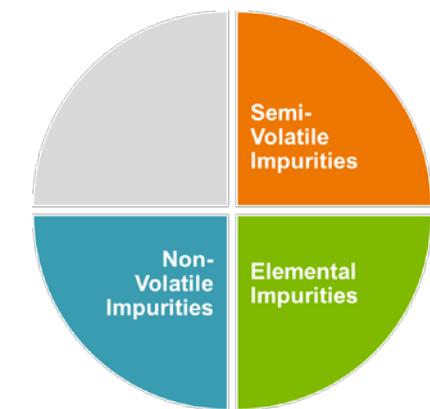
Compound
Discoverer

TraceFinder
MZ Cloud

Metals



iCAP Q ICP-MS
Qtegra ISDS



GC-MS instrument conditions



Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ GC
Hybrid Quadrupole-Orbitrap GC-MS/MS
System

Thermo Scientific™ Trace™ 1310 GC

Thermo Scientific™ TraceFinder™

TRACE 1310 GC Parameters

Injection Volume (mL):	1
Liner	Single gooseneck
Inlet (°C):	280
Carrier Gas, (mL/min):	He, 1.2
Oven Temperature Program:	
Temperature 1 (°C):	40
Hold Time (min):	1
Temperature 2 (°C):	320
Rate (°C/min)	15
Hold Time (min):	10

Q Exactive GC MS Parameters

Transfer line (°C):	280
Ionization type:	EI
Ion source(°C):	230
Electron energy (eV):	70
Acquisition mode:	Full scan
Mass range (Da):	50-650
Mass resolution (FWHM):	60k
Lockmass (m/z):	207.03235

Integration of 3 highly successful technologies



TRACE 1310 GC

rapid heat cycling

unique modular injector and detector design



Integration of 3 highly successful technologies



TSQ 8000 Series ExtractaBrite™ ion source technology

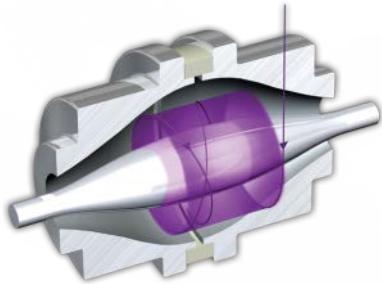
Routine grade robustness

Removable without breaking vacuum

Patented RF lens protects ion guide and quads



Integration of 3 highly successful technologies



Orbitrap mass analyzer technology

Incredible HR/AM performance

Highly regarded Q Exactive platform



Breakthrough in GC-MS capability

The Power of Q Exactive GC

Resolution

Up to
120,000 at
 m/z 200

- Highest available
- Maximum selectivity
- Fast enough for GC!

Mass Accuracy

< 1ppm

- Every scan
- All concentrations
- In complex matrix
- Across the mass range
- Everyday!

Sensitivity

ppt

- In full scan
- High selectivity
- High spectral fidelity

Dynamic Range

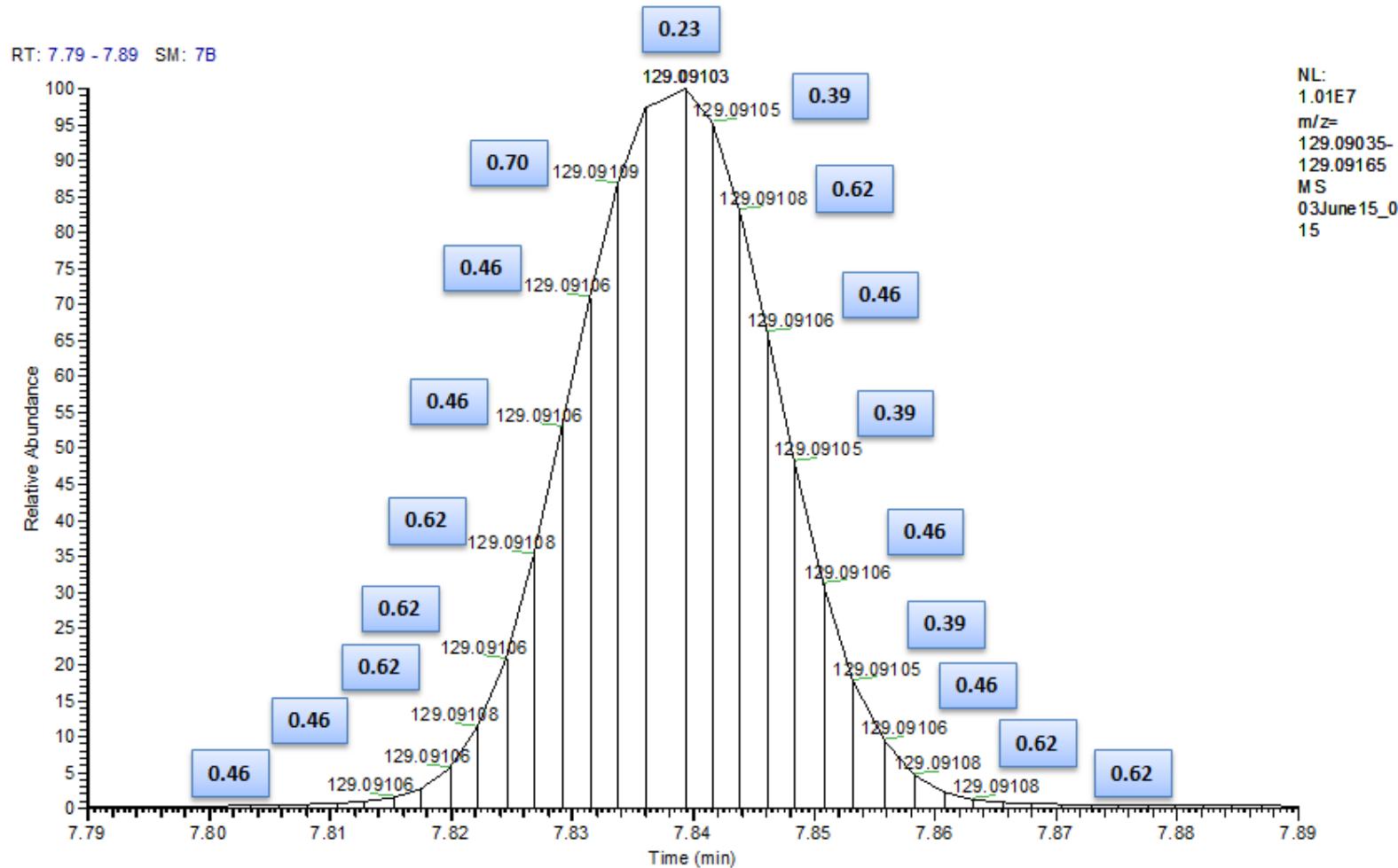
>6 orders

- Excellent coverage in sample profiling
- “Triple quad grade” quantitation in full scan

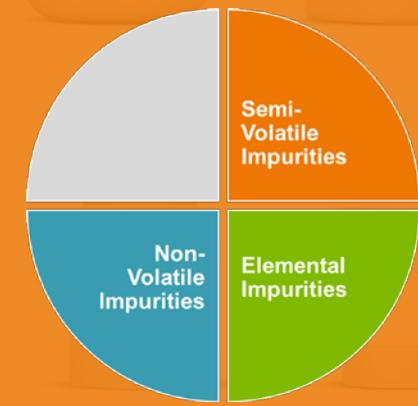


Scan speed and accurate mass error across a peak

Ethyl octanoate m/z 129.0910



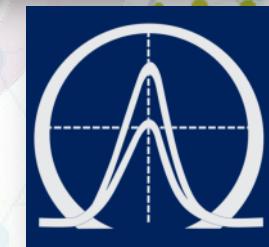
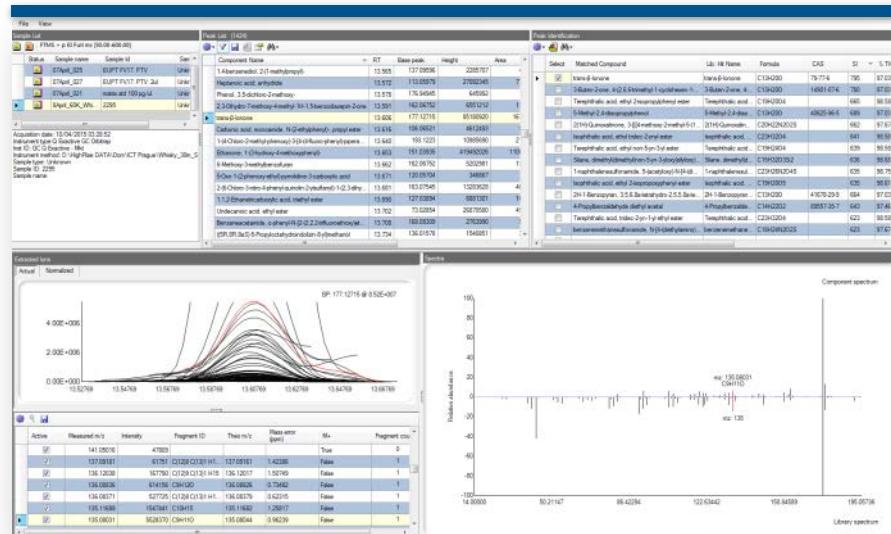
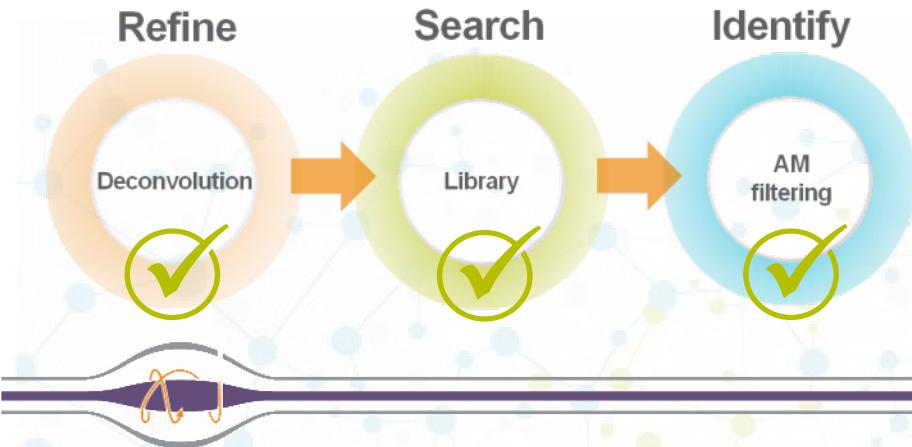
Results – Semi-volatile extractables



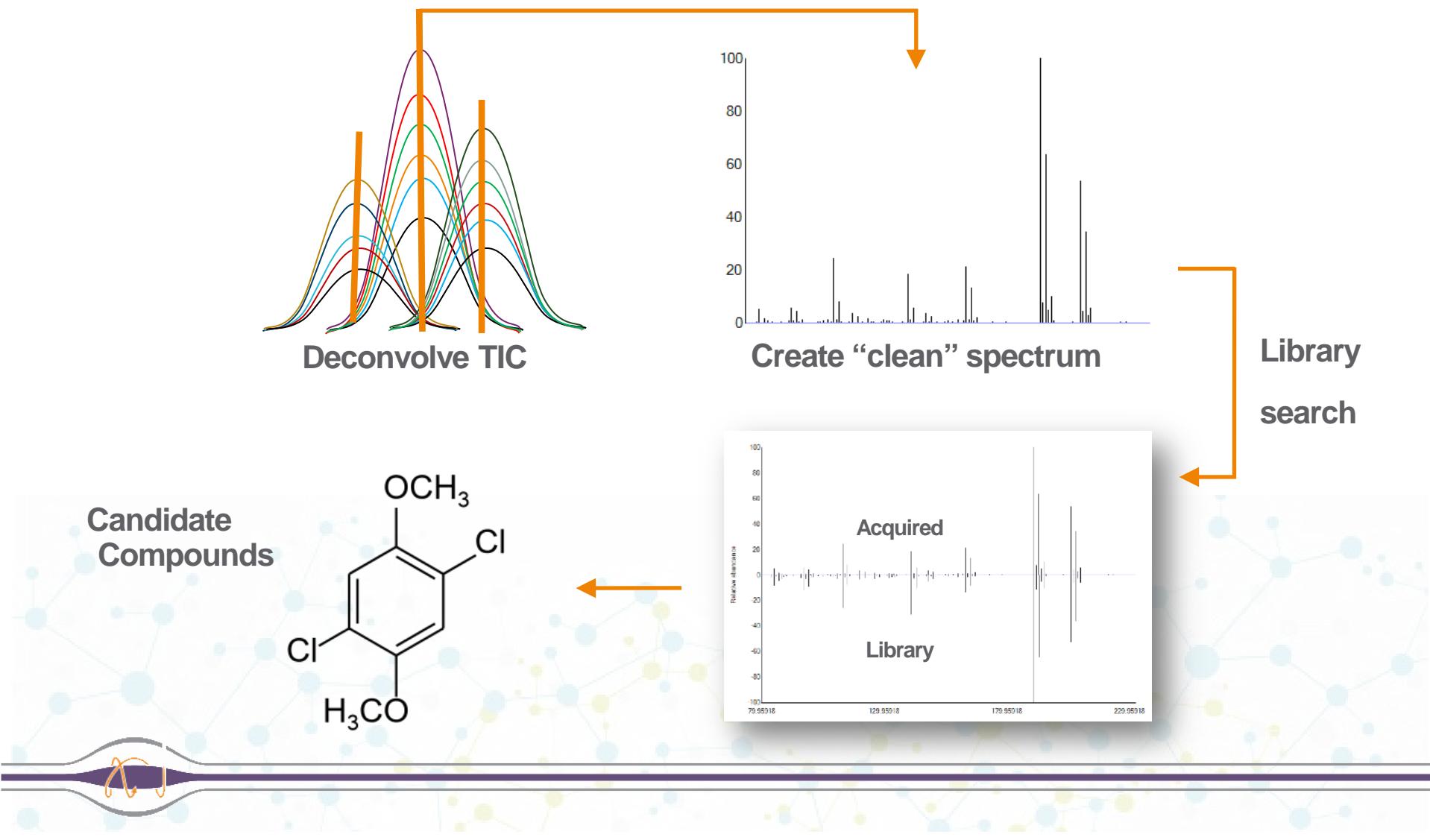
Compound Discovery and Identification

Tracefinder: automated compound detection and identification

1. Peak detection
2. Spectral deconvolution
3. Library searching (e.g. NIST, Wiley, custom)
4. % TIC explained using elemental composition and high resolution filtering with accurate mass

