

How to adapt difficult calculations in Clarity

Application example of setting customized calculations in Clarity for evaluating Artemisinin assay and content of impurities in Artemisinin. This application note illustrates how to calculate results directly in Clarity therefore avoiding the use of external calculation tools such as Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice/LibreOffice Calc.

Introduction

Clarity chromatography station covers wide range of standard chromatographic calculations of concentrations of the unknown substances in samples based on calibration curve. However it is also well suited to perform calculations based on external equations. Performing the calculations (for example from pharmacopoeias) in Clarity is more convenient than using external calculation tools (such as MS Excel) and it is also preferred by auditing bodies. This application note demonstrates the capabilities of Clarity Chromatography Software in relation to creation of customized calculations.

Tools for custom calculations in Clarity

Let's imagine that we need to determine assay of artemisinin and content of impurities in artemisinin. For these purposes we will use two equations which are stated in pharmacopoeia and use them in Clarity. The first equation is mandatory for determination of an assay of the artemisinin and the other equation is used for determination of the contents of impurities.

Percent content, C , of artemisinin

$$C = \frac{PA_T \times m_R \times C_R}{PA_R \times m_T}$$

- PA_T Peak area of artemisinin in the test solution
 m_R Mass of artemisinin in the reference solution in mg
 PA_R Peak area of artemisinin in the reference solution
 m_T Mass of test substance in mg
 C_R Concentration of the reference substance

Fig. 1 – Equation for artemisinin assay determination.

$$I = \frac{PA_T \times m_R \times Z_i \times 100}{PA_R \times m_T}$$

- PA_T Peak area of artemisinin, 9-epi-artemisinin or any unspecified impurity in the test solution
 m_R Mass of artemisinin in the reference solution in mg
 Z_i UV response factor
- | impurity | UV response factor (Z_i) |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Artemisinin | 0.03 |
| 9-epi-artemisinin | 0.8 |
| unspecified | 1.00 |

- PA_R Peak area of artemisinin in reference solution
 m_T Mass of test substance in mg

Total the values obtained for any unspecified impurity
 Total the values obtained for all impurities
 Disregard values < 0.05% (reporting limit)

Fig. 2 – Equation for determination of the content of impurities

The first equation defines how to determine percent content (assay) of artemisinin, on the figure 3 is displayed result calculated in Clarity. In order to be able to perform such calculations in Clarity you need to prepare related calibration. In this case the calibration is called "Assay" and its detailed setting can be reviewed in the figure 6. It is necessary to insert

specific amount (mass) of the test substance into Amount ① field on the right side of Chromatogram window. The correctness of the calculations in Clarity was verified against the same calculations done in MS Excel. The result sheet from MS Excel can be downloaded from following link: [Custom-calculations-in-Clarity-data.zip](#).