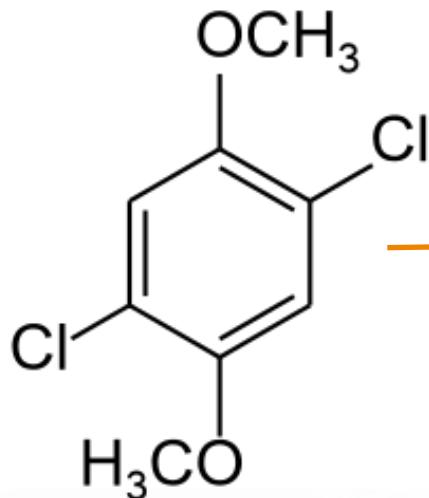


Peak Detection and Candidate Matching



High Resolution Filtering

Candidate Compounds



Subset
formulae

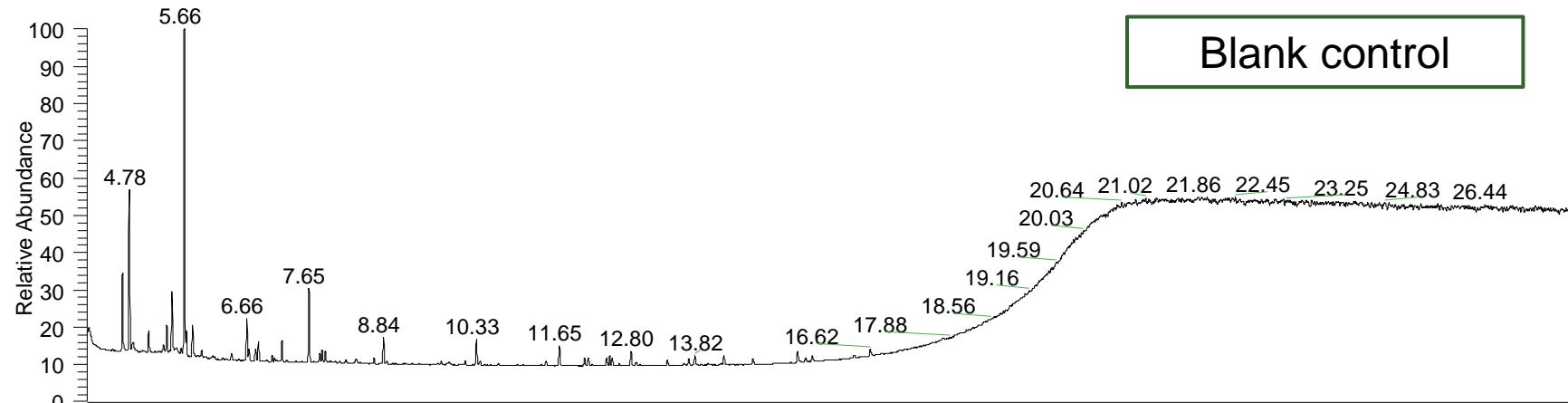
HRF Score =

$$\frac{\sum (\text{m/z} * \text{Intensity})_{\text{explained}}}{\sum (\text{m/z} * \text{Intensity})_{\text{observed}}} \times 100\%$$

Acq m/z	Fragment ID	Theo m/z	Mass Error (ppm)
147.9477	$\text{C}_5\text{Cl}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	147.9477	0.20277
148.9369	$\text{C}_5\text{Cl}[37]\text{Cl}\text{H}_2\text{O}$	148.9369	0.2679
149.9448	$\text{C}_5\text{Cl}[37]\text{CH}_2\text{O}$	149.9448	0.06602
151.9419	$\text{C}_5[37]\text{Cl}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	151.9418	0.72528
154.9895	$\text{C}_7\text{ClH}_4\text{O}_2$	154.9894	0.38712
155.9974	$\text{C}_7\text{ClH}_5\text{O}_2$	155.9973	0.89745
157.9943	$\text{C}_7[37]\text{ClH}_5\text{O}_2$	157.9943	0.25381
159.9479	$\text{C}_6\text{Cl}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	159.9477	0.87529
161.9446	$\text{C}_6\text{Cl}[37]\text{ClH}_2\text{O}$	161.9448	0.80213
162.9711	$\text{C}_6\text{Cl}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$	162.9712	0.36816
163.9745	$\text{C}_5[13]\text{CCl}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}$	163.9745	0.3342
164.9682	$\text{C}_6\text{Cl}[37]\text{ClH}_5\text{O}$	164.9682	0.24186
165.9716	$\text{C}_5\text{CCl}[37]\text{ClH}_5\text{O}$	165.9716	0.02832

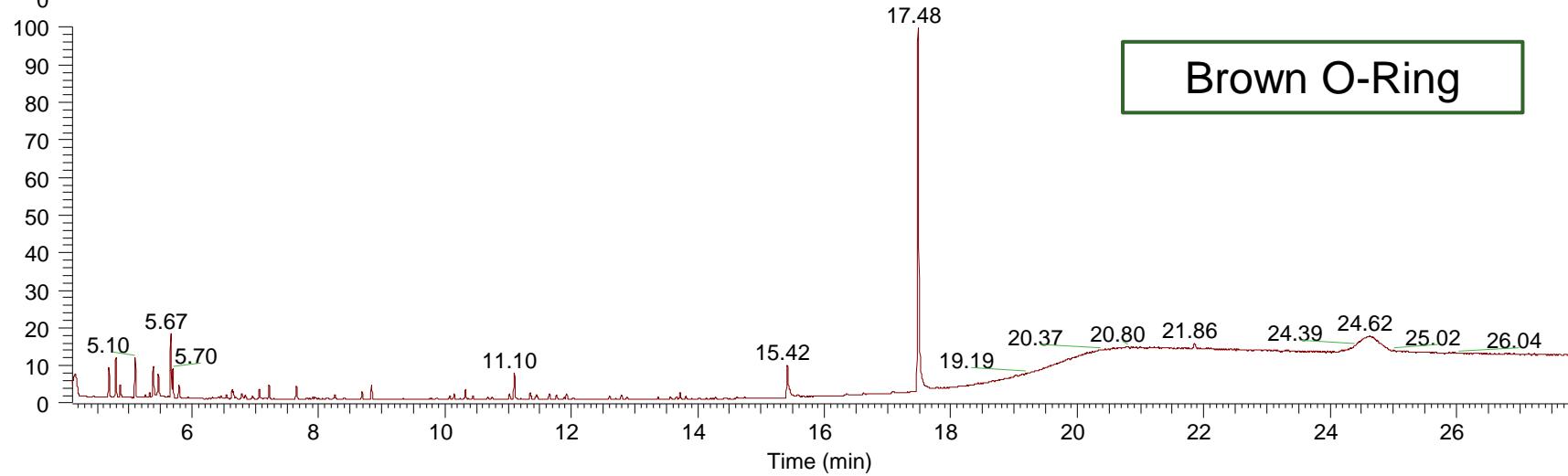
Example results

RT: 4.10 - 27.88 SM: 7B



Blank control

NL:
6.86E8
TIC MS
03June15_0
08

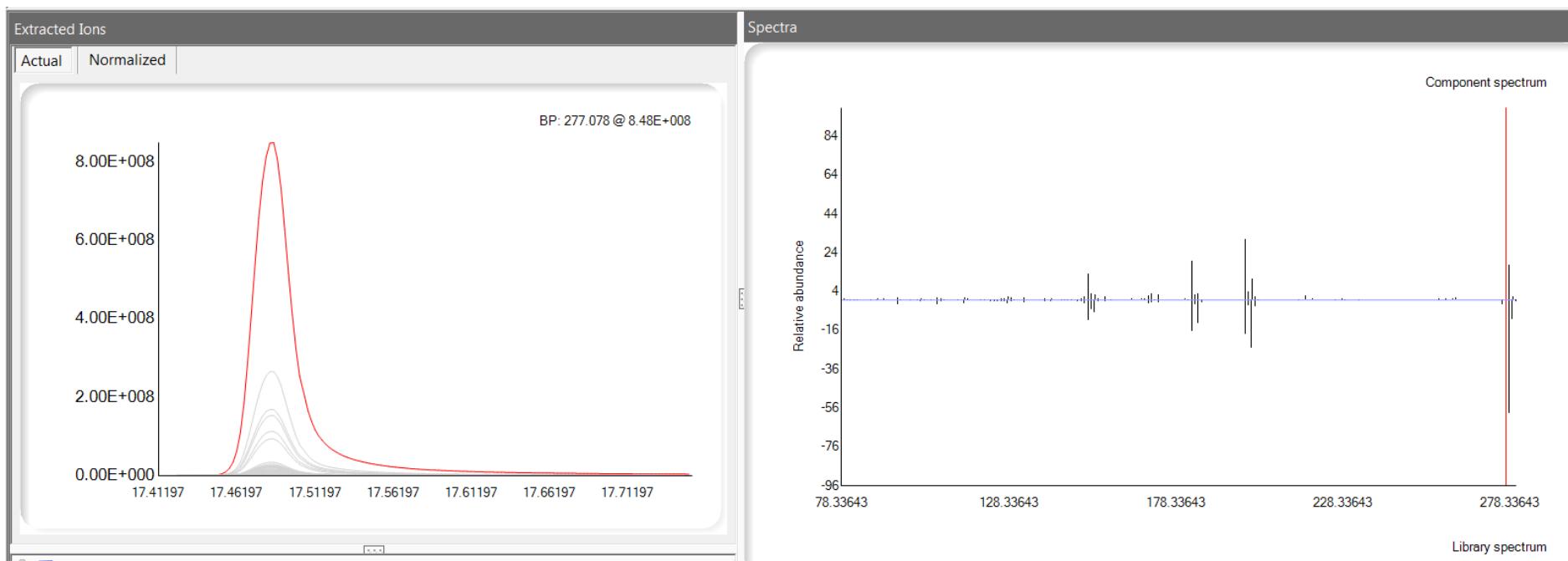


Brown O-Ring

NL:
2.54E9
TIC MS
03june15_01
1

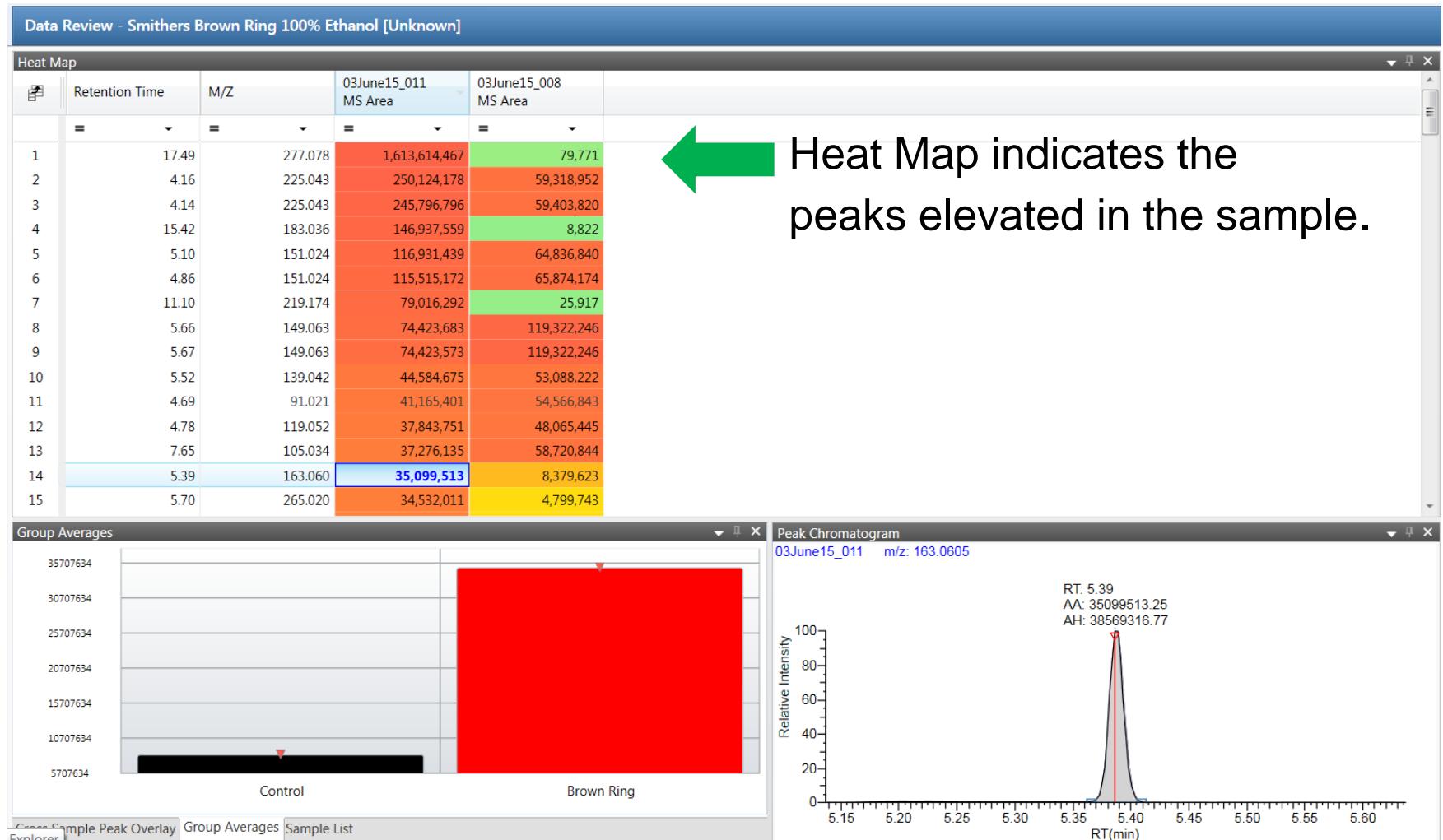
Step 1: Deconvolution of the data

- TraceFinder first performs an accurate mass deconvolution of the data.
 - Extracts all of the peaks in the chromatogram.
 - Provides a cleaned spectrum for library matching.



Step 2: Quickly isolate the peaks of interest

- 2051 peaks were extracted from the brown O-ring sample



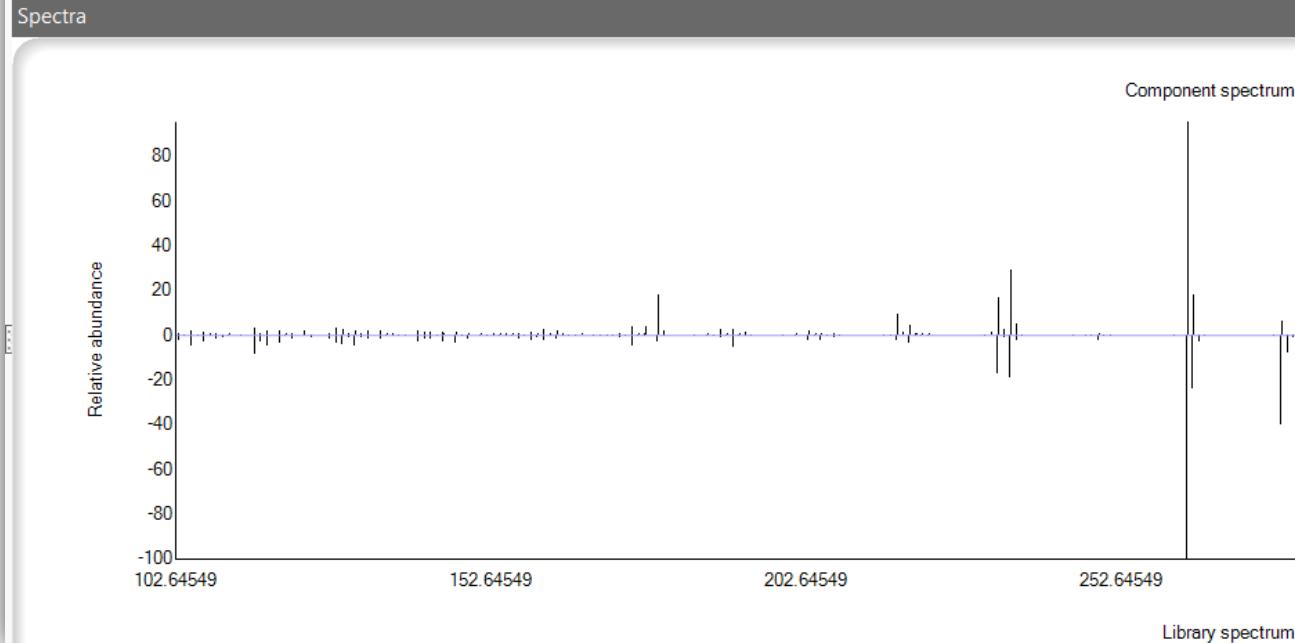
Top 10 differential peaks in Brown O-ring

Cross Sample Peak List						Brown Ring Fold
	Retention Time	M/Z	Control Average Area	Brown Ring Average Area		
1	11.93	263.201	1	15,395,046	15,395,046	
2	16.33	260.075	1	2,782,295	2,782,295	
3	12.89	219.037	1	2,770,686	2,770,686	
4	17.49	277.078	79,771	1,613,614,467	20,228	
5	15.42	183.036	8,822	146,937,559	16,655	
6	13.57	185.042	1,249	5,963,241	4,773	
7	11.10	219.174	25,917	79,016,292	3,049	
8	11.02	221.154	2,586	4,183,057	1,617	
9	11.46	185.042	6,077	6,840,822	1,126	
10	18.01	183.036	4,685	4,161,114	888	

Peaks list can also be sorted by fold difference compared with control to isolate the differential peaks that could be low or high intensity.