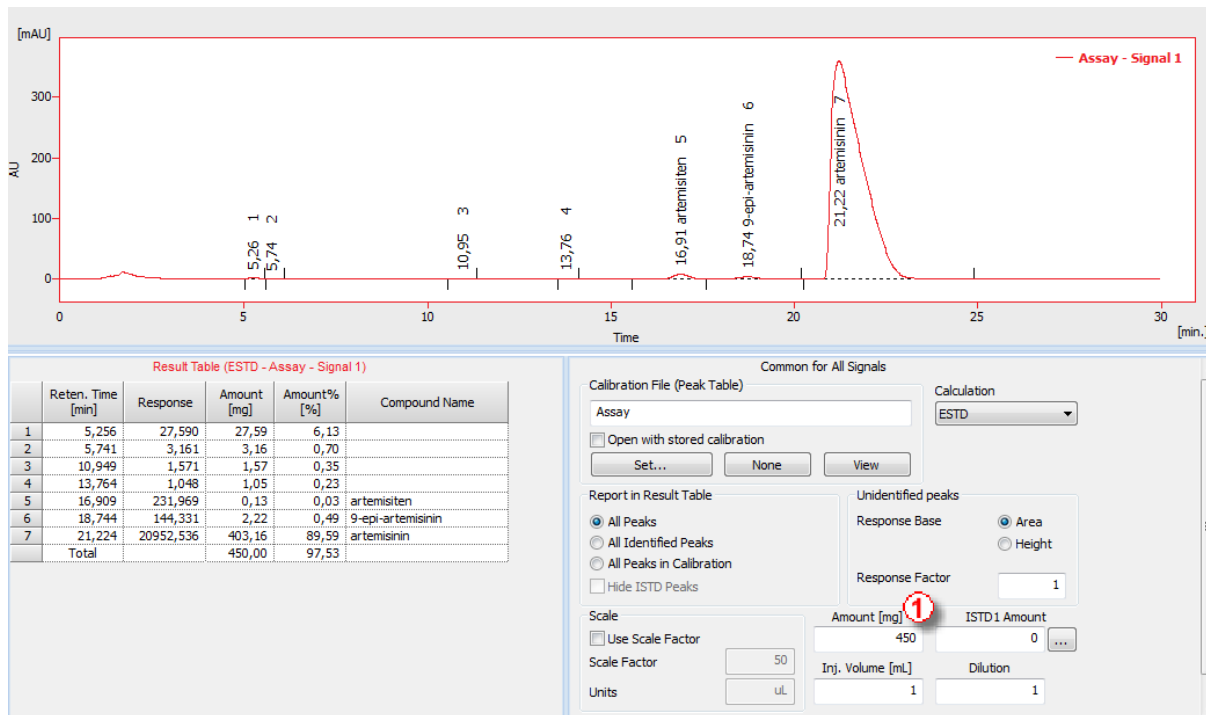


Fig. 3 – Customized assay calculation

The second equation defines determination of the percentage content of artemisiten, 9-epi-artemisinin and all other unspecified impurities. This equation introduces response factors that can be set in calibration file as correction factors ②. The correction factors are about to be set in the respective calibration file, in this case the calibration file is called "Impurities". As the impurities content calculation is related to artemisinin it is necessary to add this relation into calibration file. This can be done when applying "Calculated By" ③ column where is about to be selected artemisinin as a calculation basis. See the setting of the related calibration file on the figure 4.

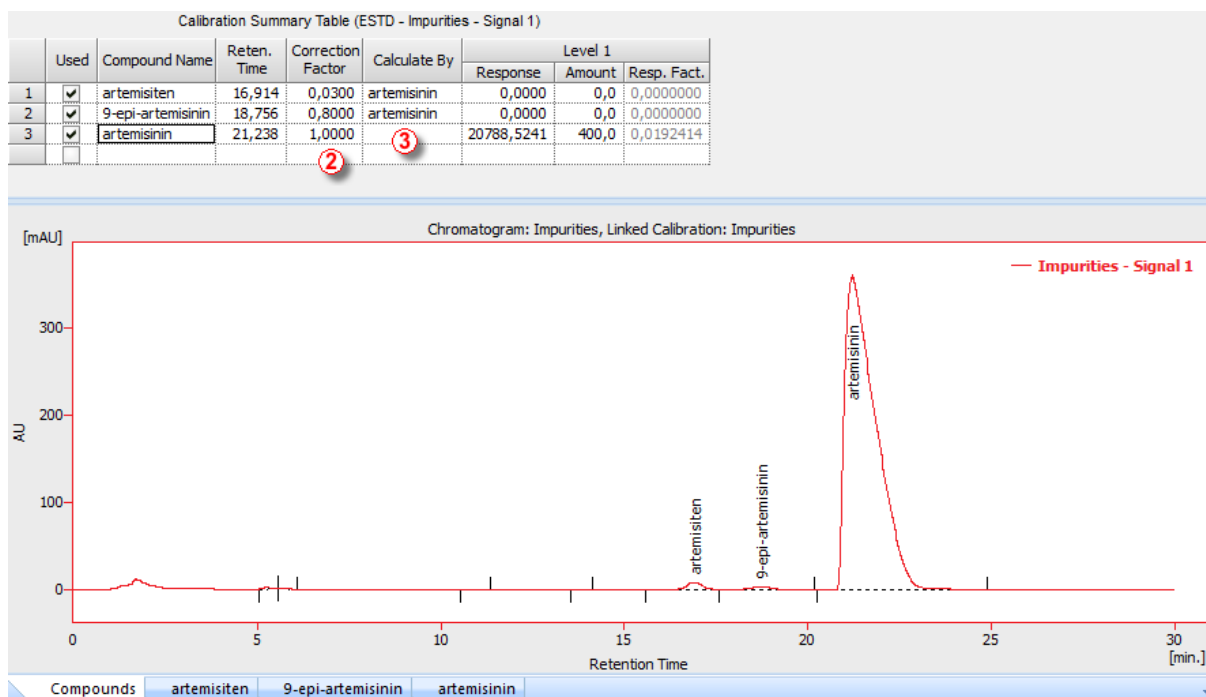


Fig. 4 – Calibration for percent content determination of the impurities.

This calibration should be linked to the sample chromatogram and it is necessary to amend a couple more settings within the chromatogram window to make Clarity to calculate in correspondence with given equation. The adjustments should be inserted in the calculation pane on the right side of the result table. It is necessary to fill in the sample weight in the Amount ① field. As a calculation basis of the given equation is artemisinin substance it is necessary to copy the response factor of the artemisinin substance from the chromatogram Result Table (Response Factor column ④ a) to the Response Factor field ④ b) in the Calculation pane. The described setting is shown on the figure 5.

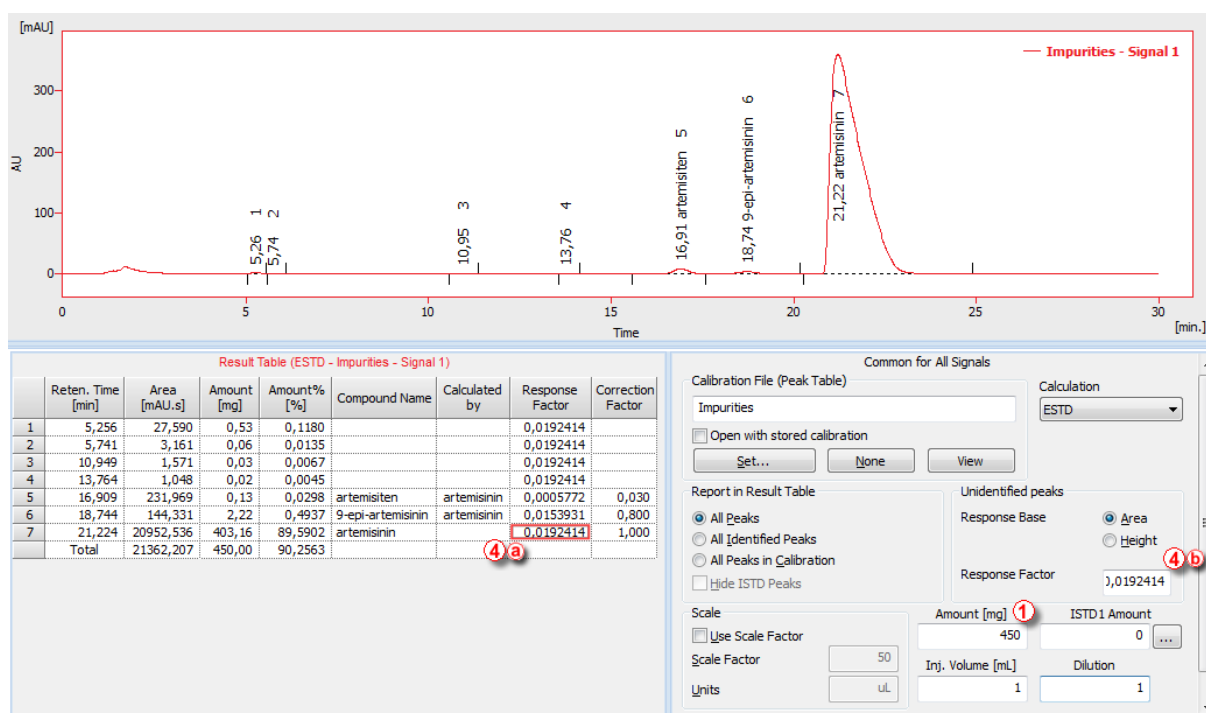


Fig. 5 – Calculated results for percent content determination of the impurities

We have again verified the correctness of the calculations in Clarity against the same calculations done in MS Excel. The results can be reviewed on the figure 7 or in available Excel sheet that can be downloaded from the following link: [Custom-calculations-in-Clarity-data.zip](#).