Step 3: Identify the compound – searching NIST 14

Peak Identification									
Score	Matched Compound	Formula	CAS	SI	HRF Score	M+ m/z	M+	M+ Lib	% Elements
94.4	1,4-Dihydrophenacetic acid,...	C18H30O2		728	99.4959	278.22403	Yes	Yes	100
70.4	1,5-Dioxaspiro[5.6]dodeca-7...	C18H32O2Si2		524	99.8259	336.19353	No	Yes	100
57.7	Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis(1,1-dim...	C17H26O3	1620-64-0	706	58.9058	278.18764	No	Yes	100
56.8	3,5-di-tert-Butyl-4-hydroxyph...	C17H26O3	20170-32-5	659	58.9058	278.18764	No	Yes	100
55.4	Benzinemethanol, 3,5-bis(1,1...	C17H26O3	14387-17-8	591	58.9058	278.18764	No	Yes	100
51.3	Monoallyl phthalate, TBDMS ...	C17H24O4Si		517	52.4488	320.14383	No	No	100
44.5	2,6-Bis(tert-butyl)phenol, TMS...	C17H30OSi	10416-73-6	514	35.6312	278.20604	No	Yes	100
42.4	12-Cyclohex-3-enyl-3-methyl...	C23H24N2O		533	29.2285	344.18831	No	Yes	100
41.6	6-Oxo-5-phenyl-2,3,5,6-tetrah...	C16H13N3O	87365-22-8	525	27.7606	263.10531	No	Yes	100



- 26 Hits from NIST are sorted based on:
 - Spectral matching
 - High Resolution
 - Filtering (HRF) score.

Step 3: Identify the compound – searching NIST 14

Combined SI and HRF values give an overall score (%) to quickly and confidently identify the compound. Eliminates other hits that would be valid if only SI used.

Peak Identification

Score	Matched Compound	Formula	CAS	SI	HRF Score	M+ m/z	M+	M+ Lib	% Elements
94.4	1,4-Dihydrophenacetic acid,...	C18H30O2		728	99.4959	278.22403	Yes	Yes	100
70.4	1,5-Dioxaspiro[5.6]dodeca-7,...	C18H32O2Si2		524	99.8259	336.19353	No	Yes	100
57.7	Benzoic acid, 3,5-bis(1,1-dim...	C17H26O3	1620-64-0	706	58.9058	278.18764	No	Yes	100
56.8	3,5-di-tert-Butyl-4-hydroxyph...	C17H26O3	20170-32-5	659	58.9058	278.18764	No	Yes	100
55.4	Benzenemethanol, 3,5-bis(1,1...	C17H26O3	14387-17-8	591	58.9058	278.18764	No	Yes	100
51.3	Monoallyl phthalate, TBDMS ...	C17H24O4Si		517	52.4488	320.14383	No	No	100
44.5	2,6-Bis(tert-butyl)phenol, TMS...	C17H30OSi	10416-73-6	514	35.6312	278.20604	No	Yes	100
42.4	12-Cyclohex-3-enyl-3-methyl...	C23H24N2O		533	29.2285	344.18831	No	Yes	100
41.6	6-Oxo-5-phenyl-2,3,5,6-tetrah...	C16H13N3O	87365-22-8	525	27.7606	263.10531	No	Yes	100

Step 4: Fragments can be explained with < 1 ppm mass accuracy

	Measured m/z	Area	Fragment ID	Theo m/z	Mass error (ppm)
▶	278.22412	956521	C(12)18 H30O2	278.22403	0.32348
	264.20401	2825159	C(12)16 C(13)1 H27O2	264.2039	0.39818
	263.20071	15464145	C(12)17 H27O2	263.20055	0.6079
	249.18506	17789	C(12)16 H25O2	249.1849	0.64209
	236.17262	717539	C(12)14 C(13)1 H23O2	236.1726	0.06436
	235.16931	4502672	C(12)15 H23O2	235.16925	0.25514
	234.19318	420047	C(12)15 C(13)1 H25O	234.19334	0.70369
	233.19005	2618908	C(12)16 H25O	233.18999	0.2573
	233.15364	179702	C(12)15 H21O2	233.1536	0.17156
	232.18231	164562	C(12)16 H24O	232.18216	0.64604
	222.15691	15338	C(12)13 C(13)1 H21O2	222.15695	0.20166
	221.15359	145557	C(12)14 H21O2	221.1536	0.04522
	220.17767	117435	C(12)14 C(13)1 H23O	220.17769	0.11264
	220.14131	70817	C(12)13 C(13)1 H19O2	220.1413	0.02362
	219.17430	717976	C(12)15 H23O	219.17434	0.1825
	219.13797	551886	C(12)14 H19O2	219.13795	0.09127
	218.16208	227603	C(12)14 C(13)1 H21O	218.16204	0.16135
	217.15871	1435532	C(12)15 H21O	217.15869	0.0921
	207.13797	43932	C(12)13 H19O2	207.13795	0.09655
	205.15869	28947	C(12)14 H21O	205.15869	0
	205.12231	94843	C(12)13 H17O2	205.1223	0.04875

Identifying without a library hit?

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Confident ID comes from mass accuracy

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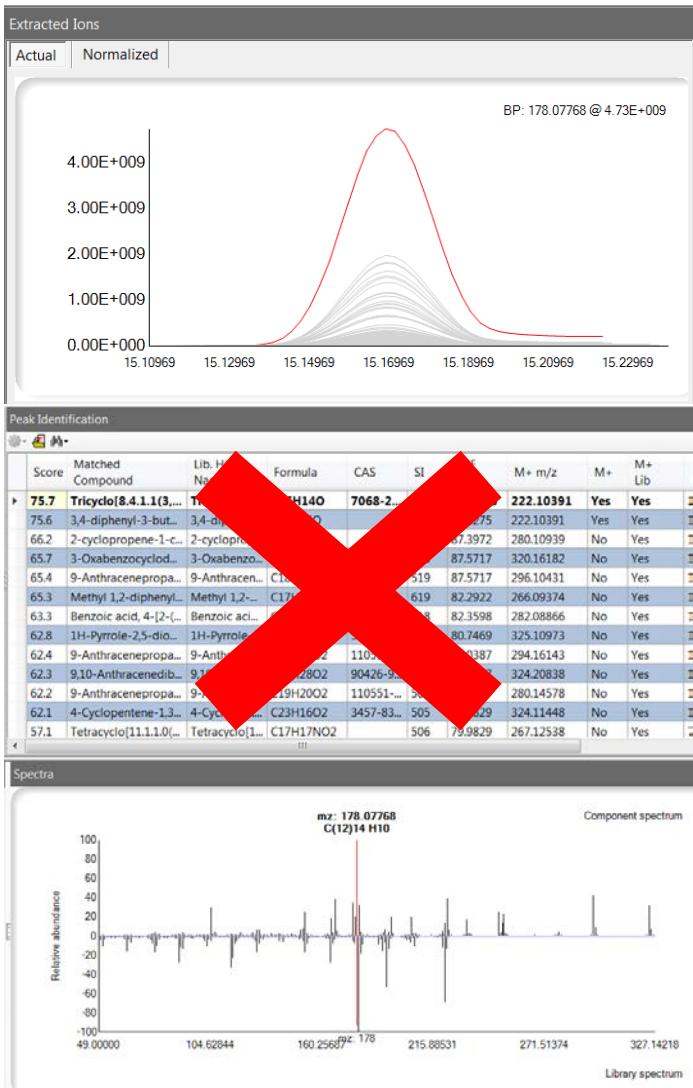
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Black O ring peak at 15.17 minutes – no clear NIST hit

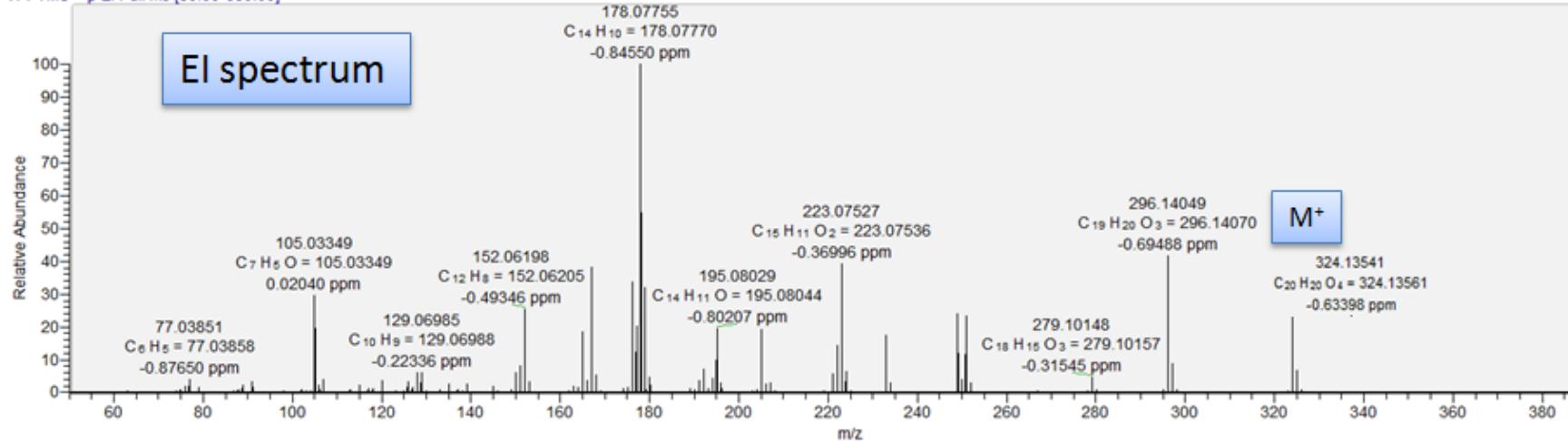


No clear match
with low score
at 75.7%

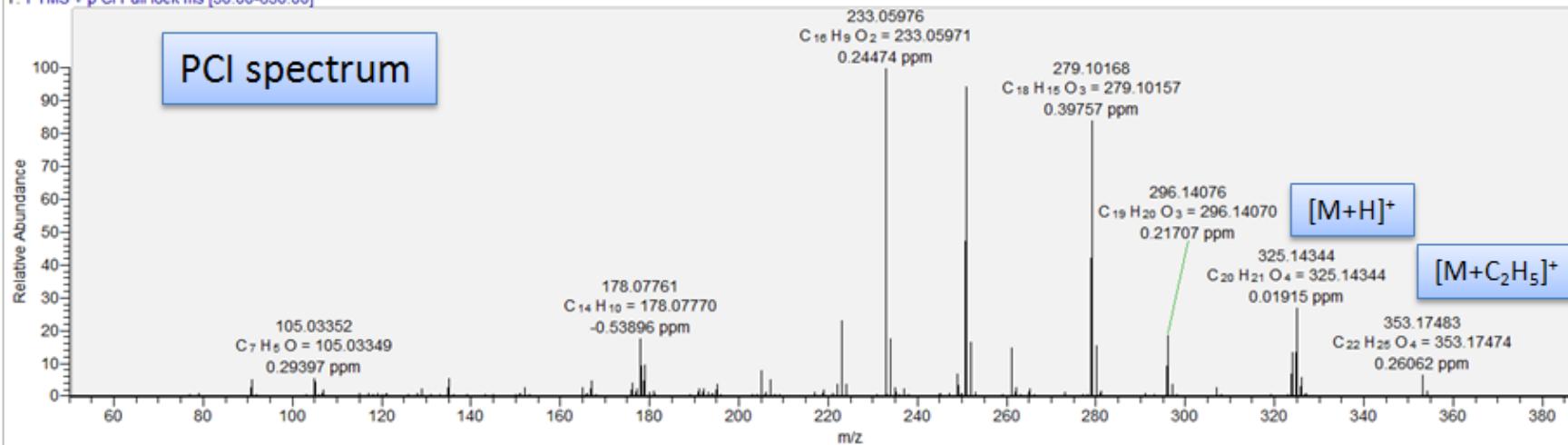


El & PCI spectra for peak at 15.17 mins.

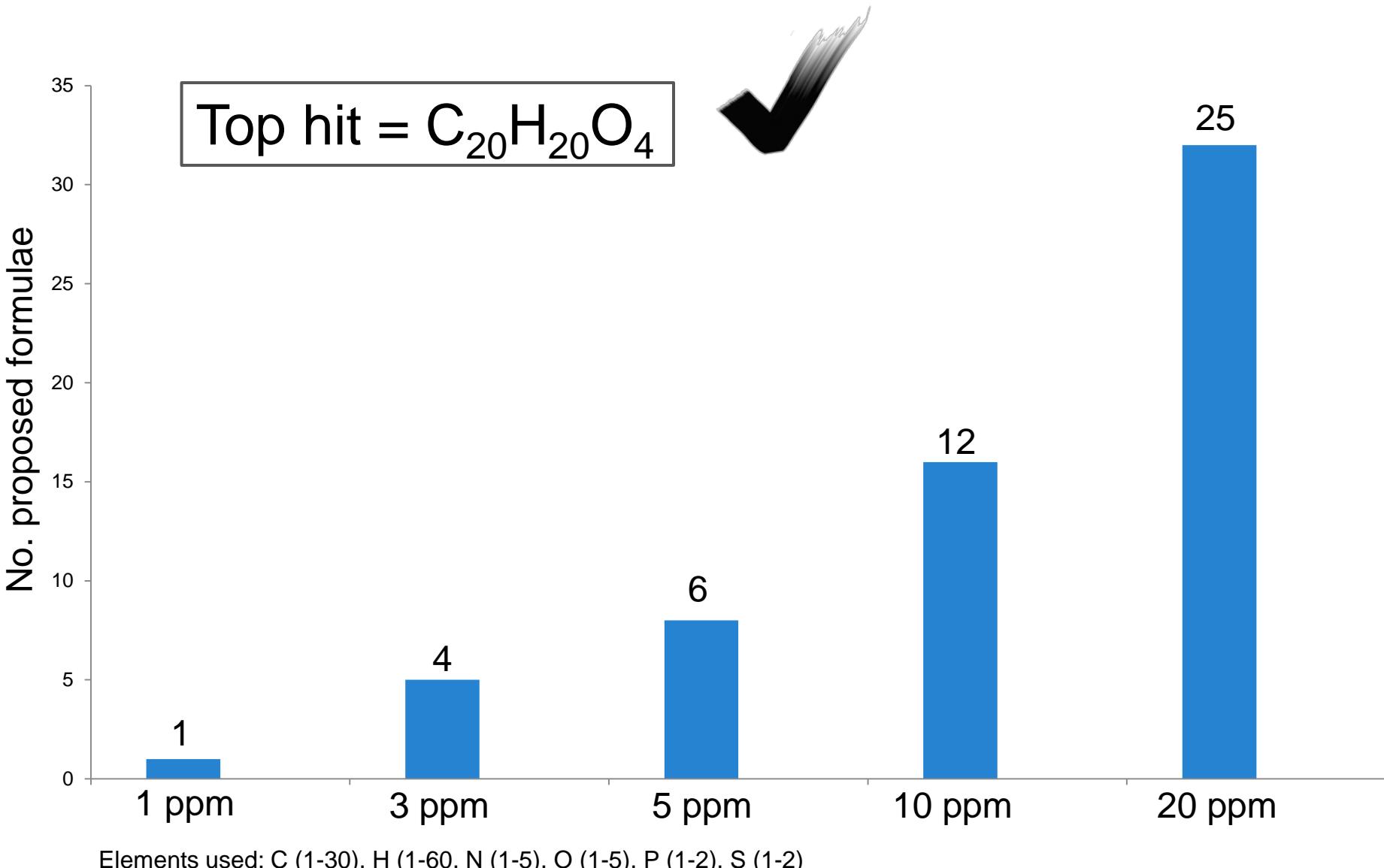
03june15_015 #4674-4683 RT: 15.16-15.18 AV: 10 SB: 32 17.97-17.99 , 18.19-18.24 NL: 3.98E9
T: FTMS + p El Full ms [50.00-650.00]



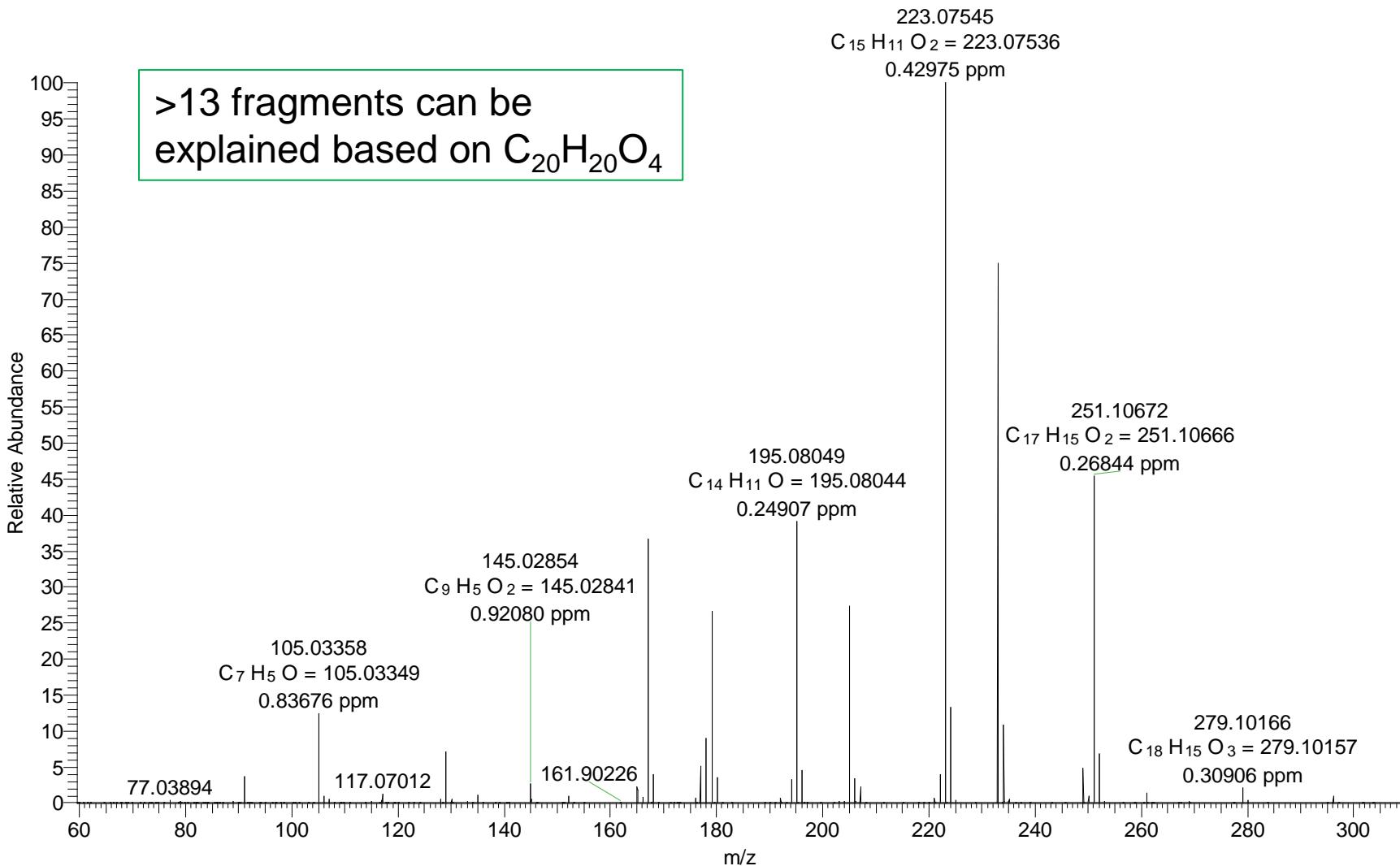
03june15_024 #4655-4676 RT: 15.15-15.20 AV: 22 SB: 26 17.97-17.99 , 18.19-18.23 NL: 6.36E7
T: FTMS + p Cl Full lock ms [50.00-650.00]



No. of proposed formulae for *m/z* 324.13541



MS/MS m/z 325.14 to support proposed formula



Summary of identifications in Black and Brown O-rings

Sample	RT (min)	Base Peak (m/z)	Search Index	HRF	Compound Name	Formula	Base Peak Mass Accuracy (ppm)	Molecular ion Mass Accuracy (ppm)
Black O Ring	15.17	178.07754	No match	No match	Unknown	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ O ₄	0.88	0.66
	15.29	178.07754	No match	No match	Unknown	C ₂₀ H ₂₀ O ₄	0.11	0.22
	18.08	171.13806	673	99.965	Tetraethylene glycol bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	C ₂₄ H ₄₆ O ₇	0.64	-
	23.47	219.17435	777	99.805	Irganox 1076	C ₃₅ H ₆₂ O ₃	0.03	1.02
	14.94	280.10939	536	99.8458	ethyl 1-hydroxy-2,3-diphenylcycloprop-2-ene-1-carboxylate	C ₁₈ H ₁₆ O ₃	0.39	0.39
	16.50	126.09145	652	99.7409	9-Octadecenamide	C ₁₈ H ₃₅ NO	0.87	0.63
Brown O Ring	17.48	277.07790	806	98.7	Triphenylphosphine oxide	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ OP	0.85	0.06
	15.42	183.03595	831	99.7455	Triphenylphosphine	C ₁₈ H ₁₅ P	0.68	0.91
	11.10	219.1743	796	99.7775	4-tert-butyl-2,6-diisopropylphenol	C ₁₆ H ₂₆ O	0.18	0.21
	11.35	149.02341	831	98.4127	Diethyl phthalate	C ₁₂ H ₁₄ O ₄	0.60	0.9
	13.57	185.04198	813	93.8	Diphenyl sulfide	C ₁₂ H ₁₀ S	0.21	0.05
	16.00	155.07025	690	100	di(butoxyethyl)adipate	C ₁₈ H ₃₄ O ₆	0.13	1.02

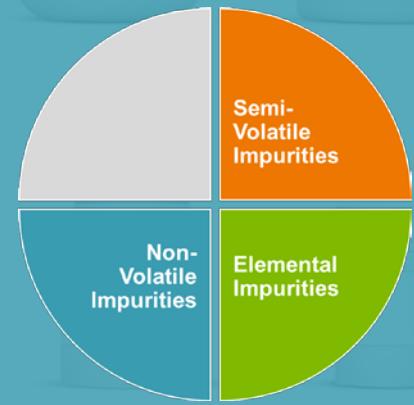
Peaks listed are significantly different compared to control.

Summary of identifications in White and Red O-rings

Sample	RT (min)	Base Peak (m/z)	Search Index	HRF	Compound Name	Formula	Base Peak Mass Accuracy (ppm)	Molecular ion Mass Accuracy (ppm)
White O Ring	11.93	263.20074	711	99.8611	1,4 Dihydrophenacetic acid, 3,5-di-t-butyl, ethyl ester	C ₁₈ H ₃₀ O ₂	0.72	0.43
	7.65	101.02344	781	100	Butanedioic acid, diethyl ester	C ₈ H ₁₄ O ₄	0.54	-
Red O Ring	10.44	163.07549	775	99.6123	Ethanone, 1-[4-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)phenyl]	C ₁₁ H ₁₄ O ₂	0.85	0.38
	15.09	87.044	740	99.8332	Methyl stearate	C ₁₉ H ₃₈ O ₂	1.26	0.06
	16.00	155.07025	690	100	di(butoxyethyl)adipate	C ₁₈ H ₃₄ O ₆	0.13	1.02

Peaks listed are significantly different compared to control.

Results – Non-Volatile extractables



LC-MS/MS instrument conditions



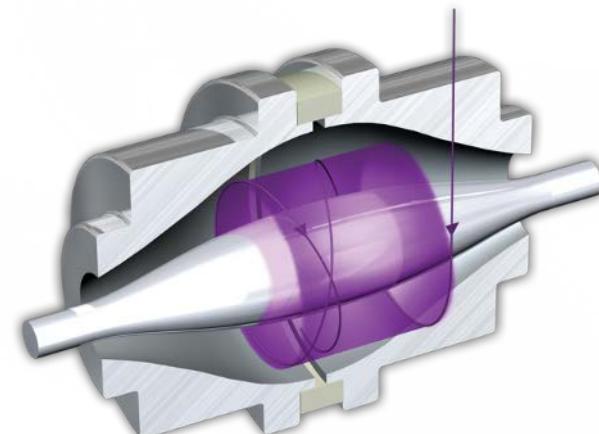
- Equipped with a HESI II ion source.
- Full scan MS and top3 data-dependent HCD MS/MS data were collected.
- Resolutions of 17,500 and 70,000
- Polarity switching.

Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive Plus™

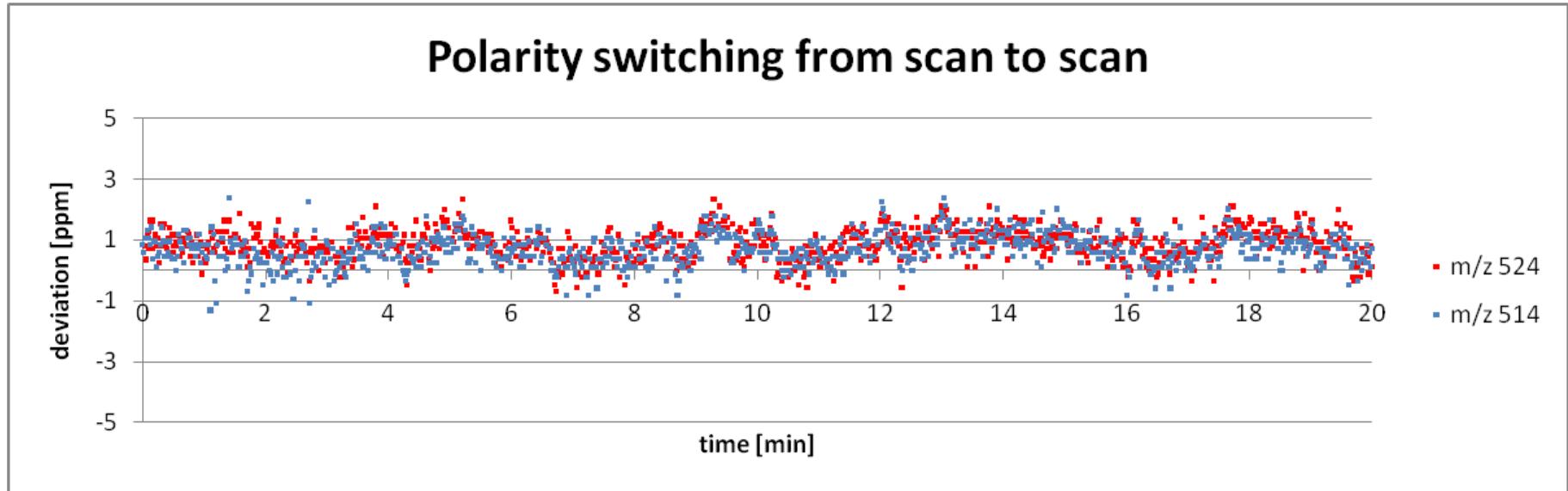
Hybrid Quadrupole-Orbitrap LC-MS/MS System.

Thermo Scientific™ UltiMate™ 3000

UHPLC System



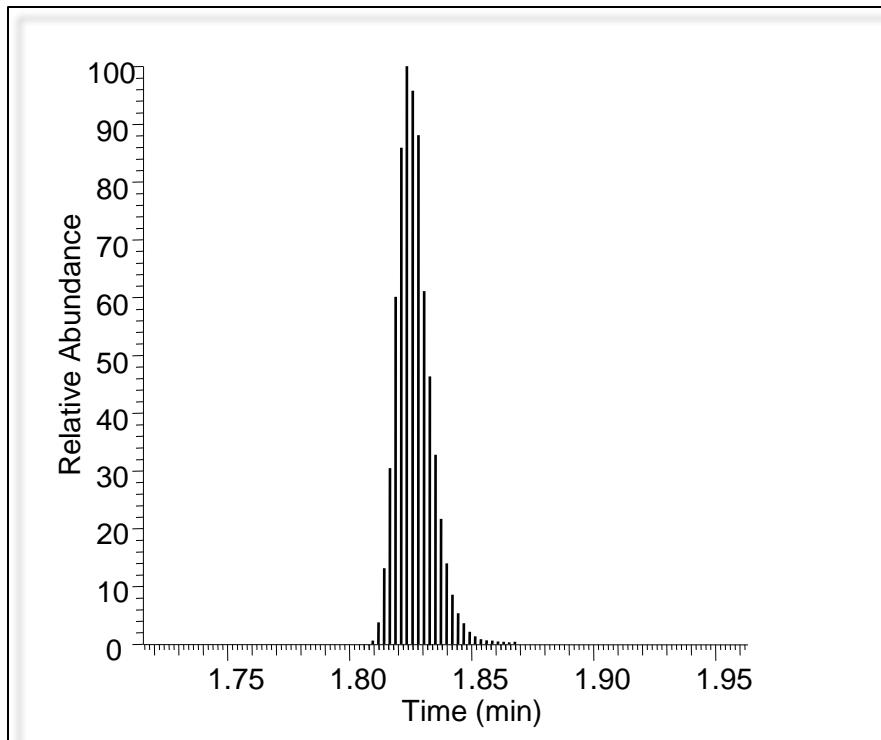
Mass Accuracy with Polarity Switching (External Calibration)