Conclusion

We have demonstrated that Clarity is equipped with powerful tools for creating customized calculations even based on difficult external equations. This approach can be utilized in order to avoid usage of external calculation tools that may be difficult to be accepted for example by auditing bodies in specific industries such as pharmaceutical industry.

Author

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Excel

Calibration - Double injection of standard solution

	Reten. Time [min]	Area [mAU.s]	Response (Area)
1 st STD	21,24	20785,0545	20788,5241 = ∅
2 nd STD	21,24	20791,9937	

C_R → 100
 m_R → 400

Sample - Data from chromatogram

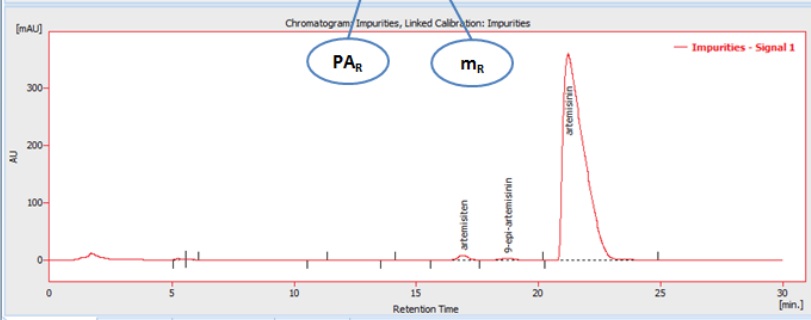
	Reten. Time [min]	Area [mAU.s]	Amount [mg]	Amount% [%]	Compound Name
1	5,256	27,590	27,590	6,13	
2	5,741	3,161	3,161	0,70	
3	10,949	1,571	1,571	0,35	
4	13,764	1,048	1,048	0,23	
5	16,909	231,970	0,134	0,03	Artemisiten
6	18,744	144,331	2,222	0,49	9-epi-artemisinin
7	21,224	20952,536	403,156	89,59	artemisinin
Total		21362,207	450		

PA_T → 21362,207
 m_T → 450
 C → 89,59

Clarity

Instrument 1 - Calibration Assay <-- ESTD

Used	Compound Name	Reten. Time	Left Window	Right Window	Resp. Factor	Response	Amount	Resp. Fact.
✓	artemisenin	16,914	0,200 min	0,200 min	0,0000	0,0000	0,0	0,00000000
✓	9-epi-artemisinin	18,756	0,200 min	0,200 min	0,0000	0,0000	0,0	0,00000000
✓	artemisinin	21,238	0,200 min	0,200 min	0,0000	20788,5241	400,0	0,0192414



PA_R → 20788,5241
 m_R → 400

PA_T → 20952,536
 m_T → 450
 C → 89,59

Reten. Time [min]	Response	Amount [mg]	Amount% [%]	Compound Name
1	5,256	27,590	27,59	6,13
2	5,741	3,161	3,16	0,70
3	10,949	1,571	1,57	0,35
4	13,764	1,048	1,05	0,23
5	16,909	231,969	0,13	0,03 artemisiten
6	18,744	144,331	2,22	0,49 9-epi-artemisinin
7	21,224	20952,536	403,16	89,59 artemisinin
Total		450,00	97,53	

PA_T → 20952,536
 m_T → 450
 C → 89,59

C_R → 100
 m_R → 400

Original equation

Percent content, C, of artemisinin

$$C = \frac{PA_T \times m_R \times C_R}{PA_R \times m_T}$$

PA_T Peak area of artemisinin. in the test solution
 m_R Mass of artemisinin in the reference solution in mg
 PA_R Peak area of artemisinin in the reference solution
 m_T Mass of test substance in mg
 C_R Concentration of the reference substance