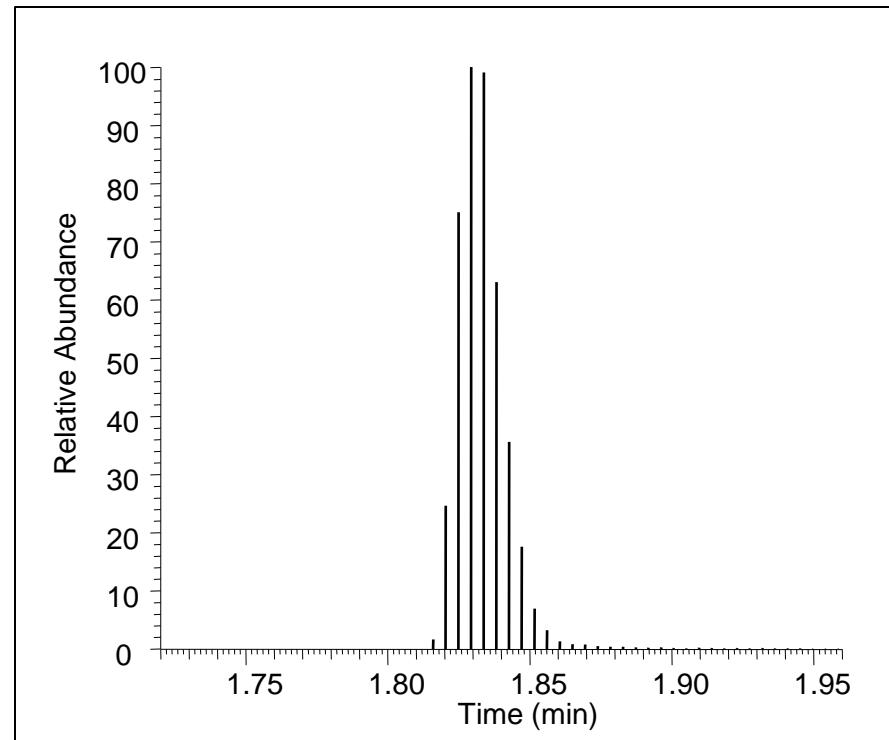
1 positive + 1 negative scan in <1 second

MS Scanning Speeds to meet UHPLC Separation

Resolution Setting: 35,000



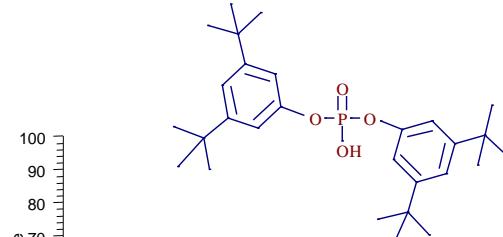
Resolution Setting: 70,000



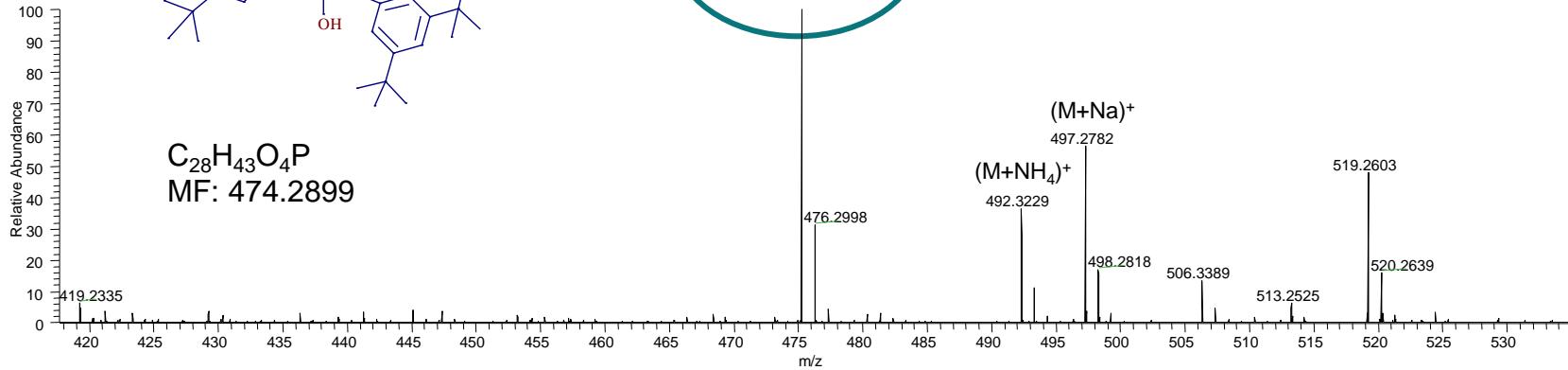
Peakwidth (FWHM) ~ 1 sec
Scans/peak = 21

Peakwidth (FWHM) ~ 1 sec
Scans/peak = 11

Polarity Switching maintains High Mass Accuracy

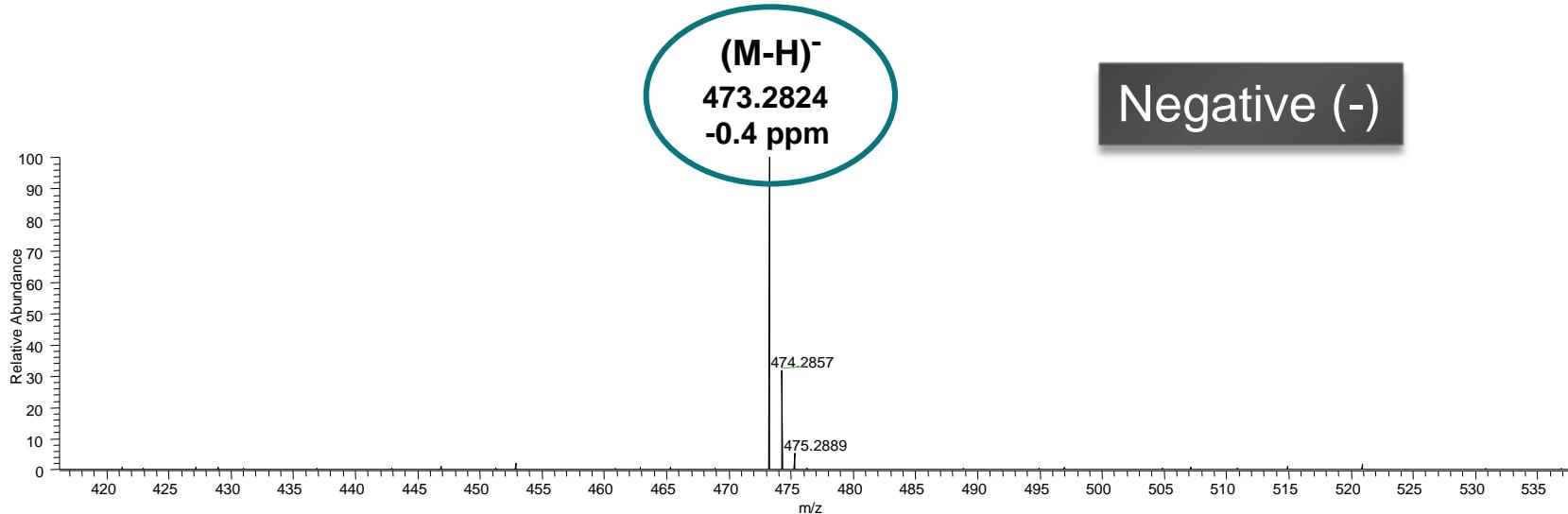


$\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{43}\text{O}_4\text{P}$
MF: 474.2899



$(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$
475.2964
-1.5 ppm

Positive (+)

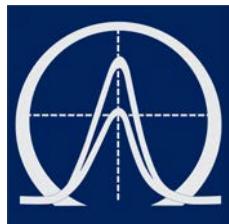


$(\text{M}-\text{H})^-$
473.2824
-0.4 ppm

Negative (-)

Data Analysis For Unknown Quanfirmation

Thermo Scientific™
TraceFinder™ Software



Quantitation |
Deconvolution | Searching

Thermo Scientific™
Compound Discoverer™



Advanced Unknown
Identification | Metabolism

Thermo Scientific™
SIEVE™ Software



Differential Analysis | PCA

Small Molecule Unknown
ID & Quantification

Spectral Interpretation



Thermo Scientific™
Mass Frontier™ Software



High-Resolution Accurate-Mass
MS/MS Spectral Libraries



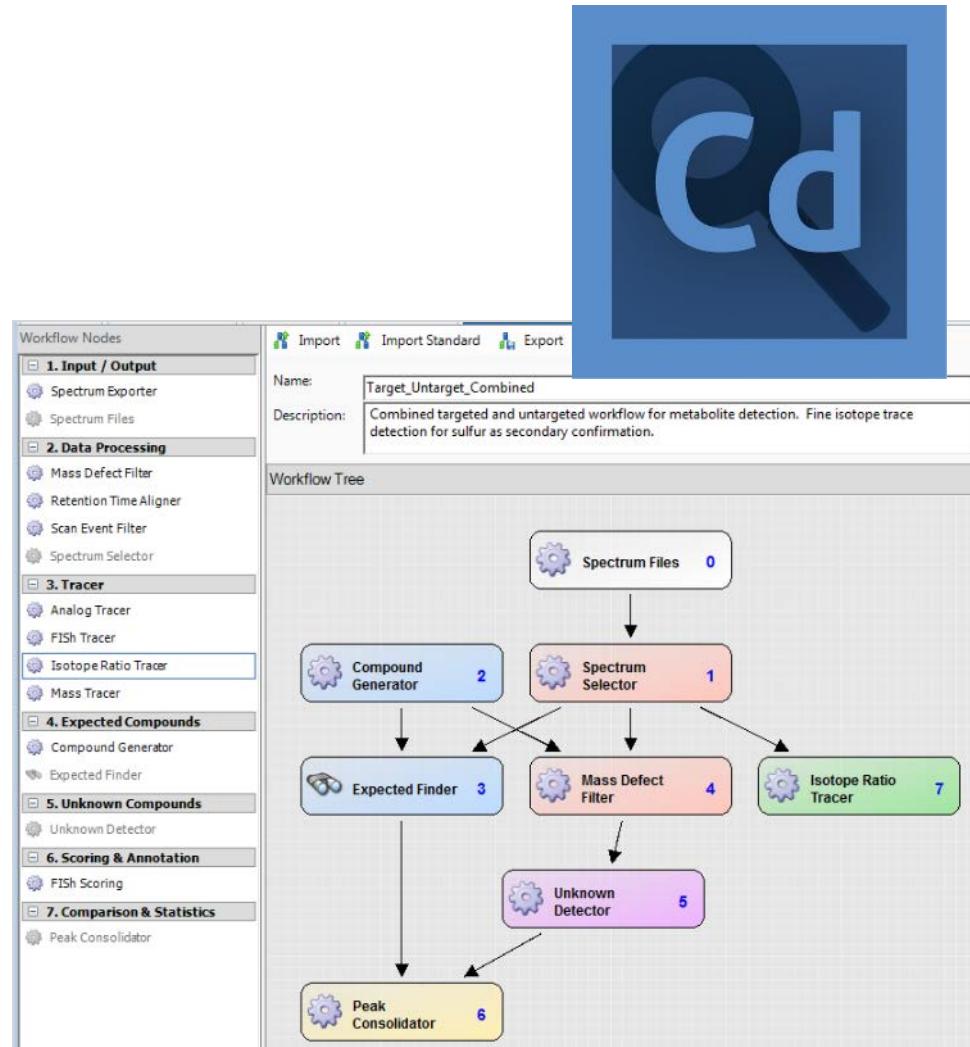
MZ Cloud™

Unknown analysis of small molecules

Thermo Scientific™ Compound Discoverer™

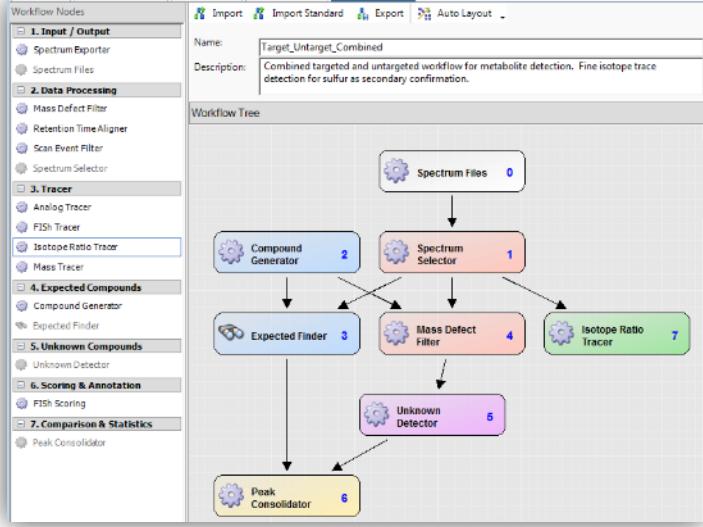
Customizable node based small molecule structure analysis software

- CD v.1 is for “known parent” workflows structure analysis
- CD v.2 will include “unknown” workflows structure analysis (E&L). **Coming end 2015.**

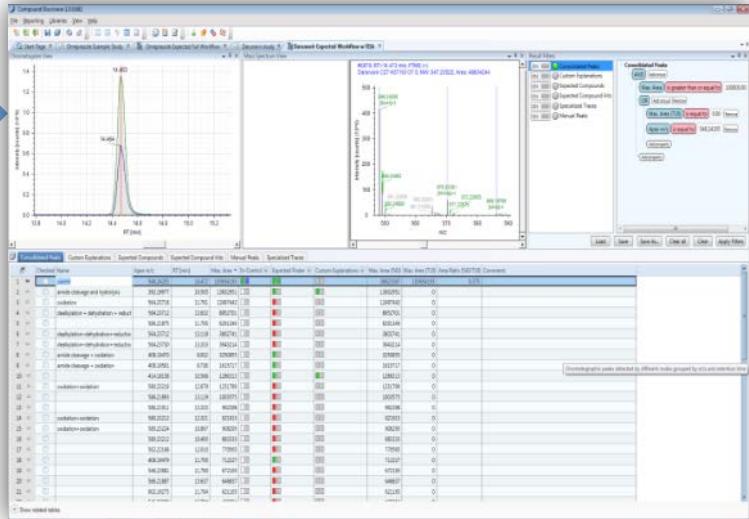


Compound Discoverer Workflow

Process



Review results



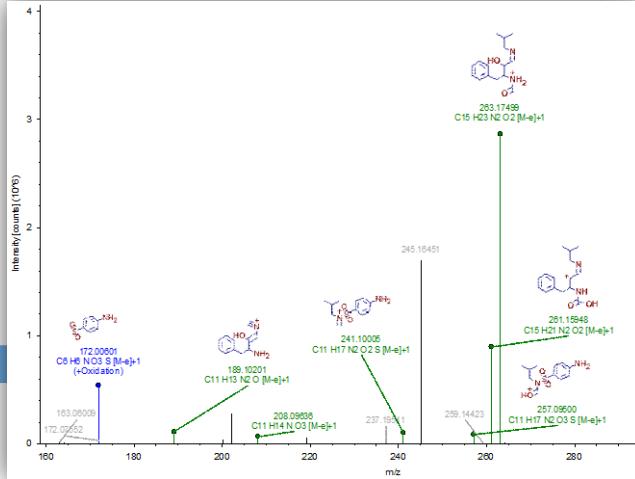
Report

Expected Compound Hits

4/20/2015 11:16 PM

Parent Compound	Formula	Molecular Weight	Transformations	Composition Change	QMass (ppm) per Ion	RT (min)	Best FISH Coverage	Best SD	Max FMI	Area	Compound Area (%)	File ID
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 7 S	547.20522			0.10 (94e+0)	14.473	65.59	0.406	3	48030244	33.623	543
					1.83 (94e+0)							
					0.44 (94e+0)							
					0.41 (94e+0)	11.761	85.58	0.260	4	15405956	13.423	543
					1.54 (94e+0)							
					0.20 (94e+0)							
					0.47 (94e+0)	12.479	82.81	0.252	3	13227996	0.915	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 9 S	579.22586	Oxidation, Dehydration	+O2	0.36 (94e+0)	10.867	80.33	0.221	3	12442620	0.880	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 9 S	579.22586	Oxidation, Oxidation	+O2	0.15 (94e+0)	10.867	80.33	0.221	3	12442620	0.880	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 9 S	579.22586	Oxidation, Oxidation	+O2	0.47 (94e+0)	10.867	80.33	0.221	3	12442620	0.880	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 9 S	579.22586	Oxidation, Oxidation	+O2	0.36 (94e+0)	12.321	78.57	0.341	3	921915	0.638	543
Darunavir	C26 H29 N O 3 S	381.19296	-[C] H O D		1.00 (94e+0)	10.568	71.21	0.370	4	15226423	10.930	543
Darunavir	C26 H29 N O 4 S	407.16788	Oxidation	-[C] H O D	1.46 (94e+0)	10.568	71.21	0.370	4	15226423	10.930	543
Darunavir	C26 H29 N O 4 S	407.16788	Oxidation	-[C] H O D	0.13 (94e+0)							
Darunavir	C26 H29 N O 4 S	407.16788	Oxidation	-[C] H O D	1.11 (94e+0)	8.032	84.91	0.425	4	3559488	2.462	543
Darunavir	C26 H29 N O 4 S	407.16788	Oxidation	-[C] H O D	0.79 (94e+0)							
Darunavir	C26 H29 N O 4 S	407.16788	Oxidation	-[C] H O D	0.36 (94e+0)	9.738	74.14	0.390	4	1615717	1.117	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 6 S	543.23014	Dehydration, Reduction	+O2	0.62 (94e+0)	13.632	81.59	0.215	3	1652471	6.675	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 6 S	543.23014	Dehydration, Reduction	+O2	0.83 (94e+0)	13.632	81.59	0.215	3	1652471	6.675	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 6 S	543.23014	Dehydration, Reduction	+O2	1.21 (94e+0)	13.632	81.59	0.215	3	1652471	6.675	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 6 S	543.23014	Dehydration, Reduction	+O2	0.19 (94e+0)	13.333	98.87	0.213	4	4786029	3.291	543
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 6 S	543.23014	Dehydration, Reduction	+O2	0.41 (94e+0)							
Darunavir	C27 H37 N O 6 S	543.23014	Dehydration, Reduction	+O2	0.80 (94e+0)							

Elucidate structure



- mzCloud™

- Free
- Advanced high resolution mass spectral database
- Search spectrum, name, structure, substructure, and m/z
- Identify compounds even when they are not present in the library through substructure search

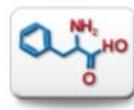
The screenshot shows the mzCloud.org homepage. At the top right are social media links for Facebook and Twitter. Below them is the text "ADVANCED MASS SPECTRAL DATABASE" and a brief description of the service: "Annotated Spectral Peaks, Fragment Structures, Resolution and Accuracy per Peak, Spectral Trees, Precursor Ion Fingerprinting, Substructure Identification, HR Search Algorithms, Relational Database". A navigation bar below includes links for Home, About, Features, Compounds, Database, Partners, Forum, and Contact. The main content area features the text "mzCloud.org" and a detailed description of the service's capabilities, mentioning its novel nature, third-generation correlation algorithm, and open consortium. Below this is a section titled "Manually Curated Data" showing statistics: Compounds (2 976), Trees (4 301), Spectra (204 264), Annotations (2 985 485), QM Models (343 474), and a "more ..." link. A large blue button labeled "Enter Database" with a "New version" badge is centered. At the bottom, there are six search icons with labels: Spectrum Search, Tree Search, Structure Search, m/z Search, Substructure Search, and Name Search.



Spectrum Search



Tree Search



Structure Search



m/z Search



Substructure
Search



Catechin

High Resolution E&L Database

- Contains >1200 common E&L related compounds.
- Works with **TraceFinder** and **Compound Discoverer** for targeted screening.
- New E&L related compounds are added frequently.



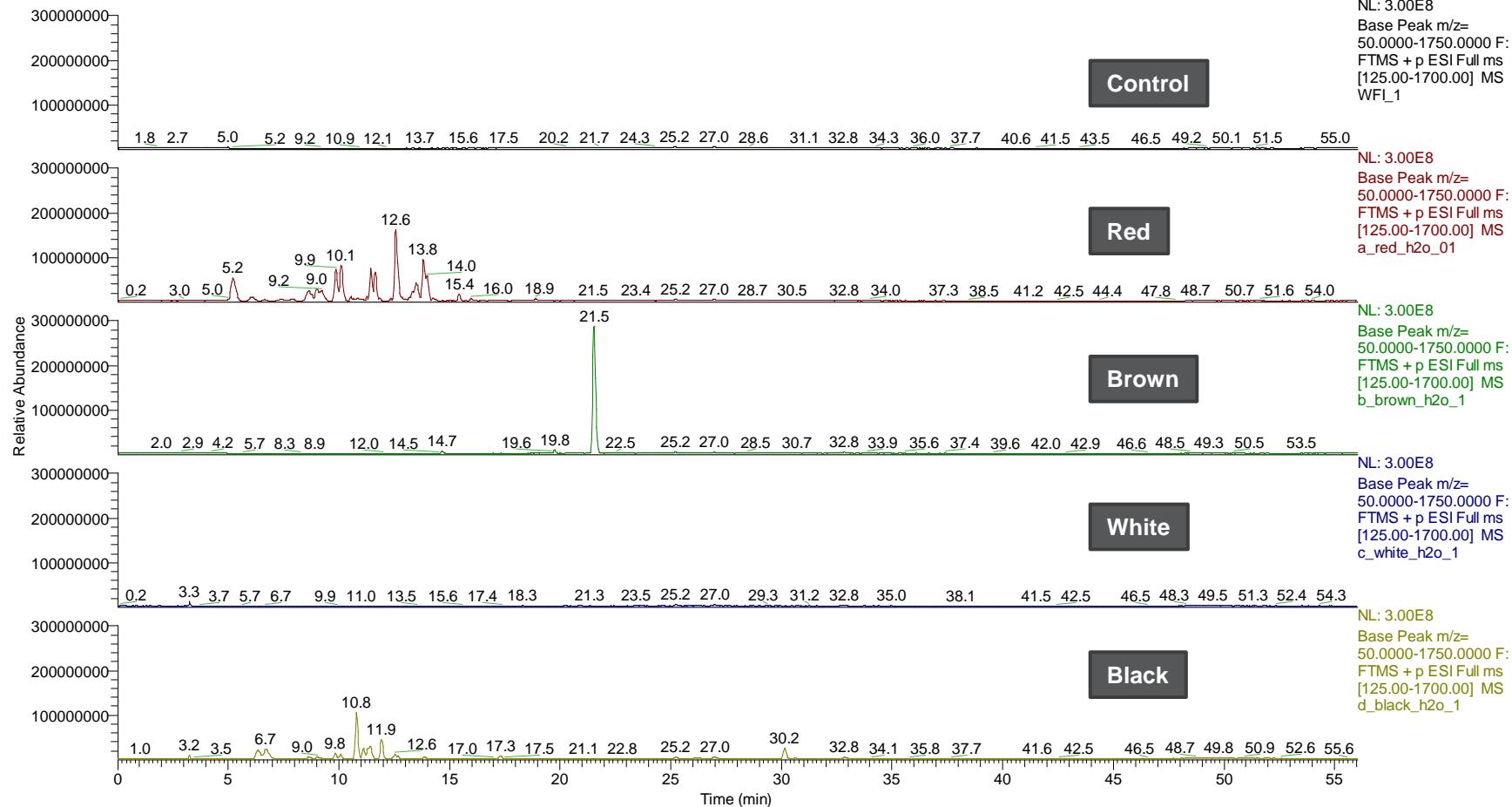
Commercial Name	Chemical Name	Class	CAS No.	Chemical Formula	Formula weight	(M+H) ⁺	(M-H) ⁻	M-NH ₄ ⁺	M-Na ⁺	M-K ⁺	Structure	mzCloud link
diethyl phthalate	ethylhexylphthalate	PL	117-81-7	C ₂₄ H ₃₈ O ₄	390.27701	391.28429	389.26973	408.31083	413.26623	429.24017		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference2
Dibutyl phthalate	Dibutyl phthalate	PL	84-74-2	C ₁₆ H ₂₂ O ₄	278.1518	279.15908	277.14452	296.18562	301.14102	317.11496		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference2
	Dicyclohexyl phthalate		84-61-7	C ₂₀ H ₂₆ O ₄	330.18311	331.19039	329.17583	348.21693	353.17233	369.14627		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference2
	Diethyl phthalate		84-66-2	C ₁₂ H ₁₄ O ₄	222.09821	223.09649	221.08193	240.12303	245.07843	261.05237		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference2
	Dimethyl phthalate		131-11-3	C ₁₀ H ₁₀ O ₄	194.05791	195.06519	193.05063	212.09173	217.04713	233.02107		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference2
	2-HYDROXY-3-METHYLBUTYRIC ACID		4026-18-0	C ₅ H ₁₀ O ₃	118.06293	119.07027	117.05571	136.09681	141.05221	157.02615		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference3
	6-Aminocaproic acid		60-32-2	C ₆ H ₁₃ NO ₂	131.09463	132.10191	130.08735	149.12845	154.08385	170.05779		https://mzcloud.org/DataViewer.aspx#CReference3

O-Ring Extractables - Water

E:\Parker-O-Ring Leachable\WFL_1
Accucore C18 150X2.1 2.6 um A: H₂O/0.1% FA B: ACN/0.1% FA WFI Control