Fig. 6 – Artemisinin assay determination – calculation scheme

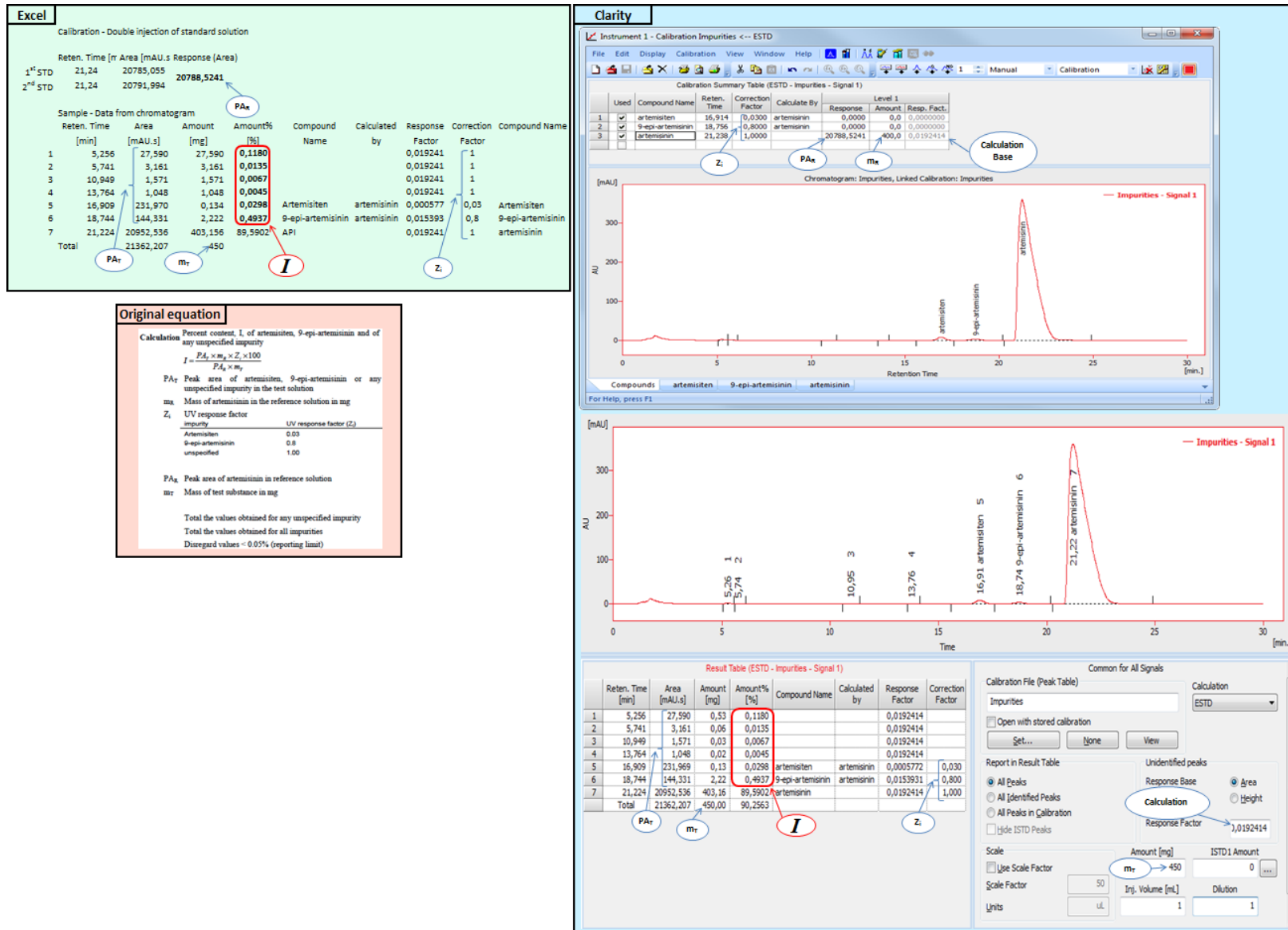


Fig. 7 – Percent content of impurities determination – calculation scheme