06/24/15 00:17:23

RT: 0.0 - 56.0 SM: 5G

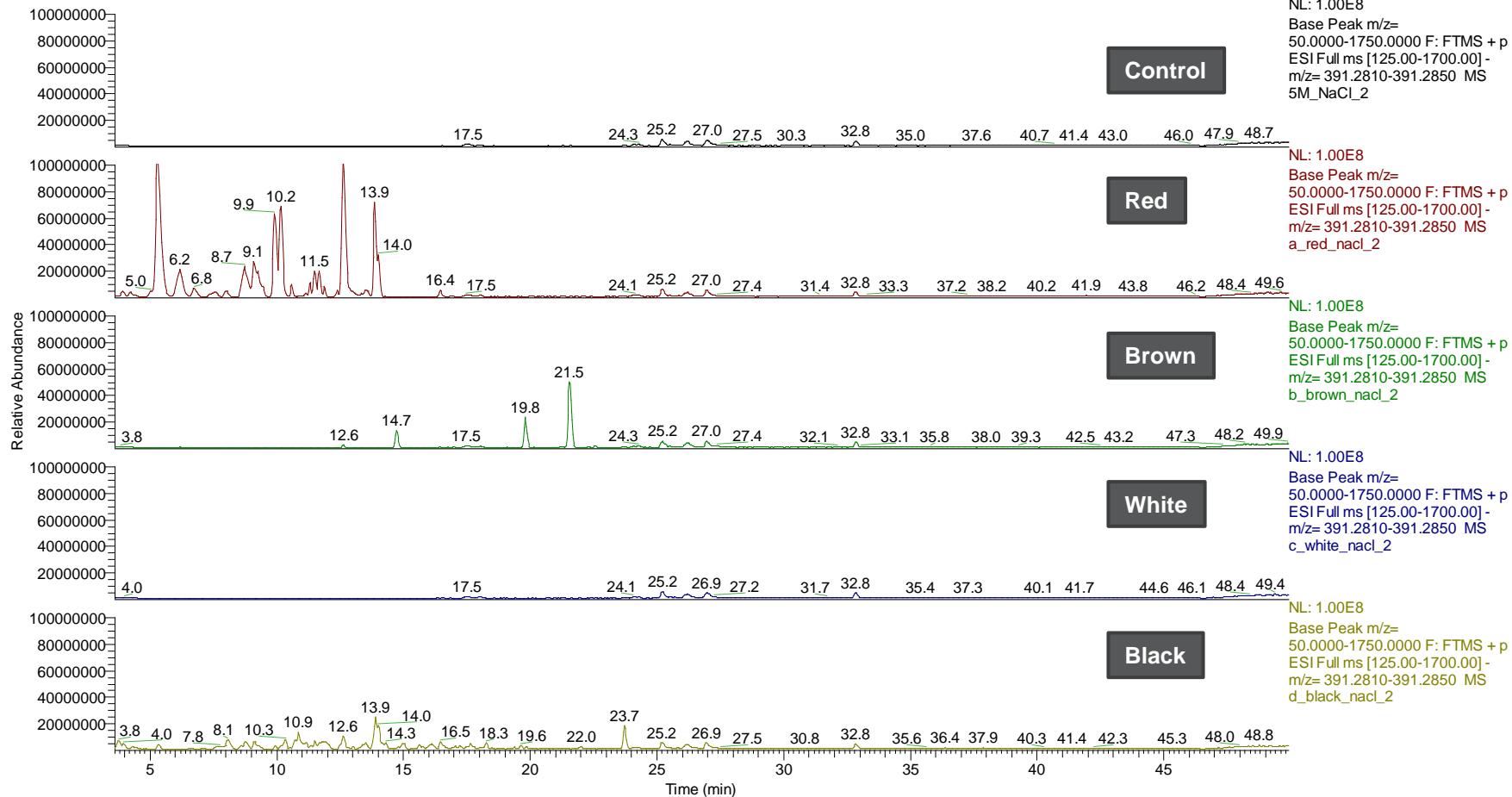


O-Ring Extractables – 5M NaCl

d_black_nacl_2
Accucore C18 150X2.1 2.6 um A: H₂O/0.1% FA B: ACN/0.1% FA

06/27/15 22:06:23

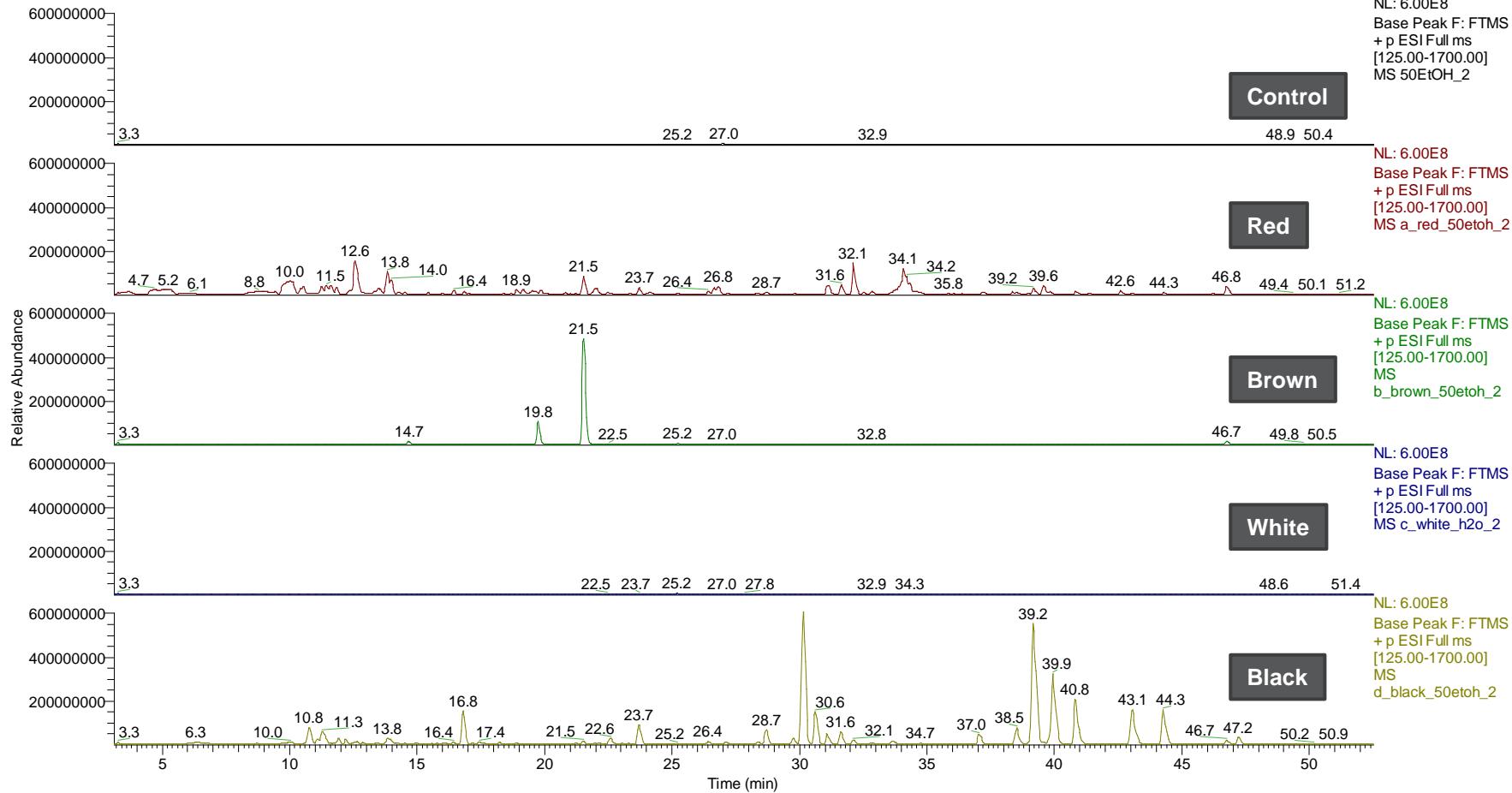
RT: 3.6 - 49.9 SM: 5G



O-Ring Extractables – 50% Ethanol

E:\Parker-O-Ring Leachable\50EtOH_2 06/25/15 04:50:58
Accucore C18 150X2.1 2.6 um A: H₂O/0.1% FA B: ACN/0.1% FA WFI Control

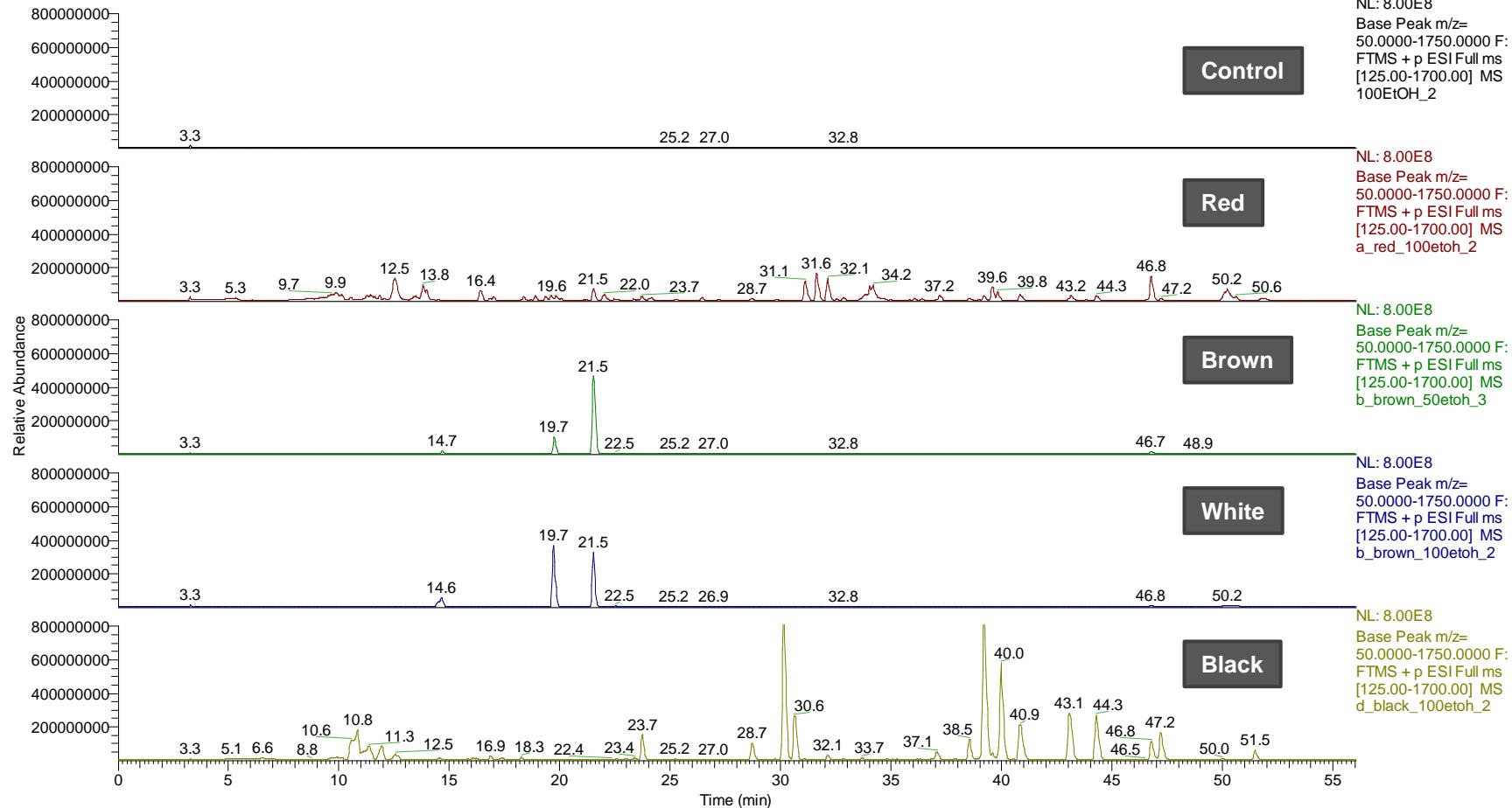
RT: 3.1 - 52.5 SM: 5G



O-Ring Extractables – 100% Ethanol

E:\Parker-O-Ring Leachable\100EtOH_2 06/26/15 04:17:58
Accucore C18 150X2.1 2.6 um A: H₂O/0.1% FA B: ACN/0.1% FA WFI Control

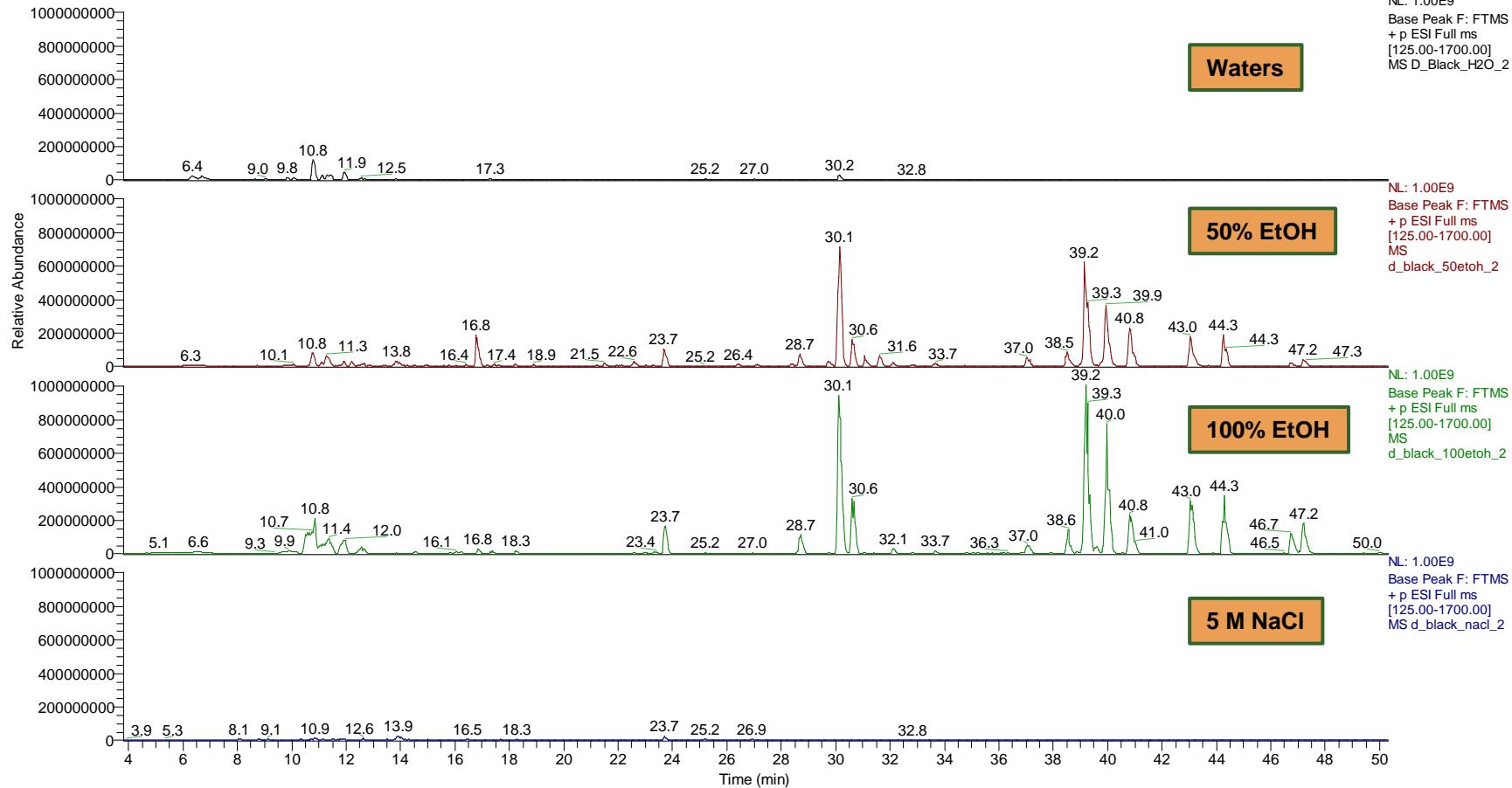
RT: 0.0 - 56.0 SM: 5G



BPI+ of Black O-ring in Four Extraction Solutions

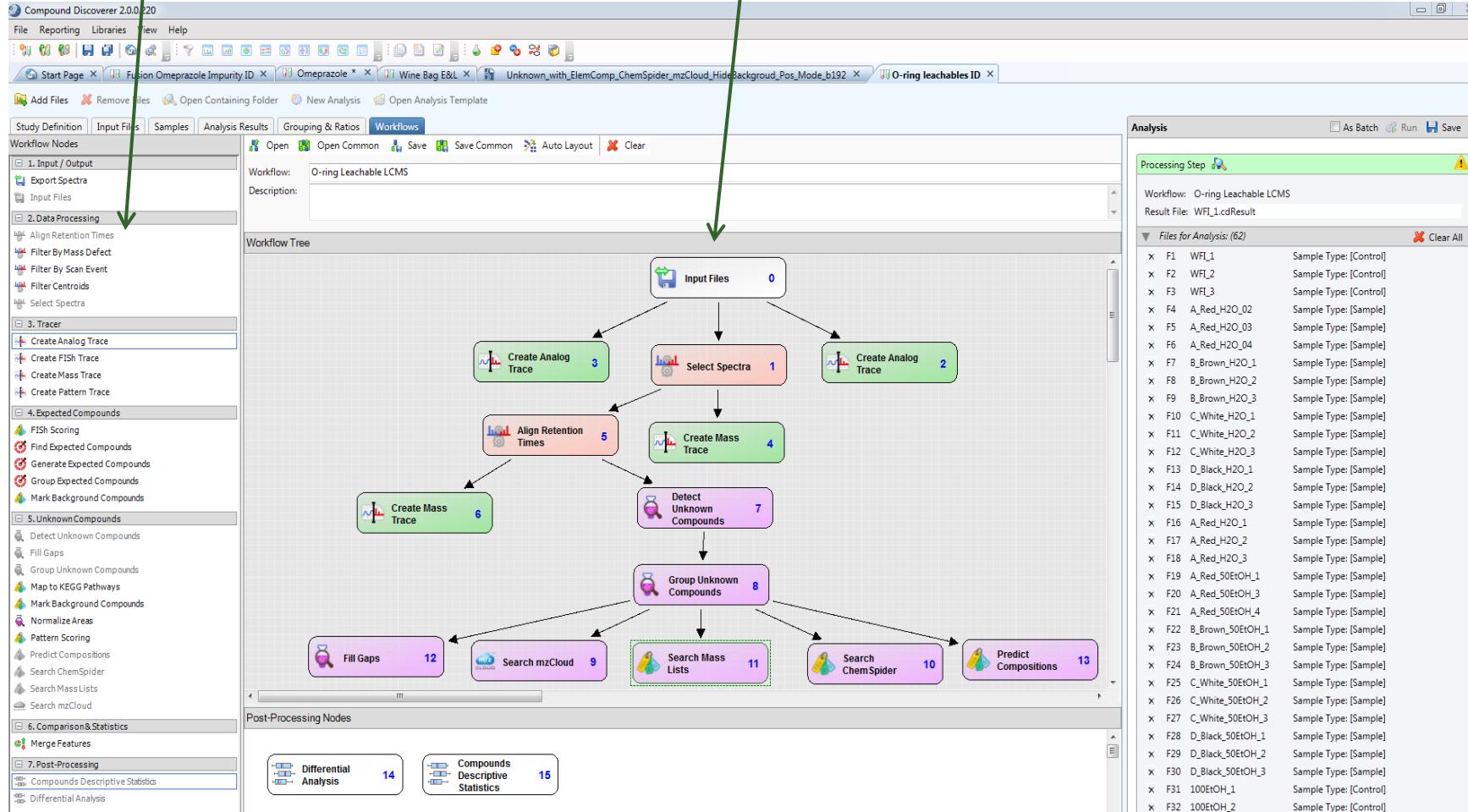
d_black_50etho_2
06/25/15 23:12:07
Accucore C18 150X2.1 2.6 um A: H₂O/0.1% FA B: ACN/0.1% FA WFI Control

RT: 3.8 - 50.3

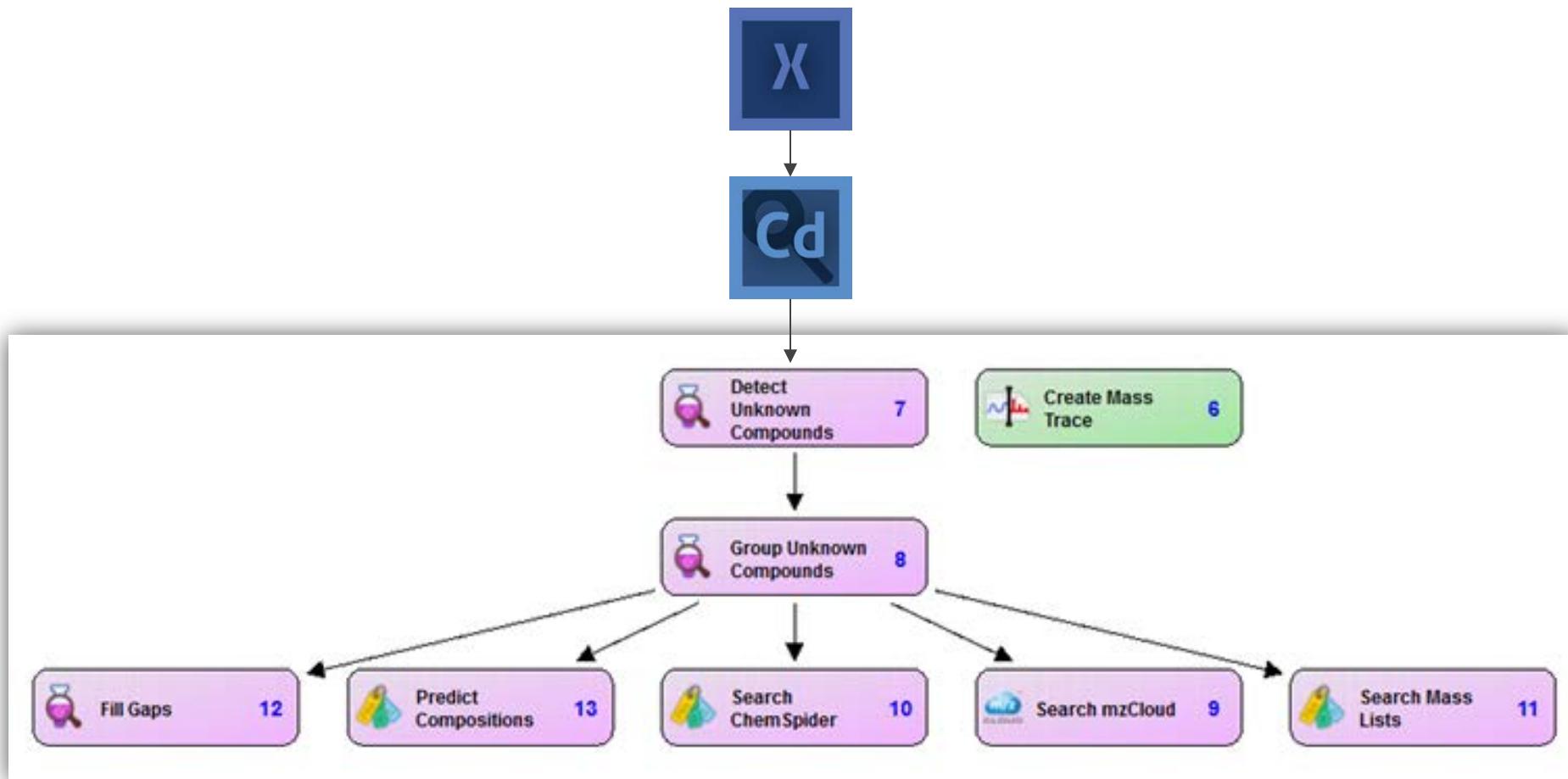


Compound Discoverer Workflow for O-Ring leachables

Workflow Nodes

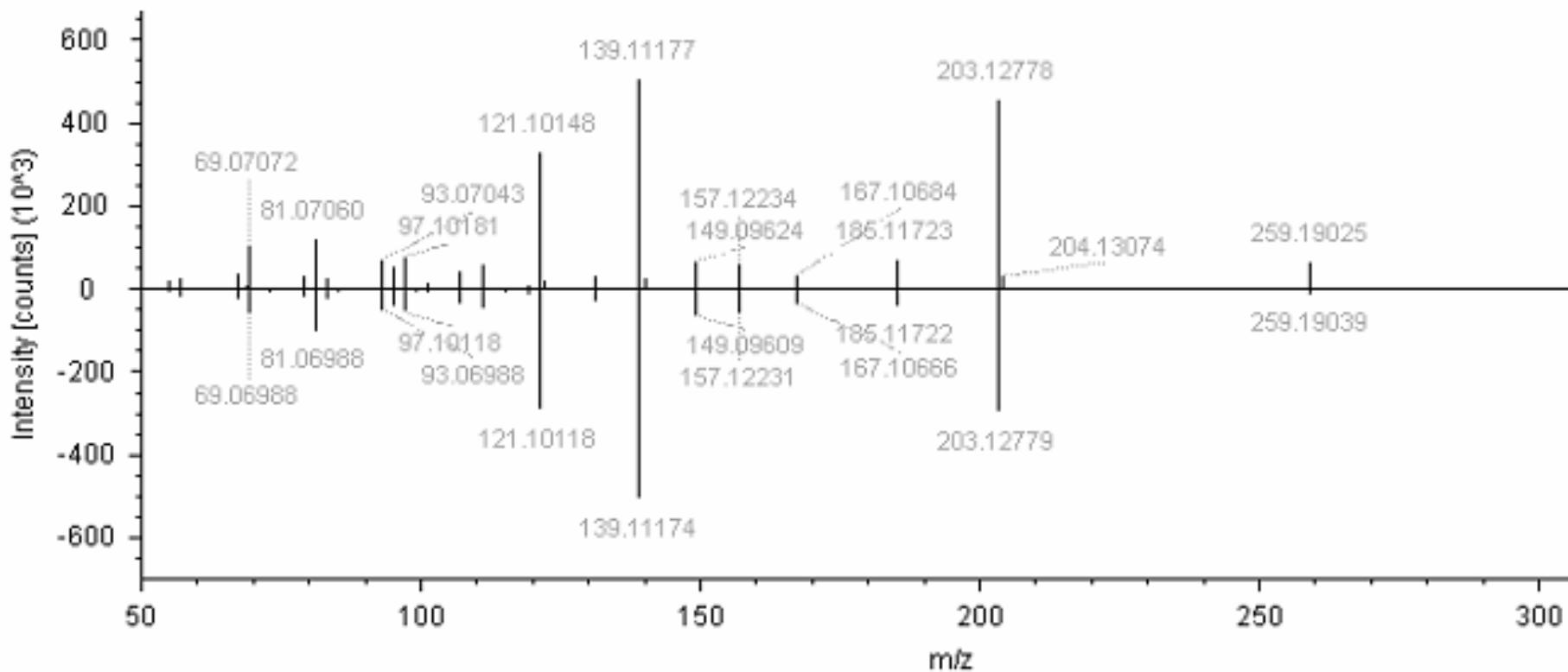


Automated Identification – Compound Discoverer



Data are directly mirror-plotted versus mzCloud

RAWFILE(top): Solvent_Blank_2, #8204, RT=29.612 min, FTMS (+), MS2 (HCD, DDF, 315.25@35.00, z=+1)
REFERENCE(bottom): mzCloud library C18 H34 O4 Dibutyl sebacate FTMS (+) MS2 (HCD 315.25@30.00)



Parallel identification through multiple reference sources

mzCloud Library Spectrum

The screenshot shows the mzCloud interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Reference Library' selected. A search bar at the top has 'Filter: 2658' and 'Results for 2658' listed. Below it, a search input field says 'Press enter to search'. A list of results for 'Dibutyl sebacate' is shown, including its CAS number (314-24571) and three Thermo Fisher reference sources. The main area displays a 'Recalibrated Spectrum' plot with peaks labeled at 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190. To the right is a 'Structure' panel showing the chemical structure of dibutyl sebacate.

ChemSpider Search Results

CSID	Checked	# References	Formula	Molecular Weight	Structure	Name
2649	<input type="checkbox"/>	69197	C23 H24 O4	364.16745		2,2-Propanediylidene bis(2-methylacrylate)
2650	<input type="checkbox"/>	90591	C11 H22 N2 O	198.17322		N-(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)acetamide
2651	<input type="checkbox"/>	20723	C10 H12 N2	160.10005		1-Ethyl-2-methyl-1H-benzimidazole
2652	<input type="checkbox"/>	17679	C11 H12 O2	176.08372		
2653	<input type="checkbox"/>	4445035	C15 H14 O2	226.09938		



E&L Library Results

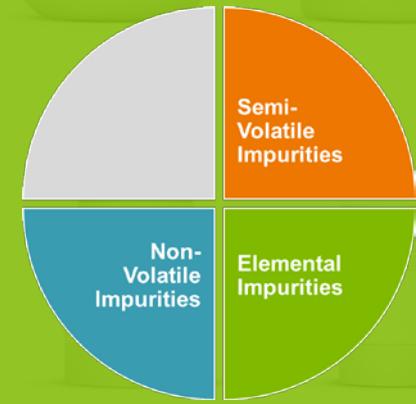
RT [min]	Compound Name	Annotation	Reference List Name
0.000	Triphenylphosphine oxide		Converted EandL_List_v1
0.000	Sebacic acid		Converted EandL_List_v1
0.000	4-[1-phenylethyl]-N-[4-(1-phenylbutyl)phenyl]benzylamine		Converted EandL_List_v1
0.000	(all-Z)-581114-Eicosatetraenoil		Converted EandL_List_v1
0.000	Dihexyl azelate		Converted EandL_List_v1

Components identified confidently

- Compound Discoverer allows rapid identification with confident searching of multiple databases in parallel
- Targeted search compounds can be easily confirmed.
- High confidence Orbitrap data (<1ppm) combine with mzCloud libraries

O-Ring Type	Study Solution	Peak ID	RT (min)	Measured (M+H) ⁺	Calculated (M+H)+	Elemental Composition	Error (PPM)	Name
Brown	WFI	1	1.3	173.0792		C6H14O4Na		PEG
Brown	WFI	2	1.5	217.1052		C8H18O5Na		PEG
Brown	WFI	3	1.8	261.1312		C10H22O6Na		PEG
Brown	WFI	4	3.5	171.0995		C7H16O3Na		Glycol ether
Brown	WFI	5	6.7	185.1152		C8H18O3Na		Glycol ether
Brown	WFI	6	9	277.1145		C19H18P		Diphenyl(phenylmethyl)phosphine (isomer?)
Brown	WFI	7	14.1	353.1458		C25H22P	1.5	2-(Diphenylphosphino)-2'-methylbiphenyl
Brown	WFI	8	14.3	279.0936		C18H16OP	0.97	Triphenylphosphine oxide

Results – Elemental extractables



Elemental analysis

- Thermo Scientific™ iCAP Q™ Series ICP-MS

- Qcell™ technology for interference reduction
- Sub ppt detection limits
- >9 orders dynamic range
- Robust design to compete with almost any sample matrix
- Fully compliant Thermo Scientific™ Qtegra™ ISDS software
- Automatic- dilution
- Full USP 233 & ICH Q3D method capabilities



iCAP Q ICP-MS Instrument Configuration



- Measurement Mode:
 - KED; pure He @ 4.5 mL min⁻¹
 - Internal standard added online
 - 30ppb Sc, 10 ppb Ga, Y and Lu in 2% HNO₃ (4% EtOH added for 50% EtOH samples)

Sc, Y, Ga discovered in extra pure water.

Analysis and QC checks following USP 233

- Calibration Range: between 1000-fold and 10-fold dilution of lower limit
 - **R² better than 0.99**
- Sensitivity Verification: Analysis @ 0.5x lower limit
 - **±30% of prepared concentration**
- Accuracy Check: Spike recovery of a 0.2 mg/L solution after complete sample acidification routine
 - **±20% of expected concentration**
- Drift Check: Standard 2 (500x dilution) was analyzed every 10 samples
 - **±30% of prepared concentration**

Quality data, automatically tested

Results Water and 5M NaCl

- Reported is concentration in undiluted sample solution
- Most elements were not detectable

	Water					5M NaCl					
	^{63}Cu	^{66}Zn	^{111}Cd	^{123}Sb	^{208}Pb	^{56}Fe	^{63}Cu	^{66}Zn	^{75}As	^{123}Sb	^{208}Pb
	$\text{ng}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$										
Black	-	0.64	0.022	-	0.03	0.05	0.011	0.71	-	0.002	0.001
White	0.007	-	-	0.002	0.09	0.007	0.008	0.08	-	0.009	0.005
Brown	-	-	-	-	-	0.015	-	0.005	-	0.007	0.0002
Red	0.004	-	0.006	-	0.02	0.01	0.018	0.026	0.1	0.04	-

Results 100% EtOH

- Reported is concentration in undiluted sample solution
- Most elements were not detectable

	100% EtOH						50% EtOH					
	^{63}Cu		^{66}Zn	^{111}Cd	^{123}Sb	^{208}Pb	^{63}Cu	^{66}Zn	^{111}Cd	^{123}Sb	^{208}Pb	
	$\text{ng}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$											
E36092	-		0.03	-	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	
FF3502	-		-	-	0.41	-	-	-	-	-	-	
HF355-2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
S 11382	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Drift Check

- 6.5 hour run, 100 samples, 11 drift checks

Analyte	Av. Recovery [%]	RSD [%]
7Li	100.9	4.2
9Be	100.9	9.2
51V	99.0	1.2
52Cr	99.2	1.8
55Mn	92.9	0.8
59Co	95.0	0.7
60Ni	98.5	1.3
63Cu	99.4	1.3
66Zn	97.6	0.8
75As	100.1	4.8
78Se	97.7	2.7
95Mo	97.6	1.4
101Ru	97.6	1.6

Analyte	Av. Recovery [%]	RSD [%]
103Rh	99.2	1.6
105Pd	95.7	3.1
111Cd	97.0	4.0
115In	93.7	1.0
121Sb	102.0	2.5
182W	100.0	2.6
189Os	95.0	2.6
193Ir	100.3	1.5
195Pt	99.4	1.4
202Hg	96.4	1.7
205Tl	97.6	12.6
208Pb	98.1	1.3



Summary – Extractable workflow



Summary

- GC & LC Orbitrap have superior HRAM, enabling confident identification of extractable unknowns.
- Empowering software workflows simplify and automate the process of complex identification.
- Free cloud libraries allow quick qualification of unknowns.
- Analysis of elemental impurities at the lowest levels is possible with iCAP Q.



Webinars – SAVE THE DATES

1. Testing for leachables in pharmaceutical contact closure materials; a complete ICP-MS, GC-MS & LC-MS workflow.

- Wednesday 4th November 2015 | 10:30 EST 16:30 CET
- Dr. Andrew Feilden, Chemistry Operations Director, Smithers Rapra

2. Using GC & LC Orbitrap mass spectrometry to confidently identify leached packaging and process impurities.

- Wednesday 2nd December 2015 | 10:30 EST 16:30 CET
- Dr. Kate Comstock & Mr. Dominic Roberts, Thermo Fisher Scientific

bit.ly/IdentifyLeachables



E&L Resources

- Webinars
- Applications
- Blogs
- Regulatory updates
- White papers
- And more...

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the Thermo Fisher Extractables and Leachables page. The page has a dark header with the Thermo Fisher logo and navigation links for Products, Communities, Services, Support, and About Us. A search bar is at the top right. The main content area features a large image of three vials with the heading "Extractables and Leachables" and the sub-headline "No more unknowns". Below this, there is a detailed description of how plastic materials can leach into pharmaceutical products and the analytical methods used to identify these contaminants. To the left, there's a sidebar with categories like Pharma and Biopharma, and to the right, there are promotional boxes for EBL Europe, m/z CLOUD, and a history of GC-MS.

www.thermoscientific.com/Leachables

Thank you

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